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Soviet Forces in Central Sector Still Advancing

London, Sept. 30.

WHILE there is no indication of any German advances anywhere on the vast Russian battle-front, Marshal Semyon Konstantinovitch Timoshenko's army in the Central sector is energetically following up a measurable success in the Smolensk sector, according to reports received in London today.

The latest Soviet communique again merely states that during the night of September 29 Soviet troops continued fighting the enemy along the entire front.

Reports from Moscow state that the tank and motorized divisions of General Guderian, Nazi, "blitz" expert, were smashed and repulsed near Briansk (about 150 miles south-east of Smolensk) and are still in full retreat. Since their initial success, two more villages have fallen to the Russians, and the Germans, having failed to hold them by rear-guard action, are falling back toward the south-west. Moscow goes on to say that the highway and villages retaken by the Russians in this sector are littered with the wreckage of German tanks.

General Guderian's plan was apparently to take Roslavl (about 70 miles south-east of Smolensk) and to attempt to break through toward Moscow, while the Nazi right wing was to swing south-eastward and take Kursk (300 miles south-south-west of Moscow). But Marshal Timoshenko's counter-offensive preceded these intentions. Blows were struck at the Germans over a front of 60 miles, and this battlefield is stated to have been turned into a tank cemetery which daily grows larger.

A Russian officer says that 13 German divisions were routed, and he estimates that German casualties must have been 20,000 men. These figures, however, have not been confirmed by Moscow, and while this local success is extremely encouraging it must be borne in mind that Marshal Timoshenko's advance is slow when compared with the original thrust by the Germans towards Moscow.

In other sectors of the 2,000-mile front, the main interest centres on Leningrad in the north-west. A seven-day tank battle in this area is reported from Moscow. One Russian tank unit is claimed to have destroyed 12 enemy tanks, and enemy long-range guns and other vital equipment were put out of action.

In the Crimea, where a land and air *Blitzkrieg* is expected, there is nothing fresh to report.

In the air, Moscow radio reports today that a second squadron of the Royal Air Force is now operating on the eastern front in association with the Russian Air Force. Twenty-six German planes were shot down in two days, 17 of them by the British. Only two machine—one Russian and one British—were lost.

During Sunday and yesterday, the defenders of Leningrad forced a number of "inhabited places," states the latest telephoned dispatch from Leningrad to Moscow. Soviet troops still retain the initiative, the message adds.

More than 1,000 men of the German 269th Division were killed and wounded in one day's fighting when a German attack was staved off. A despatch to the Soviet army newspaper, Red Star,, states that Soviet troops recaptured the small town of "S" in the approaches to Leningrad. They forced a crossing of a river, which is not named, and captured the town, which lies on the river bank, hurling the enemy back a considerable distance and destroying a whole regiment. The attack was made by a regiment led by "Hero of the Soviet Union" Krasnokutsky.—Reuter.

Success in South Reported

London, Sept. 30.

The Russians drove back the Germans between two towns in the southern sector of the eastern front, inflicting 2,000 dead and the Red advance was continuing, Moscow radio announced today.—United Press.

Great Importance Attached to Talks In Moscow

By Reuter's Special Correspondent

Moscow, Sept. 30.

Moscow yesterday morning looked rather like London on a dreary November day, but a gay fire blazed at the British Embassy as Lord Beaverbrook was about to leave for the opening of the conference between Britain, Russia and the United States. Lord Beaverbrook, chief British delegate to the conference seemed to be in his usual high spirits.

There was an enormous amount of coming and going at the Embassy and some impression was given of the importance attached to the conference, on which the successful progress of the war largely depends.

Talks with Stalin

Already, on Sunday night, the heads of the delegations, together with the British and American Ambassadors, had in the presence of M. Molotov and M. Litvinov—the latter acting as interpreter—conferred for three and a quarter hours with M. Stalin.

The exact scope of the conference cannot yet be discussed, and it is quite probable that the exact results will not be disclosed at any time—the Germans are only too anxious to know the details—but, naturally, the conference is dealing with possible direct military aid, as already visible from the participation of the Russian front of the R.A.F., short-term and long-term supplies, and the all important, and not easy question of transport and routes for such supplies.

Large Supplies Wanted

The satisfactory outcome of the conference is a factor of the first importance for Russian morale. British Tank Week has created a good impression here, but, as M. S. A. Lozovsky, chief of the Soviet Information Bureau, pointed out in a message to the press, what is wanted is not one week, but many weeks. Typical of the Russian standpoint is Lozovsky's phrase about the whole brunt of the German war-machine falling on Russia.—Reuter.

American Tar Believed Drowned in Whangpoo

River Police officers continued to drag the Whangpoo River late last night in an attempt to find the body of John Paul Tansky, 23-year old member of an American President Lines vessel, who fell into the river about 7 p.m. on Monday. Up to a late hour last night, no trace of the man was reported.

Tansky fell into the Whangpoo River together with another seaman, Thomas LaHart, when they were returning to their steamer on board the Marie Moller.

An alarm was immediately raised and LaHart was rescued by a Chinese seaman on board the tender, but before help could be given to Tansky, he disappeared in the wake of the boat, it was reported. The missing seaman is a native of Pennsylvania and was on his first trip to China.

Punjab Premier Pays Tribute to Wavell

London, Sept. 30.

A tribute to the brilliant leadership of General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of India, was paid last night by Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab.

Sir Sikander said that the war was coming nearer to India and but for the magnificent Russian stand and the timely British action in Iran, Iraq and Syria it might now have spread right to India's borders.

The Premier also paid tribute to Turkey's steadfast stand against Nazi threats and said that India was fortunate to have a leader of Sir Archibald Wavell's calibre.—Reuter.

Churchill Asks Big Sacrifices For Russia

London, Sept. 30.

Great Britain must make "sacrifices of the most serious kind" to send material aid to Russia, asserted the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill in the House of Commons today.

Enormous new installations or conversions of plant must be made in the United States to supply Russia's war needs, he stated.

The Prime Minister revealed that shipping losses in the past three months amounted only to one-third of the losses during the preceding three months.

Following is a summary of the Prime Minister's 37-minute review of the war situation.

Most Extreme Effort

The British and American delegates to the Moscow talks have a "clear and full knowledge of what we are able to give Russia month by month from now onwards.

"I must say at once," Mr. Churchill declared, "that in order to enable Russia to remain indefinitely in the field as a first-class war-making power, sacrifices of the most serious kind and a most extreme effort must be made by the British people and enormous new installations or conversions from existing plant must be set up in the United States."

Mr. Churchill announced the forthcoming publication of a "new and loyal alliance made by Great Britain and Russia with Persia, which will associate the Persian people with us in the future movement of the war."

Warning the British people that "winter affords no assurance that German pressure will be relaxed," he continued: "We must certainly expect that in the coming spring, very heavy fighting, much heavier than any we have yet experienced in this war, will develop in the east, and also that the menace to these islands from invasion will present itself in a very sharp form."

Chinese Spirit Raised

The House of Commons cheered loudly when the Prime Minister referred to the devoted Russian armies and the inexhaustible spirit of the Chinese race.

Expressing surprise that Hitler's threatened submarine offensive had failed to materialize, Mr. Churchill announced that losses of British, Allied and neutral merchant ships during July, August and September amounted only to one-third of the losses in the preceding three months of April, May and June. "During the same period, our slaughter of enemy shipping has been increasing by leaps and bounds." He asserted that very few important ships carrying munitions for the Allies had been lost. "We are now within measurable distance of that immense flood of American new construction which, together with our own, we look to carry us through 1942."

The Prime Minister was reviewing the war situation on the committee stage of a supplementary vote of credit for £1,000,000,000.

Nazi Silence

Mr. Churchill recalled that in June last he deprecated too frequent expositions of the Government's policy and reviews of the war situation by Ministers of the Crown. Anything which was said which was novel or strange would, of course, be studied attentively by the enemy and might help him in measuring our affairs. The House would have noticed how very silent Nazi leaders had been lately. For seven months, Hitler had said nothing about his war plans. What he blurted out in January and February certainly proved to be helpful to Britain.

Mr. Churchill recalled that Hitler then spoke of submarine warfare beginning in earnest in spring and the Luftwaffe and the entire German defence force bringing about an ultimate decision and also spoke of naval warfare, "such as the enemy has never expected," starting in March or April.

The Prime Minister said we were therefore led to expect increasing attacks upon our life-line of supplies. Certainly the Germans used ever larger forces of U-boats and long-range aircraft against our shipping, but our counter-measures, which had been undertaken in good time on the largest scale, proved very successful.

After remarking that he proposed to continue "the salutary practice" of not publishing statements on British shipping losses at regular monthly intervals, Mr. Churchill announced that losses by enemy action of British, Allied and neutral merchant ships during the quarter of July, August and September had been only one-third of the losses during the quarter of April, May and June (cheers).

Enemy Losses

"During the same period, our slaughter of enemy shipping, German and Italian, has been increasing by leaps and bounds. It is about one and a half times what it was in the previous three months."

"So we have at one end a reduction in our average monthly losses to about one-third and a simultaneous increase in the loss inflicted on the enemy of half as much again." These important results enabled Britain to take a more expensive view of her import programme. Very few important ships carrying munitions had been lost on their way.

Britain's reserves of food stood higher than they did at the outbreak of the war and far higher than they did a year or 18 months ago, Mr. Churchill revealed. The Minister of Food (Lord Woolton), who had a "pretty tough job," now found himself able to make some appreciable improvements in the basic rations of the whole country, and particularly quantities and varieties of meals for heavy workers during the coming winter (cheers). There would be better Christmas dinners this year than last year and more justification behind those dinners (cheers).

It seemed more likely now that they would bring in several million tons more than the mport total he had mentioned privately to the House earlier in the year—a total which itself was sufficient to keep them going. Britain was now within measurable distance of an immense flow of America's new building to which, with Britain's own construction, they looked to carry them through 1942 and on progressively to the end of the war.—Reuter.

Nazi Ultimatum to Bulgaria Reported

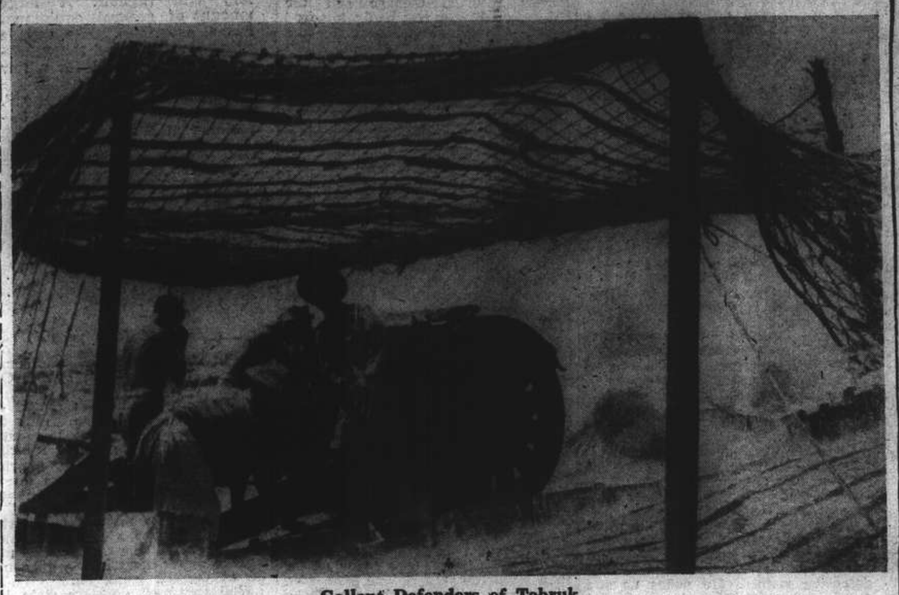
Ankara, Sept. 30.

Hitler is reported to have handed King Boris of Bulgaria a final demand to send an army corps to the Soviet front.—Reuter.

Censure Motion Against Fadden Government

Canberra, Sept. 30.

The Labour Party has decided to move what is equivalent to a censure motion against the Government of Mr. Arthur W. Fadden on the budget in the House of Representatives tomorrow.—Reuter.



Gallant Defenders of Tobruk

Near the wire, within easy range of the enemies' guns, is a group of men whose part in the defence of Tobruk is as unique as it is invaluable. Infantry all, they brought in several Italian 75 guns, repaired those which needed it, dug gun positions and formed gun crews. They found ample ammunition to feed the guns, and later when the enemy attempted to take a forward position, fired eleven hundred rounds into the enemy's lines in the course of two hours. This picture, taken during the actual "alarm," shows this Australian "bush battery" in action.

Stettin, Hamburg Heavily Bombed by R.A.F.

London, Sept. 30.

STETTIN, the large port on the Baltic, from which the Germans supply their armies, which are now attacking Leningrad, and Hamburg, the second largest city in Germany and the centre of her shipbulding industry, were hammered by bombers of the Royal Air Force last night.

To bomb Stettin, the aircraft had to do a round flight of about 1,200 miles. Hamburg was last raided a fortnight ago, when more than 200 British heavy bombers carried out widespread raids on Germany with the port as the main objective.

An Air Ministry communique this morning states: "Stettin, Germany's most important port on the Baltic, was attacked last night by a powerful force of the Bomber Command. Large fires were left burning. Another strong force bombed the dock area of Hamburg.

"Subsidiary attacks were made on docks at Cherbourg and Le Havre.

"Eight of our bombers are missing. One of our aircraft shot down an enemy twin-engined fighter and drove off another in a damaged condition.

"The Fighter Command carried out offensive patrols over enemy aerodromes, from which two fighters are missing. In a dusk attack at Lannion, dispersal points and a gun position were raked with cannon and machine-gun fire and an enemy bomber set on fire."

Lannion is situated on the north coast of Brittany, North-western France.

Scottish Town Bombed

A few enemy aircraft flew over this country on Monday night, says a communique issued by the Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security. Bombs were dropped by single aircraft at a town in north-east Scotland.

Some houses were demolished and several people killed. Activity was mainly restricted to eastern coastal districts of England and Scotland.—Reuter.

Raid On Berlin Reported

Berlin, Sept. 30.

"The enemy last night flew into the north German coastal area, a few planes penetrating to the environs of the German capital," states today's German High Command communique.—Reuter.

Italy Bombed

London, Sept. 30.

Royal Air Force warplanes smashed at Genoa, Turin and other indus-

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 1 *)

Pope Urges No Bombing of Rome

Vatican City, Sept. 30.

A High Vatican source declared yesterday in connection with the series of British air raids on Italy that Pope Pius XII had asked President Roosevelt to use his influence to prevent any possibly air raid on Rome.

The request was carried by Mr. Myron C. Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal representative to the Holy See, who is now en route to the United States.

According to this source, the Pope told Mr. Taylor that any bombing of Rome might turn the entire Catholic world against the attackers.—United Press.

Taylor's Many Conferences

London, Sept. 30.

Mr. Myron C. Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal representative to the Vatican, left for the United States yesterday after conferring with highest American diplomatic officials and British leaders.

Mr. Taylor conferred with Mr. John G. Winant, Ambassador to Britain, Mr. Anthony Drexel Biddle, Ambassador to the Allied Countries, and Mr. David Gray, Minister to Eire who unexpectedly came from Dublin yesterday.

It was believed that Mr. Taylor, who conferred with the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, on Sunday has a confidential message from Pope Pius XII for President Roosevelt.

No Peace Overtures

It was rumoured that there was some world-wide plan of action by the Catholic Church under discussion although it was not likely the Church would inaugurate peace overtures. In this connection, it was noted that Mr. William C. Phillips, United States Ambassador to Italy, was scheduled to leave Rome for home soon, but official announcements said his trip was of a routine nature.

There were some reports also that Mr. Taylor may be bearing a message to American Catholics from the Holy Father concerning the Russo-German war in view of American confusion due to the consistent anti-communist stand of the Vatican.—United Press.

Anti-Bombing Bill Is Introduced in U.S.

Washington, Sept. 30.

Representative Andrew J. May, Democrat of Kentucky, yesterday introduced a bill into the House authorizing appropriation of funds to the Civilian Defence Director to provide adequate protection in United States territories and possessions against bombing attacks.

The Philippine Islands would fall under such a classification.—United Press.

13 Italian Planes Lost In Attack on Convoy

London, Sept. 30.

Thirteen Italian warplanes, including ten torpedo bombers, were destroyed during an Italian attack on an important British convoy in the Mediterranean, which was reported yesterday to have reached its destination with the loss of one merchant ship, it is learned in authoritative quarters.

It is also learned that the British warship which was slightly damaged was the battleship Nelson. She was hit by one torpedo and had her speed slightly reduced, but there were no casualties. British losses were three naval fighter aircraft.—Reuter.

Article Against Mrs. Clarke Withdrawn

Peiping, Sept. 30.

The local Japanese paper "Toa Shimpo" today published a statement withdrawing the article of September 12 containing a scurrilous attack on Mrs. Clarke, Japanese-born wife of the British Press Attache in Peiping, who was released on Sunday after several days' captivity in the hands of Japanese extremists.

The paper also apologised for the trouble caused the Clarkes by its publication.

Mrs. Clarke disappeared shortly after appearance of the article. According to a Japanese Embassy statement last week, Japanese extremists, incensed after reading the article, kidnapped her.—Reuter.

Chinese Still Claim to Hold Changsha

Chungking, Sept. 30.

A telephone message received direct from Changsha this morning states that the situation there remains unchanged, with the Chinese still holding intact their line to the north of the city, according to Chinese circles here.

The message is stated to have added that heavy fighting raged all night long on all fronts, with the Chinese and Japanese forces locked in the area between the Mi and Laotao rivers in a desperate battle, the outcome of which will determine the fate of Changsha.

General Hsueh Yo, Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese forces on the Hunan front, telegraphed: "Our plan to draw the Japanese into the area to the north-east of Changsha for annihilation operations is now realized. Not only Changsha is in our hands, but the Japanese forces are encircled by our troops. The Japanese are running short of supplies and foodstuffs. Within a few days they will be liquidated."

Well-informed Chinese quarters here are of the opinion that the fate of Changsha will be determined within a week.

The Chinese have been most cautious in releasing information concerning Changsha, and are trying their utmost to give an accurate picture of the situation.

Japanese Claim Ridiculed

Prior to the press conference yesterday afternoon, Mr. Wang Shihchieh, Minister of Information, personally telephoned General Hsueh Yo to obtain the latest news and developments.

As the Chinese military spokesman pointed out, the fall or retention of Changsha is not important compared with the outcome of the battle, so the Chinese have no reason to give wrong information in this connection.

A Chinese despatch from Changsha today said that the "Chinese authorities in Changsha keenly awaited the arrival of the Japanese-sponsored foreign press party yesterday, but the party failed to show up, which was disappointing, since the Chinese were prepared to give them a warm reception."

The Chinese military authorities today ridiculed the Japanese allegation that they had occupied Chuchow, stating that the nearest Japanese troops are at least 40 miles to the north of the city.

A Changsha message says that on the night of September 28/29 another Japanese unit reached the north-eastern outskirts of Changsha but were again rounded up and dealt with by the Chinese.

An unconfirmed Chinese report claims that two Japanese division commanders have been killed in action, Major-General Kitano, Commander of the 4th Division, and Major-General Toyoshima, Commander of the 3rd Division. Both are said to have been killed in the fighting to the north of Changsha. The

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 5 *)

Japanese Refute Chinese Claim

Not only did the Deputy Army spokesman at the Japanese Press Conference yesterday refute the Chinese claims that they were still in possession of Changsha, but he added that such a statement was fanciful and that there was now not a single Chinese soldier remaining in the city after the Japanese occupation,

Revision or Repeal of Neutrality Act to be Discussed on Tuesday

Hyde Park, Sept. 30.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt yesterday asked Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, to confer with him at the White House in Washington at 10 a.m. on Tuesday to prepare the final outline of a draft programme to revise or repeal the Neutrality Act.

President Roosevelt will confer with Congressional leaders Wednesday when the first definite information on the subject is expected.

Both President Roosevelt and Mr. Hull have advocated changes in the law which prevents American ships from travelling into so-called combat zones and prevents the arming of American vessels.—United Press.

Modification Might be Easier

Washington, Sept. 30.

President Roosevelt is expected to return to Washington from his Hyde Park Estate tomorrow to confer with Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, regarding the best method of making a move towards the arming of merchant ships, which is now forbidden by the Neutrality Act.

Congressional leaders will discuss the question on Wednesday. There has been no definite indication as to how far the administration is likely to go at present in erasing the Neutrality Act, although there have been hints that a modification might be more easily obtained than a full repeal.

This might be a determining factor in fixing the course the administration will ultimately follow. The Act not only forbids the arming of merchant ships, but bans such vessels from entering combat zones.

Hull Favours Modification

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, told a press conference yesterday afternoon that he favoured modification rather than repeal of the Neutrality Act.

Replying to a question as to whether the Administration proposed to seek outright repeal of the Act, or merely the elimination of certain features, Mr. Hull referred to a statement he made last week that the moment is ripe for lifting the restrictions imposed by the Act. He added that he had tried to indicate then that he favoured modification, but that this was something which must be discussed in conference with Congressmen.

Asked whether he saw any significance in the recent increase in rebellious activities in occupied countries, Hull said that reliable reports indicated that sufficient people were being starved, shot, or imprisoned without cause, to make him hesitate to risk adding to the number by any statement he might make.

The Secretary of State told the press conference that the suggestion that the entire United States munitions output for three months should be diverted to Britain and Russia had not been brought to his attention.

Meanwhile the Chairman of the House Military Committee, Mr. Andrew J. May, stated that he believed that this should be done, but added that he had no official information that such a diversion was being considered.

It is reported in congressional quarters that Mr. Hull plans to ask President Roosevelt to recommend the virtual scrapping of the Neutrality Act.

Congressional circles close to Mr. Wendell Willkie, former presidential candidate, said he advised them he would support any move to relax the Neutrality Act and quoted him as saying that the "law should never have been enacted—it ought to be changed now."—Reuter.

U.S. Waiting Next Axis Move

Portsmouth, Virginia, Sept. 30.

"It is not up to us whether we get into the war—it is up to the other fellow," declared Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of the Navy, at a

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Smuts Says U.S. to Be in War Soon

Johannesburg, Sept. 30.

General Jan C. Smuts, South African Premier, reiterated his belief that the United States would enter the war during a speech delivered during the week-end.

"Probably I should not be saying this in public, but I am going to say it," he declared. "I have no doubt whatever that the time is very near when America will be with us in this war, hands and feet."—United Press.

Seas Partially Free of Nazi Menace—Wickard

Memphis, (Tennesee), Sept. 30.

"We have partially freed the seas of the Nazi menace; before we have finished, the seas will be completely free," Mr. Claude Wickard, United States Secretary of Agriculture, told a meeting of agricultural leaders of the southern states yesterday, adding that American food would continue to reach Britain.

"Already we have shipped or bought for England about half a billion dollars worth, and within the next year we expect to ship or buy at least another billion dollars worth."

Declaring that America must do her part in feeding hungry Europe when Hitler is beaten, Mr. Wickard said: "We must do it for humanitarian reasons. We must do it for particular reasons. Since we have got to help to clean up this mess, we might as well make a good job of it, for it is a little too much to ask the United States to go through this sort of thing every 25 years. This time let us not only win the war, let us win the peace too."—Reuter.

French Paper on Turkey's Position

Lyons, Sept. 29.

The return to Ankara of Baron Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, places Turkey once again in the international limelight, "Le Temps" declared in an editorial today.

"It is true that since she has been trying to maintain a policy of neutrality and non-belligerency with war unleashed across all her frontiers, Turkey has become used to a dangerous life," the paper added. "But her attempts to maintain a balance have been so successful until now that President Ismet Inonu will not think of giving the present policy up unless forced to by circumstances of exceptional gravity."

Nazis Deny Rumours

"Rumours that the return of Baron von Papen will cause the Axis powers to take an important political initiative towards Turkey are formally denied in German quarters," the paper went on. "It may be pointed out that when the German Ambassador left his post a few weeks ago it was believed in some quarters that he would not return and that German-Turkish relations would undergo a change. The Ambassador is now returning to his post at a time when Turkish-German economic negotiations are progressing favourably and an agreement is in sight. It is difficult to believe that Baron von Papen will exert diplomatic pressure upon Turkey which might jeopardize the economic results obtained, to which Berlin attaches the greatest importance."—Havas Telemondial.

Three Detained I.R.A. Members Are Arrested

London, Sept. 30.

Three members of the Irish Republican Army, detained at an internment at Peel, Isle of Man, were arrested yesterday, it was learned today. It is alleged that they were concerned in the construction of a tunnel through which they intended to escape. The tunnel was skilfully engineered, even to the installation of electric light.

The three I.R.A. men were removed from the camp by the police but were brought back at midnight and are stated to be in the camp prison. Extra guards were on duty last night.—Reuter.

Fullest Aid to Soviet Russia Pledged at Moscow Conference

Moscow, Sept. 30.

GREAT Britain and the United States yesterday reiterated their pledges to extend fullest support to Soviet Russia against Nazi Germany as representatives of the three nations were in session for 2½ hours in the first meeting of their momentous conference.

Leaders of the three delegations, according to official communiques, urged that Committees rush work on details of the programme to be drawn up since speed was essential. The Committees were ordered to begin work immediately, while the session itself was adjourned until Thursday or Friday when the plenary session will be held.

Both Lord Beaverbrook, British chief delegate, and Mr. William A. Harriman, head of the American group, told members of the tri-power conference Committees to "work day and night and have full reports on the Russian needs by Friday morning."

Mr. Harriman, speaking after Lord Beaverbrook and M. Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, declared that "I have been instructed to pledge to you the fullest support today, tomorrow and as long as the conflict lasts."

M. Molotov expressed his hope that the conference would work speedily in the spirit of the joint letter by President Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, which pledged speedy aid to the Soviet Union.

Lord Beaverbrook expressed appreciation for American material aid to date, saying that this had been partly responsible for the favourable situation of the Allies.

Lord Beaverbrook told the first session of the conference that "we are ready to make every sacrifice to help conquer the common enemy."

M. Molotov asserted that "as in times previous we will give lessons to those who make war. We will do everything we are able to bring the conqueror low."

Six Committees to handle problems associated with the major programme were appointed. These Committees will study the armament production, raw material resources and military needs of the three nations in order to coordinate their anti-German war effort and arrange a long-term programme of aid to the U.S.S.R. in accordance with pledges by President Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister.

The three delegation chiefs—M. Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, Mr. William A. Harriman of the United States and Lord Beaverbrook of Britain—each spoke briefly at the session, emphasizing the importance of speed. They urged the various Committees to work as far as possible on problems confronting them.—United Press.

Closer Co-operation Between Russian And British High Commands Envisaged

Teheran, Sept. 30.

Increasing and closer co-operation between the Russian High Command and British armed forces in the Middle East and India to guard against the growing German threat to the Caucasus was envisaged yesterday following important military conferences here and in Baghdad.

General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of British forces in India, conferred yesterday with high Iranian and Russian military officials but refused to comment on rumours that Britain was preparing an expeditionary force to aid Soviet Russia in defending the vital Caucasus front.

"Such rumours are often false," he declared.

Conferred with Soviet Leaders

General Wavell conferred with Russian leaders, including General Novikov. He was scheduled to leave today for India, ending his recent tour which included a visit to London.

General Sir Archibald reiterated that Britain intends to extend fullest co-operation to the Russians in this sector of the world, but in response to suggestions that there should be a unified command, he declared that "I see no necessity for such a move."

General Wavell said he was not aware of any intention by Iran to abandon compulsory training or materially reduce its armed forces as a result of occupation of the country by Russia and Britain.

Important Conference at Baghdad

In Simla, an official communique announced that an important conference had been held in Baghdad on Friday and Saturday between General Wavell and General Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander of British Forces in the Middle East.

The conference, said the communique, was held to work out details of co-operation between India and the Middle East concerning the anti-Axis front now being established from Syria through Iran to the left flank of the Russian armies.

The conference, according to the communique, was attended by general officers commanding Palestine, Syria and Iraq and air officers commanding the Middle East as well as air officers commanding the areas concerned.—United Press.

Huge Damage by R.A.F. Raids Shaking Axis Moral

By Wing Commander L. V. Fraser
Special to the N.C.D.N.

London, Sept. 30.

HEAVY raids by the R.A.F. on Berlin have marked the first anniversary of the bombing of London by the Luftwaffe. A junior partner of the Axis has also been visited. Turin awoke to the sound of bombs. These raids on Germany and Italy are not merely reminders. They are evidence of the striking power of the R.A.F. which has been steadily increasing, month by month, and is still increasing.

Wherever there is an important target which can be reached, no part of the German war machine is being overlooked. Heavy night raids are being followed by even heavier attacks by day. Germans find no security and sometimes receive no warning. This has its effect not only in damage inflicted, but on the moral of the people. For example in a single 24 hours, R.A.F. bombers made a raid on the Baltic port of Stettin in the night, inflicting considerable damage, and followed it up with attacks in daylight on targets in Norway, Germany, France and in Dutch coastal waters.

A "fortress" bombed Emden, while squadrons of other aircraft were scoring hits on German convoys. An explosion was caused on a tanker, which was left with a heavy list. Four merchant ships were left sinking. Docks in the Cherbourg shipbuilding yards and factories on the Seine, near the Rouen [illegible] Blazebrook and [illegible] other objectives successfully bombed in the course of the same raid.

Meanwhile the coastal and fighter command air craft are carrying out their routine work. Reconnaissances are carried out by escorted bombers. Fighters shot down at least fifteen enemy aircraft in a day. Pressure is unrelenting and reliable information from the enemy and enemy occupied countries enables me to build up a reasonably complete picture of the results.

Hiding Raid Damage

Despite the speed and ingenuity wherewith the Nazis hide the damage from their own people, it has become impossible to screen off more than a small percentage of the devastation. In Berlin a block of buildings bounded by Franzstrasse and Neander[illegible] surrounded by scaffold[illegible] was the part that twenty [illegible] was destroyed but [illegible] Stettin [illegible]

Germans Execute Twenty Czechs; Curfew Introduced

London, Sept. 30.

TWENTY persons sentenced to death by court-martial in Prague on Monday on the ground of the proclamation of a state of emergency of September 27 were shot yesterday, says the Prague radio.

The executed persons included Brigadier-General Frantisek Horacek, retired; two leading Communists, Mr. Frantisek Wunnsch Baker, of Prague; Mr. Jan Pestupa, editor of Prague; Mr. Jaroslaf Sedlacek, cabinet maker, and Mr. Dusan Subrt, a clerk.

The Reich Protector decreed that in all areas of the protectorate in which a state of emergency was proclaimed there shall be a police curfew in catering establishments, hotels, cinemas and all kinds of amusement houses at 10 p.m. Railway restaurants may remain open as hitherto provided they are used only by the travelling public. The curfew does not apply to German theatres and concerts.

Practically Everything Prohibited

Meetings, theatrical performances, concerts and all other Czech cultural or sporting events are prohibited. This ruling shall not apply to shareholders' meetings nor meetings of executives or committees of economic corporations but such meetings must be announced to a competent authority beforehand. Houses must be locked at 11 p.m. unless an earlier hour is decided in individual municipalities.

Yesterday the German radio announced that six Czechs were shot in Prague on Sunday. They included two former army generals, General Josef Bily, formerly military commander of Bohemia, and Divisional General Hugo Hojti, who was Deputy Commander of the Seventh Army Corps in Bratislava.

Tried, Sentenced, Executed

According to news received by the Czechoslovak Headquarters in London, they were arrested under the emergency order on Saturday, tried and sentenced on Sunday, and presumably executed either on Sunday night or yesterday morning. Allegations made against them were either for sabotage or for illegal possession of arms.

News has also been received in London that General Elias, the Premier of the Puppet Government of the Protectorate of Bohemia-Moravia, who was arrested by Herr Heydrich, the new Nazi "protector" of the territory, is already on route to Berlin where, it is believed, he will be tried by the so-called Peoples' Court.

The German allegation that Elias and others have been in contact with London, and have been serving the interests of Dr. Benes, is strenuously denied by Czech Headquarters in London.—Reuter.

Conditions "Appear Normal"

Berlin, Sept. 30.

Authorized German sources yesterday declared that conditions in the Protectorate of Bohemia and Slovakia "everywhere appear to be normal, particularly in the areas where the state of emergency had been declared."

These sources claimed that "apparently only a small number of arrests had been made."

(London reported hearing Prague radio announce that 20 Czechs were executed Monday, including General Horacek, formerly of the Czech Army.)

These quarters confirmed that six persons were executed including two former generals on the charge of preparing high treason, two Prague inhabitants for intentional possession of arms and two Czechs for sabotage.—United Press.

Sabotage in Norway

London, Sept. 30.

The latest anti-German act of sabotage in Norway resulted in a heavy explosion in the harbour of Holmestrand, in southern Norway. In a western district, hundreds of wireless sets, which had been handed in to the Germans, have been stolen and re-distributed to the people.

In Poland, anti-German activity was being strengthened by Russian successes in the war, and the Germans have not yet been able to find a Quisling leader for the country.

Eden's Message

In a message to Czechoslovakia last night on the third anniversary of the Munich agreement, the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, referred to the fact that "Hitler has now sent the Gestapo bully Herr Heydrich to crush by martial law the ever growing resistance of Czechoslovakia."

He added: "However after three years Czechoslovakia, so far from being divided, is stronger and more united than ever. You will know how to deal with the unconcealed tyranny of Heydrich as you have dealt with the subtler oppression of von Neurath.

"The heroic and indomitable people of Europe who would never come to terms with the conqueror are also Britain's allies. Hold on—we know you will not falter."

Von Neurath Arrested?

"Persistent rumours" that the former Protector of Bohemia and Moravia, Baron Konstantin von Neurath, has been arrested were reported by Moscow Radio today.

According to the rumours, which are being circulated in German financial circles in close touch with the protectorate, his arrest is connected with the failure of Hitlerism in the protectorate, said the Soviet announcer.—Reuter.

Hull Condemns Nazi Treatment

Washington, Sept. 30.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, last night condemned Nazi treatment of persons in occupied nations in Europe, but declined to comment on the evidence of discontent and unrest in those areas.

He said that enough of the conquered peoples were starving, shot and locked in dungeons for no cause without his running the risk of increasing that number.—United Press.

*Stettin, Hamburg Heavily Bombed By R.A.F.

(Continued from page 1)

trial and military objectives in north Italy on Sunday night in a wide-scale and heavy attack, the Air Ministry announced yesterday.

In Genoa, "industrial areas were bombed and large fires were started among the docks," said the communique.

Other British forces attacked targets in west Germany, including Frankfurt.

Five planes were missing from the night's operations.

Bombers of the Coastal Command yesterday attacked the oil depot and refineries at St. Nazaire, France, and two planes were reported to be missing after the attack.

Genoa's First Taste of R.A.F.

This was the first time the R.A.F. has raided Genoa from its bases in Britain and involved a round-trip flight of about 1,400 miles.

Genoa is Italy's biggest ship-building centre and largest seaport on the Mediterranean. Premier Benito Mussolini once termed Genoa the wartime lung of Italy.

Genoa is the centre of Italian heavy industry and the key point in the nation's armament manufactures. It was an important power station producing electricity by use of coal and oil and is also the headquarters of the Italian petrol board. The harbour covers 470 acres and includes many important docks.—United Press.

Bombing of Genoa Described

London, Sept. 30.

Stirlings and Wellingtons were in the force which attacked objectives in Italy on Sunday night. A Wellington pilot who carried out a carefully planned low-level attack on a large factory in Genoa said that going out there was moonlight, but near the Alps it became cloudy.

The planes skirted a terrific electric storm over Mont Blanc, and the crew could see the zig-zag flashes of lightning.

When they reached Genoa they stayed, there for ninety minutes, flying around at between 2,000 and 3,000 feet. Bombers above them kept dropping flares. There was a good deal of heavy "flak" and a fair amount of light "flak", the pilot said. There were two layers of clouds over Genoa, and a high bank of cloud over the moon, but they picked up "good pinpoint" for their first run.

The cautious Scottish bomb aimer dropped a few incendiaries which landed right on the factory, and soon the whole of one end of the enormous building was ablaze. The next time round high-explosives as well as incendiaries were dropped.

When the machine went round for the third time, the crew saw fires still going strong, and then they dropped a stick of bombs along the docks. The factory fires were still burning when they left. Bombers from New Zealand and Czech squadrons took part in the raid.—Reuter.

Raids On Italy Welcomed

New York, Sept. 30.

The timing of the latest R.A.F. raids on Italy, closely following announcements of new rationing there, is warmly praised by wireless commentators here. The raids are interpreted as an attempt to smash Italian moral. Sympathy is expressed for the Italian people who are said to be growing more resentful against their leaders.

Both the "New York Times" and the "Washington Post" today print leaders welcoming the raids and passage of another important British convoy through the Mediterranean as evidence that Britain [illegible] striking first in the battle for Suez.—Reuter.

Successful R.A.F. Patrols

London, Sept. 30.

Offensive patrols of R.A.F. fighters attacked a number of objectives in northern France and along the Channel yesterday, according to the Air Ministry News Service.

Off the Belgian coast enemy patrol boats and a seagoing barge were swept with cannon and machinegun fire, resulting in one patrol boat being set on fire, and others damaged, while the barge was left sinking.

A gun position on the coast was put out of action. Five lorries of a convoy in northern France were set on fire in another raid. From these operations one R.A.F. fighter is missing, but the pilot is safe.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Attacks Sea Objectives

London, Sept. 30.

British fighters yesterday attacked a number of objectives, including enemy patrol boats and a sea-going barge, off the Belgian coast, the Air Ministry announced last night.

Attacking with cannon and machine-guns, the British planes set fire to one patrol boat, and damaged others, while leaving the barge in a sinking condition.

One German [illegible] on the coast [illegible] at[illegible] One [illegible]

*Neutrality Act Discussions

(Continued from page 1)

press conference here on Monday. He was speaking after a whirlwind tour of the navy yard here after arriving by sea from Bermuda where he inspected a new naval base.

"If Americans do not realise the necessity of maintaining dominant sea power we are more dumb than I think we are," Col. Knox said.—Reuter.

Connally Advocates Amendment

Washington, Sept. 30.

Senator Tom Connally, Democrat of Texas and Chairman of the powerful Foreign Relations Committee, in a nationwide radio broadcast delivered last night advocated amendment of the Neutrality Law so that United States ships can deliver war supplies through the present combat zones to ports of nations at war.

In effect, such a change would mean direct deliveries of United States-produced materials to Great Britain which is at present forbidden by the law.

Senator Connally's views were interpreted as representing President Roosevelt's, and came on the eve of the forthcoming Administration drive to secure amendment of the law.

Reassert Traditional Doctrine

The Texas Senator declared that the United States should reassert its traditional doctrine of freedom of the seas, particularly in light of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's programme aimed at world domination.

"Herr Hitler recognizes no combat zones," he declared. "He sinks our ships wherever they may be and sends lurking submarines into our defensive waters. He defies us and murders our citizens and assassinates our ships."

Senator Connally also favoured repeal of that portion of the Neutrality Act which forbids arming of United States ships.

He stressed that the Lend-and-Lease Act is now "our country's policy and we should support it in unity and with vigor."

Undeniable Right of U.S.

Senator Connally declared that freedom of the seas "is our undeniable right under the law of nations."

He compared Herr Hitler's recent actions with those by Imperial Germany during the World War, stating that it was Herr Hitler's ambition to be greater than Lucifer and "his savage lust for power is surpassing even Ghengis Khan, and his bestial appetites for loot, plunder and mastery is superior to that of Attila the Hun."

He noted the New York spy trials and the Nazi infiltrations into Latin-American countries as evidence of Herr Hitler's designs on the western hemisphere.

Pattern for Future Action

The speech was considered the pattern for future Congressional action because he spoke not only as Chairman of the powerful Foreign Relations Committee but also as an Administration spokesman.

The two major changes which he suggested would be those which the Administration obviously most wanted but would leave certain elements of the Neutrality Act still operative, such as restrictions against Americans travelling on belligerent ships or restrictions on loans to individual nationals of fighting countries or belligerents.—United Press.

Chinese Editor Faces Court After Arrest

Mr. Chang Zah-ko, editor of the "Chinese American Daily News," leading Chinese daily in sympathy with Chungking published in Shanghai, who was recently arrested in the French Concession at the request of the Japanese was brought before the Second Special District Court yesterday afternoon on the suspicion that he was involved in "communist and terrorist activities." He was remanded in custody after a short hearing, which was postponed *sine die* to enable his lawyers to prepare his defence.

Two well known foreign lawyers here Mr. H. D. Rodger and Dr. Pietro V. E. Terni will represent Mr. Chang, who is considered by Chinese circles as one of the best art critics here. He was seized after alighting from a bus on his homeward journey, near Rue Lafayette seven days ago. He has since been detained by the Japanese who yesterday handed him back to the French police who, in turn, brought him before the court now taking orders from the new Nanking regime.

Handed to Japanese

Soon after Mr. Chang's arrest, he was handed over to the Japanese by the French police. The Japanese it was later reported, wanted him for his alleged communistic and terrorist activities. Mr. Chang is a French-educated scholar and his name appears in the black-list announced by Nanking long ago.

In a sub-editorial published recently, the "Chinese American Daily News," an American-owned newspaper, completely denied that Mr. Chang was in any way connected with communists or terrorists. He was said to be a professional journalist, who had not indulged in political activities. It was pointed out that the only thing that might have led to the Japanese suspicion is the fact that Mr. Chang carried a private pistol registered with the authorities. He carried the gun for self-defence, it was said.

4th Marines Close Former Club House

The occupation of the former International Recreation Club on Bubbling Well Road by the 4th United States Marines for the past several years, came to an end last Saturday when the removal of personal property in the building was begun by the American authorities in Shanghai.

The Shanghai Jewish Club, 35 Moulmein Road, was expected to begin moving into their new club premises vacated by the Marines, within the next few days. With today being an important Hebrew holiday, Yom Kippur, no work on the new club will take place.

Meanwhile, questioned as to whether the Marine authorities had found a suitable building to replace the former club house, an officer of the 4th U.S. Marines yesterday stated that some new developments in the situation were expected today. The negotiations for the rental of the 5th floor of the Sun Company have brought no results to date, it was learned.

Until a suitable location has been found, Marines will have to use their old club premises on Seymour Road. The old club, known as the "Little Club," is extremely small in view of the number of Marines stationed in Shanghai.

Myron Taylor Visits Winston Churchill

London, Sept. 29.

Mr. Myron Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal envoy to the Holy See, visited Mr. Winston Churchill today.

Mr. Taylor was accompanied by Mr. John Winant, the United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James.

Later President Roosevelt's envoy to the Vatican saw Mr. Anthony J. Drexel Biddle Jr., the American Ambassador to the Polish government in London.

Mr. Taylor also called on the Soviet Minister to Ireland. He will see Mr. Anthony Eden as well, it is [illegible] later.—Havas Telemondial.

*Huge Damage Shaking German Moral

(Continued from page 1)

library received damage and the Schweizer House was badly knocked about. Other buildings near Goerlitz Railway Station and a row of buildings on Savigny Platz were hit. In addition to the Berlin railway stations, Cologne, and Karlsruhe as well as other important centres were heavily damaged. From Munster many of the inhabitants evacuated, following heavy R.A.F. raids. According to a traveller's report, Munster, which German propagandists call "Martyred City", Duisburg and Cologne, have fourteen thousand homeless.

Heidelberg and Dortmund also suffered extensively and it is stated that R.A.F. raids caused great fear and demoralization. Of principal interest to the people of Berlin, says one observer, "is to exist from day to day." In Hanover a tramway depot was damaged, with ninety trams lost and important buildings wrecked.

"All So Distracted Here"

More restrained but probably correct was the information from other towns. "We are all so distracted here. Night after night enemy planes come. These bombings are terrible. Cursed fliers have been over every night. People in Berlin are very depressed; they fear the R.A.F. raids but people of Kiel are even more so, and have lost their nerve with R.A.F. visits over their city. Everyone would prefer peace today rather than tomorrow, but no one dare open his mouth, otherwise he would be sitting in a Concentration Camp."

A visitor to Bremen said, "You cannot think how much we appreciate the nerve stimulating coffee as here we are in the front line and have to suffer so much." Another visitor to Cologne said, "I was staggered to see this town (formerly so full of joie de vivre) after a raid, but Germans in the Rhineland, Westphalia and North Sea coast are now feeling war in the most violent form, intensified by the effect of the blockade".

In the same way from Dusseldorf: "Two hundred and eighty nights for the last eighteen months were spent in cellars. Huge bomb....exploded and transformed a whole building into a crater, the whole neighbourhood was destroyed".

Welcome for R.A.F. Bombers

In occupied countries when targets held by the Germans must be attacked and destroyed to cripple production or communications, there is a very different reaction. During daylight attacks citizens speak with appreciation and even with affection of the R.A.F. They go into the streets to the annoyance of the Germans to watch the bombs at work. Many electric plants have been bombed, runs one report. "Everybody came out to see the English arrive".

This has not changed the people's mentality. "The working people understand that the English must attack if we are to be set free."

"English planes came over the region daily, three tons of bombs were dropped on factories, railways and bridges. Within a week there were three dreadful bombings—torpedoes were heard at a distance of nearly ten miles as though they were close by. It is quite normal to have factories bombed, we consider we are still at war. We must accept destruction. A factory is flat on the ground. All the better, it won't work any more for the Nazis. We have faith in victory".

Or again, "All power stations... here were destroyed by the English to stop the work for Germany. There is nothing going on now. Mines are at a standstill". These are typical of the many indications of feeling in occupied countries whose people wait eagerly for every blow the R.A.F. gives to German production.

Tone Changes in Italy

Across the Italian border, however, the tone changes again. There is little satisfaction in Palermo. Friends of a visitor to Palermo said, "These raids that have been going on both day and night disturb and frighten me. By night they terrify us more. We are all feeling ill with it and wonder when God's great punishment will end. We have been keeping in our house now for more than a month".

Again, "Day was disastrous for us. We were lucky to be still alive. Five bombs dropped near us, not counting those that fell on the barracks. Imagine how lovely it is while sleeping to be awakened by bombs and in continual danger and lose two or three hours sleep. In the morning one feels ill."

Throughout the Axis countries the understanding of the steadily growing power of the R.A.F. is spreading. Damage is being seen and reports passed on, untwisted by official propaganda.

*British Tank Output Speeded Up

London, Sept. 30.

More tanks were made during the months of July, August and September in British factories than during the whole of last year, states the Ministry of Supply.—Reuter.

*Chinese Still Claim to Hold Changsha

(Continued from page 1)

body of Major-General Kitano is said to have been recovered by the Chinese.

A Chinese scouting aircraft returning from the Hunan front this afternoon reported that huge fires were raging in Changsha. Information obtained from other quarters indicates that the fires were due to Japanese bombing attacks, since the latest field despatches received in Chungking this afternoon reported that Changsha was still in Chinese hands, and that the Chinese are gaining the upper hand in the grim battle at present going on.

Well informed quarters state that the outcome of the battle is likely to be determined in the next two days.—Reuter.

Chinese Remnants Said Crushed

Hunan Front, Sept. 30.

Chinese remnants, unaware of Changsha's fall, were scattered yesterday evening when they attempted to attack Japanese troops north of the Laotao and Yangmei Rivers.

Japanese forces operating in the vicinity of Changsha, also crushed other isolated and apparently uninformed Chinese units, who were previously intercepted and put to flight by Japanese forces at a point midway between Kintsing and Tungyang as they were moving southwest along the Laotao River.—Domei.

Fengsin Said Entered

Kiangsi Province, Sept. 30.

Moving swiftly from a base near Anyi, northern Kiangsi Province, yesterday morning, five Japanese detachments, at dawn this morning, smashed their way into Fengsin, strategic Chungking stronghold, field headquarters revealed today.

Following up initial successes, these Japanese forces are now in rapid pursuit of Chungking's newly-organized Third Army. It also was revealed that one enemy division comprising the main body of the Chungking 78th Army has been crushed at a point southwest of Wuning. These enemy forces were reported to have fled into the valley of the Siu River.—Domei.

New Greek Cabinet Is Announced in London

London, Sept. 30.

A new Greek Cabinet was announced in London last night. M. Emmanuel Tsuderos remains Premier and also takes the portfolio of Foreign Affairs. M. C. Simopulos, who has been Greek Minister to Great Britain since 1935, will be Permanent Under-Secretary.

Vice-President of the Council in the Middle East will be Admiral Sakellariou, prominent in the fighting in Greece. He will handle the job of Minister of Marine as well. There will also be a Ministry for War and a Ministry for Air in the Middle East. The Under-Secretary of State for Shipping will be M. Theophanides.—Reuter.

Parents Should Heed These Warning Signs.

If a child is irritable, picks his nose, grinds his teeth during sleep, is restless, has a fickle appetite and bad breath, it is more than likely that he is troubled with worms. Unless these parasites are expelled from his system without delay, they will quickly steal his health, undermine his constitution, weaken his resistance to disease and impede his normal healthy development.

A simple yet effective way to get rid of worms is to give the child Baby's Own Tablets for a few days, after which a marked improvement in appetite and general health usually follows.

As a remedy for infantile indigestion, constipation, vomiting, colic, diarrhoea, simple fever and teething troubles, these pleasant-tasting little tablets are unsurpassed. They are obtainable from chemists everywhere.

Baby's Own Tablets

Safeguard Children's Health.

More Reinforcements For Singapore

Singapore, Sept. 30.

A large number of British troops arrived here direct from the United Kingdom today.

The majority of them are R.A.F. units, others are Artillery and Signals. A large amount of general equipment has also arrived. The voyage was uneventful, and the weather was good except for a few days.

Amongst men of the R.A.F. there are many with flying experience at home.—Reuter.

Indian Cavalry Relieved From Tobruk Garrison

Simla, Sept. 30.

A few days ago the Eighteenth Regiment of Indian Cavalry was quietly relieved from Tobruk after sharing the honour and burden of the defence of that fortress for five months, it was learned today. Shortly after arrival at a rest camp the regiment was specially visited by the Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East, Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck.

After inspecting the men, who looked fit and well and showed no signs of the unremitting effort that had been required of them, Gen. Auchinleck addressed the regiment, told the troops how the world watched with admiration the unflinching defence of Tobruk, which when held by the Italians had fallen to Imperial forces after only a few days' siege.

The Eighteenth Cavalry was part of that famous motor brigade which held out against combined German and Italian forces at Mechili in Cyrenaica, thus foiling an enemy attempt to intercept British and Australian forces withdrawing from Benghazi.

Awards to Indian Troops

The first awards to Gurkhas fighting in the Middle East have been made with the announcement that two riflemen of the Fourth Gurkha Rifles won the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

While a platoon was preparing a position on a bare ridge devoid of cover near Telabeid in Syria the two riflemen, named Doba Gurung and Ganbahadur Gurun, were posted as air sentries beside their machine guns in the open. Five fighter aircraft attacked three times. The remainder of the platoon dived into trenches but these two men stood by their guns and fired back at the aircraft with such effect that the pilots were forced to swerve and missed their mark.

Despite streams of bullets the two men managed to hit the planes, one of which is believed to have crashed on the Turkish side of the frontier.—Reuter.

Prisoners Taken in Abyssinia

London, Sept. 30.

Prisoners so far reported following the surrender of the garrison at Wolchefit, in the Gondar area of Abyssinia, total 71 Italian officers, 1,560 Italian other ranks and 1,450 African troops, it was stated in London today. A considerable amount of equipment had been destroyed before the surrender, the terms of which were signed on September 27.—Reuter.

London Claims Italy Near Emergency

London, Sept. 30.

The London radio last night claimed that "rumours are circulating in Italy" that German Chancellor Adolf Hitler had asked that a blanket state of emergency be imposed in Italy where "the food situation is alarming and the population is making panic purchases."

Rome officially announced during the past three days new and rigid rationing of various foodstuffs and clothing materials.—United Press.

Wavell May Return To Teheran

Teheran, Sept. 30.

The Commander-in-Chief in India, General Sir Archibald Wavell, left the Iranian capital at 10 a.m. today in a big Douglas passenger plane for Baghdad. It is expected that he will return to Teheran if he finds further discussions with the Soviet military authorities necessary.—Reuter.

Earthquake Tremors Reported in Quetta

Quetta, Baluchistan, Sept. 30.

Another earth tremor of considerable intensity rocked Quetta at 8 p.m. G.M.T. yesterday (8 a.m. today, Shanghai Summer Time). The tremor lasted 15 seconds and awoke the inhabitants who were mostly sleeping in the open. It was accompanied by heavy rumbling. Four more tremors were recorded during the night.—Reuter.

"MUSICAL PARADE IN BLUE"

Overture, *"Marche Carnavalesque"* ..... RUDOLPH FRIML

ACT I

(Nothing Will Happen)

"Rhapsody in Blue" ..... GEORGE GERSHWIN

(At the piano, LEON POMMERS)

"Song of the Bayou" ..... RUBE BLOOM

(Chorus by MARKOFF)

The Storm ..... BY THUNDER

"On the Trail" ..... FERDE GROFE

SUITE: *"Three Shades of Blue"* ..... FERDE GROFE

a. Indigo

b. Heliotrope

c. Alice Blue

Conductor: HENRY FRANCIS PARKS

(Ballet by ELIROFF)

INTERVAL

"MUSICAL PARADE IN BLUE"

Overture, *"The Atonement of Pan"* .... HENRY HADLEY

ACT II

(Now anything can happen!)

"Tambourine Chinois" ..... FRITZ KREISLER

"Cuckoo" Auction (Auctioneer: Mr. ZILCH GOOFY)

"Gipsy" .....

(Vocalist: ABIE ZATZ)

"Stardust" ..... HOAGY CARMICHAEL

(OLEG LUNDSTREM and his Argentina Night Club Orchestra)

Jam Session—Nothing Amorous .....

"Speak to Me of Love" (Parlez-Moi D'Amour) JEAN LENOIR

(Vocalist: NINA KELLEN)

You Rascal You .... *Novelty by* .... DICK REYNOLDS

La Cumparsita OLEG LUNDSTREM and his Orchestra

Pappy ..... Vocalist: TIMOTHY MCBEERBOTTLE

Tiller Rag ..... OLEG LUNDSTREM and his Orchestra

"Beer Barrel Polka" .....

(Vocalist: "SHORTY" One Lump Sum)

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"BRITISH RAILWAY INTERESTS IN CHINA."

"AUTUMN IN JAPAN."

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FUNERAL

Mrs. Francisca Gomes da Costa

In the presence of many relatives and friends, funeral services for the late Mrs. Francisca Gomes da Costa, wife of Mr. Francisca Gomes da Costa, were held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. A Requiem Mass was celebrated on Monday morning at the Church of Christ the King by Reverend Father Kearney, S.J., and the last rites at the grave were read by Reverend Father J. K. Lipman, S. J. Two beautiful floral crosses from "Chico" and "Bubee and Bunny" were lowered into the grave with the casket that was carried by Messrs: C. A. da Costa, A. F. Diniz, A. G. da Costa and Alb. da Costa. The late Mrs. da Costa has resided in Shanghai for many years and yesterday was to have been her 42nd anniversary of her marriage to Mr. Francisco Gomes da Costa, who with his daughter, Mrs. F. A. Barradas, were the chief mourners. Among those sending floral tributes were:—

Chico; Bubee and Bunny; Eugenio and Alzira; Mercia and Apno; Titi Mariana, Albert and Raul; Ado and Maria; Bob and Angie; "Aki"; Hilda Mario and Mina; Ica, Doro and Lucy; Carlos, Serena and family; Prospero; Fan, Josico and Nuno; Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Barrett; F. N. Carneiro; P. A. Meirs da Costa and Yee Koo; Mr. and Mrs. Arnaldo Augusto da Costa; Mr. and Mrs. V. Costa; Ant G. da Costa and family; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Barradas and family; John John; Mr. and Mrs. G. Norman; T. Raquel; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Rezacio; Mrs. H. O. da Silva and family; H. Safra; Wong Sing Kee; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mamontoff Murder Case to Be Heard in Court Today

Eugene Hovans, the man of many aliases and professions and now charged with instigating the murder of Mr. Serge I. Mamontoff, Russian commission agent and former employee of the "Far Eastern Times" (now "The Russian Times"), will face the Second Special District Court in the French Concession this afternoon, together with two Chinese, Liu Fong-lin and Tsang Sing-ouh. The former, who had confessed to having shot the Russian victim, was arrested by the police soon after the murder, having been traced to his employer's address through the identification of the pistol by ballistic experts. He was a bodyguard in the employ of a wealthy Chinese residing in Mandalay Road.

Tsang has been accused of acting as a go-between the alleged instigator and the murderer. He was arrested at his home in Avenue Road on September 16, two days after the attack on Mr. Mamontoff.

Japanese Investigations

Hovans, also known as Kojevnikoff, Dr. Clige and Pick, was handed over to the Japanese authorities for investigations on September 22. This was done with permission from the Second Special District Court. He was returned to the French police authorities on Monday night.

It may be recalled that Mr. Mamontoff was riding in a rickshaw on Rue Lafayette at about 6 p.m. on September 14, when he was shot by the gunman. He was removed to St. Marie's Hospital, where an operation was performed. At first it was reported that he was on his way to recovery, but he suffered a relapse and died less than 24 hours after being shot. Before he died, Mr. Mamontoff was reported to have told French police that he suspected Pick of instigating the shooting. The latter was taken into custody by the detectives and was charged with instigation of the murder after the two Chinese had confessed to detectives their part in the affair.

Knowledge of Mamontoff Denied

At the first hearing at the Second Special District Court on September 17, Pick-Hovans told the court that he had known Tsang for more than ten years, but that he had never met Liu. He denied knowing Mamontoff, but added that that man had published a pamphlet calling him a Soviet agent, about two months ago. He made a complaint to the French police authorities, he stated. Questioned by the judge, Hovans said that the matter was too small to be taken seriously.

Tsang, who acted as the alleged go-between in the case, stated in court that Hovans had approached him for the purpose of finding an assassin and that he had given him an advance of $200, promising $2,000 more after the killing.

Liu, the confessed murderer, told the court that he was a poor man and that the prospect of earning the $2,000 had got the better of him. He admitted receiving the $200 from Tsang.

Members of XGDN Feted By Polish Diplomat

An outstanding event of last week's social life in Shanghai was the cocktail party given in honour of Radio Station XGDN by the Chargé d'Affaires of Poland and Mrs. St. B. M. de Rosset at their residence, 26 Route Delastre, on Saturday, September 27.

A well known and highly talented Polish pianist, Mr. Leon Pommers, entertained the audience with the music of Chopin and with his own compositions.

Among those present were: Mr. T. K. Le Rougetel, Counsellor of the British Embassy, Lady Noble, Mr. A. H. George, British Consul-General, Mr. and Mrs. T. Knudtzon, Sir F. and Lady Maze, Mr. Frank P. Lockhart, Mr. and Mrs. Van Cutsem, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boissevain, Mr. and Mrs. Lamb, Mrs. J. van den Berg, Mr. J. H. Liddell, Chairman of the S.M.C., Mrs. Reynell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hutchison, Mr. and Mrs. John Alexander, Rear Admiral Glassford, Colonel S. Howard, Comdr. C. S. Sheppard, Mr. and Mrs. Mackay, Major J. Stepan, Mr. E. P. Betchitch, Mr. and Mrs. A. Morley, Dean and Mrs. A. S. J. Trivett, Mrs. Edward B. McBain, Mr. C. M. Skepper, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Collar, Mr. H. J. E. Price, Mr. and Mrs. K. A. Persen, Mrs. G. C. Corfield, Mr. Ellis Hayim, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Mackenzie, Mr. A. Valensa, Mr. V. Rogoff, Mr. and Mrs. P. Chryssantopoulos, Mr. H. Klepetar, Mr. V. G. Taussig, the Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Hudspeth, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Kerr, Miss G. Owen, Mrs. Dorothea Brooking, Miss K. Sharpe, Mr. W. H. Spring, Mr. E. G. Smith-Wright, and Mr. R. G. Willis.

Foreign Correspondents Leave Hankow on Aerial Tour of Front

At a Japanese Air Base in Central China, Sept. 30.

Seven foreign press correspondents, all stationed in Shanghai, left Hankow this morning on an aerial tour of Changsha and its vicinity, which have been the scenes of the latest Japanese victories over Chungking forces.

The group was led by Lieut.-Col. Kunio Akiyama, Chief of the Press Bureau of the Japanese Army in Shanghai.

The correspondents landed at an undisclosed aerodrome near the front lines in Hunan Province at 1.40 o'clock this afternoon where a Japanese Army staff officer gave a detailed explanation of the Japanese campaign in the Changsha region.

It is understood that the foreign reporters will return to Hankow at 6 o'clock this evening.—Domei.

Hand Grenade Found Near Banker's Residence

A hand grenade was discovered at the front door of 34/1 Rue Paul Henry, occupied by Mr. Tao Chih-wei, former manager of the Hongkew branch of the Bank of Communications, at about 10 a.m. yesterday. French police were notified and the missile was removed.

It was learned that Mr. Tao had received extortion letters, demanding $100,000, on several occasions. At about 10 a.m. yesterday, Mr. Tao received a telephone call when he was warned that a hand grenade had been deposited at his front door.

The case was reported to French police, who arrived at the scene and found the missile wrapped in paper. It was believed that it had been left there by the extortioner.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Gifts for Soviet Troops

The first batch of presents to Soviet soldiers from Russians in Shanghai will be sent to Russia at the end of this week. The photo above shows Mr. A. E. Veiss, editor of the "Russian Daily News," and Mrs. M. E. Chilikin, wife of the publisher of the newspaper, sorting the gifts. They include warm clothing, cigarettes and candies.

Several Offices Revert to Old Time

It was learned yesterday that no date has been fixed as yet by the local authorities for the coming into force of the old time to supersede daylight saving time introduced here during the summer. Several offices here, including the Shanghai International Radio Office, will revert to the old time from today, retarding their office clocks by one hour at the stroke of midnight last night.

2,000 Furniture Makers End Strike

Despite the threats of Chinese employees of local cinemas to strike unless their demands were accepted by the operators, the labour situation in the city took a turn for the better yesterday, with approximately 2,000 employees of foreign style furniture shops agreeing to resume work after the managements had promised to increase their pay by 50 per cent.

It was reported yesterday that the cinema employees had set Thursday as the dead-line for the employers to grant them the seventeen demands, two of which stipulate an increase in pay and an additional high cost of living allowance. An official of a theatre company reiterated his statement that the cinema operators would stand firm in their rejection of the demands.

The settlement of the strike at the furniture establishments was reached on Monday afternoon and the workers are expected to resume work this morning. The Special Branch of the Shanghai Municipal Police mediated in the strike.

Brocade Workers Ejected

It was learned yesterday that some 200 employees of Peters Brocade Weaving Factory, who had been on a "sit-down" strike for more than a week, were ejected from the premises on Monday. The strikers have asked for an increase in pay.

A minor strike, involving 29 Chinese tailors, broke out at the Foh Shing Tailor Shop, at 580 Szechuen Road, on Saturday morning. The dispute came as a result of a quarrel between the foreman and the tailors. The latter were still on strike yesterday.

It was learned yesterday that about forty employees of the Zee Zoong Chinese drug stores had asked the management for an increase in pay. No strike is threatened and the affair, it is believed, will be settled amicably. The Zee Zoong Chinese drug company is at 101 Avenue Road and has fourteen branches in the city.

Nine Traffic Cases Heard in Police Court

Mr. G. H. Horridge, Imperial Chemical Industries, was fined three shillings by the Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, in H.M. Police Court yesterday morning for failing to renew his automobile licence with the Shanghai Municipal Council, contrary to byelaw 34. The following were fined two shillings each for failing to renew their licences: Mr. W. S. Griffin, Shanghai Power Company, Mr. H. M. Hind, Phoenix Assurance Company, Mr. N. Burns, Shanghai Power Company, and Mr. A. Oliver, Standard Vacuum Company.

Mr. W. A. Ankerson, 329 Sasson House, was fined two shillings for having exceeded the time limit by two hours on the north side of Jinkee Road, contrary to byelaw 36, on September 16.

Mrs. R. Levy, 320 Hardoon Road, was cautioned by Mr. Haines for having failed to renew her licence. Appearing in the Police Court, Mrs. Levy pleaded that she had been ill and was unable to find time to renew her licence.

Mr. Bejoy C. Das, 18-year-old British subject of 50-G Yen Shing Lee, off Hoopeh Road, was fined two shillings for driving a motorcycle without a driving licence on September 6. Inspector G. Craik of the Shanghai Municipal Police Traffic Office prosecuted.

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Customs Officials Detain Thai Ship

The Suriyothai Nawa, Thai vessel operated by the Thai Seri Company with the Tung Yih Shipping Company as agents here, was expected to clear port sometime today following her detention by local Customs authorities for the past three days. The vessel is bound for Hongkong with a cargo of piecegoods, it was learned.

Questioned on the detention of the vessel by the Customs in Shanghai, an official of the Tung Yih Shipping Company stated that they were in the dark as to the actual reason. Except for the cargo of piecegoods for Hongkong consignees, there was no other merchandise on board, they declared.

A satisfactory completion of the negotiations between the ship's agents, the Customs authorities and the Japanese Naval Landing Party, was declared to be almost a certainty late yesterday evening. The vessel was therefore expected to sail from Shanghai sometime today.

The Suriyothai Nawa arrived in Shanghai on September 21 with a cargo from Thailand for local consignees. She was expected to leave port three days ago but was suddenly halted by the Customs officials before her departure from the MacKenzie Wharf in Pootung, opposite the French Bund.

It is expected by the ship's agents that she will sail on her return trip via Hongkong sometime this morning.

Gifts to Soviet Troops To Be Sent This Week

The first batch of presents, sent by local Russians to Soviet soldiers who are heroically defending Russia in the face of the terrific onslaughts by the Germans, will be shipped to Russia at the end of this week, it was learned yesterday.

The presents are in the form of small bags, containing warm clothes, handkerchiefs, tea, candies, two packets of cigarettes, cocoa, post cards with greetings from Shanghai, and other things. The post cards, depicting scenes of Shanghai, contain the following text:

"Our dear comrade,

"We greet you from distant China on behalf of all Russian patriots who, like you, love their country, government and party. We know, understand and feel all the hardships of the struggle with the brown reptiles of Hitler.

"We are sure that we are right and that victory will be ours.

"Please accept out modest gift, look after yourself and your comrades and slaughter to the end the Fascist scum."

All the presents, which will be shipped to Russia via Hongkong, have been sent to the "Russian Daily News" by local Russians. Mrs. M. E. Chilikin, wife of the publisher of the newspaper, is in charge of the movement.

M. Henry Cosme Arrives Here from Peiping

Accompanied by M. de Laurens Castelet, attaché of the French Embassy in China, M. Henry Cosme, French Ambassador to China, arrived in Shanghai from Peiping on Sunday morning.

He was greeted by M. Roland de Margerie, consul-general for France, Col. Eissautier, commander-in-chief of French forces in China, M. Plessis, president of French World War Veterans, Lieut-Col. L. Fabre, commissioner of French Police, M. des Courtils, chairman of the French Municipal Council, and many others.

After about a week's stay here, M. Cosme is expected to return to Peiping.

Hindus and Moslems Clash in India

Nagpur, Sept. 30.

Three persons were killed and 69 injured in a Hindu-Moslem clash at Amraoti, according to a report received by the Central Provinces Government. The situation is under control. Police reinforcements have been sent from Nagpur. Curfew between 8 p.m. and 6 a.m. has been imposed for a fortnight.—Reuter.

Bus Inspector Attacked By Passengers

Two Chinese were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday for, it was alleged, beating a Russian bus inspector and tearing his uniform. They were further alleged to have refused to buy tickets while travelling in a bus on the ground that they are members of a labour union. They were remanded in custody pending judgment.

The Russian inspector appeared in court yesterday testifying that accused belonged to a gang of five who tore his uniform while they were travelling in a Route No. 1 Bus on Nanking Road near Yu Ya Ching Road on Monday.

It was revealed by the prosecution that the Russian inspector did not sustain bodily harm as he raised an alarm at once and the two accused were arrested by the police, though the three other men escaped.

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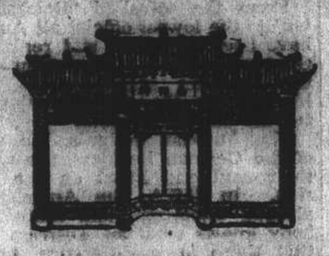

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."

The Orchestra Again:

Where the Money Should Go

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I tuned in on XMHA last Sunday at 5 p.m. and for one and a half hours listened to a beautiful programme of symphonic music played by a very superior orchestra and under the direction of the world's greatest conductor, Arturo Toscanini.

For the next 39 weeks I will have the privilege of listening in my home, seated in a comfortable armchair, to fine music by the same organization. No strings attached to this in the way of transportation difficulties and inconveniences there and back, no coughs or sneezes amongst the audience, no humming the "toones" behind me and conversation in front of me. No silly "analytical notes" to disturb my own appreciation of what the music is meant to convey and no discords where there should be none. And no entrance fee to boot.

This being so, it strikes me that the Municipal Orchestra really is, what I have considered it to be for many a year, even more superfluous a luxury than it has ever been before.

And Dr. Huizenga's "talk" to the ladies on the subject of T.B. again emphasizes the fact that money is needed more urgently for hospitalization of all classes of disease and ailments than ever before.

The Orchestra costs $500,000 per annum. At $12 per day for 3rd class accommodation that means approximately 41,000 hospital days.

A poor Russian was found hanged in a public lavatory the other day. It was reported that he had been ill, was out of work, and had become despondent.

Judging from my personal experiences in the matter of obtaining free beds and treatment for indigent patients, it is quite probable that the poor suicide had failed to find such care as he needed.

To me this tale, if nothing else that speaks or rather shouts for remedy in the present state of hospitalization of needy and indigent cases of T.B., mental derangement, maternity, urgent operations etc. etc., tells its story very poignantly.

Am I alone?

JUNIUS SECUNDUS.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

Office Hours:

One Session Suggested

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With the termination of "Summer Time" a few days hence, it would seem reasonable for us to make some alternative change with a view to the continuance of saving and to ameliorate the difficulties of office workers in meeting their daily trials and ever-increasing expenses.

The suggestion made in your columns from time to time for the abolition of the two hours tiffin interval and the substitution of a continuous working period deserves the full support of all taipans.

The most reasonable and practical proposal would appear to be office hours from 9 a.m. to 3.30 p.m., with a break of half-an-hour at noon for rest and refreshment. Such a change would bring the following benefits.

1. A substantial saving in electric light. In the majority of offices there is no need for artificial light before 4 p.m. even in mid-winter.
2. A saving in coal. Heating systems could be turned off a couple of hours earlier.
3. A saving in transport. Employees would only have to make two journeys a day instead of four as at present. With trams and buses crowded as they are, the journeys to and from at tiffin time are a nervous strain to most of those who have to endure them. Those travelling by car would cut their gasoline bill by almost 50 per cent., and save wear and tear on cars and tyres.
4. A considerable saving for those who at present take tiffin in town at clubs, restaurants or cafés.
5. There would be some daylight after office for sport and recreation.

Those of us who have tried the one-session scheme this summer have been more than satisfied with it. There is no particular feeling of fatigue in carrying right on, and it is a great joy to be finished early and not have to go back after tiffin.

I appreciate that the change might not suit all offices, but there must be very few where the bulk of the staff could not have the benefit of it, leaving a small skeleton staff to carry on until 5 p.m. or later.

With conditions as they are at present some drastic changes are necessary, and "olo custom" should not continue to hold sway over our arrangements.

If the Council and some of the larger firms would give a lead, I feel that the majority would soon follow.

H. M. HIND.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

Austrian Refugees:

A Plea for Recognition

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—On the occasion of the Jewish New Year, Mr. J. Alexander, the British Press Attaché, said in a message to the Shanghai immigrants that in Shanghai the rumour is spread by Axis spheres, that the immigrants are anti-Hitlerian, but pro-German and certainly not pro-British. Mr. Alexander continues: "Of course, they are pro-German. They all are proud in their thoughts to belong to that Germany, which the Nazis have tried to kill for eight years, but which still holds on to life."

To the above I want to add the following. In the Shanghai immigration there are more than 5,000 persons forced to have German passports but who never feel that they belong either to the Germany of nowadays, or to that of yesterday, not even to that of tomorrow. These people are the Austrians. They are not pro-German, but certainly traditionally pro-British. It should be remembered what extraordinary popularity the Dukes of Windsor and Kent enjoyed, staying very often in my country, and how they liked the Austrian people; in London as well there is a real friendship for the Austrians. The Austrian immigration refuses to be called "German refugees." We are citizens of the free and independent Austria, which is now unfortunately occupied. Austria is Hitler's first victim and therefore, with heart and soul, the first Ally of the democratic world, which is fighting in these days for freedom and humanity. Austrian culture is not national, as is the German. It is a culture which is the common property of all civilized nations. Beethoven, Schubert, Mozart, Hayden, Strauss—they are the common property of all educated people. The festivals of Salzbourg were not national, but a meeting of international and spiritual fraternization. The repertory of the Viennese leading theatres represented—besides Austrian authors—the heads of the French, English, Hungarian, Polish, Czech world of poets. The Viennese University was for the students of the whole world a real Mecca. Austrian economy was directed towards the West, especially to London, and was never national, as the German. Austrian foreign visitors united the travellers of the five continents. Austrian politics were considered as cosmopolitan and international. From 165 representatives of Parliament only fourteen, approximately 8 per cent., followed the great German programme. The Austrian was and is never national, he is with his love of country a great cosmopolitian. How many international movements took their origin from Vienna? And today? May the Austrians express their own will? Are there still Austrian authorities?

From the so-called "Reichstatthalter" to the lowest official all Austrians have been dismissed and replaced by German invaders. More than ever is the Austrian anti-German. He is longing for the Allies' victory and for the day of freedom.

The Austrian emigrés, the victims of the German invaders, are with all their soul and heart on the Allies' side. In U.S.A. the Austrians are already organized, and there everybody knows what an Austrian is and that there is a difference between Germans and Austrians. Some weeks ago the day of the Austrian Freedom was celebrated in New York. Meetings were arranged. Austrian women in their native costumes collected in the streets for the Fund of Liberty. Motor cars with propaganda bills rushed through the streets, many shops were provided with boards on which there was the inscription: "Austria, Hitler's First Victim." They were, too, collecting for the Austrian Legion which is fighting under the British flag.

It would be desirable that also in Shanghai the knowledge of unrecognized Austria should be asserted successfully and that the Austrian, as he is in U.S.A., should be admitted as an Ally. There is an Allied Federation here, there are allied performances to which all victims of the Hitlerian aggression are invited, only one was forgotten until now:—The Austrians, Hitler's First Victims.

AN AUSTRIAN, ON BEHALF OF MANY OF HIS COUNTRYMEN.

Shanghai, Sept. 29.

Tenants' Association:

The Position Explained

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

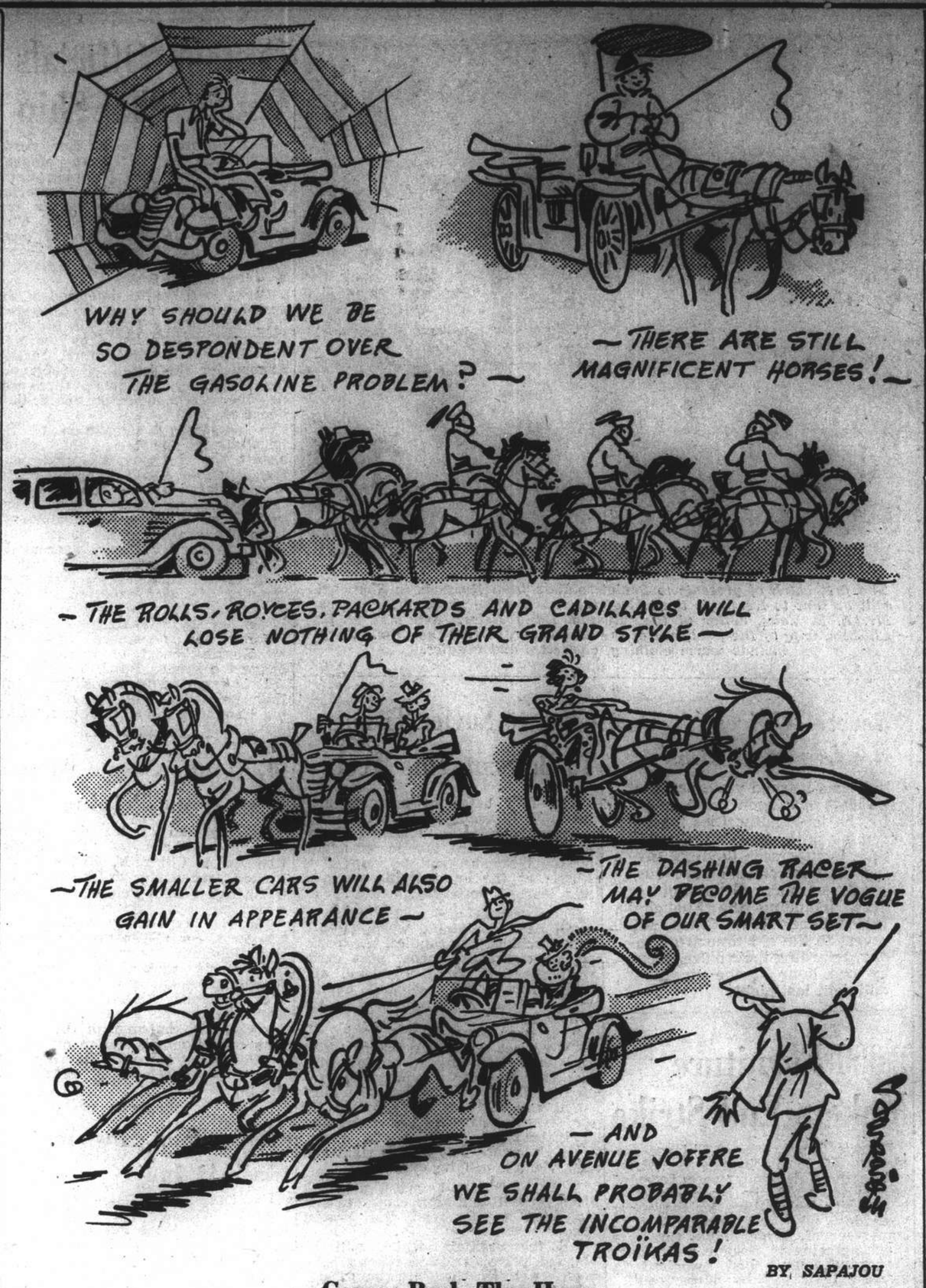
SIR,—In view of the comments and letters appearing in the local press in connection with the Shanghai Tenants' Association, as its Hon. Secretary I feel it is desirable to explain why nothing has been heard of the above Association for the past eleven months. This is certainly not the fault of the Association or its committee who put in a vast amount of work trying to enlist the support of the Shanghai public. At the time the committee was led to believe that there was a prospect of obtaining many new members which would enable the Association to employ a permanent staff and really do something worth while in the interest of the Shanghai tenants. A publicity campaign was embarked upon and some 12,000 circulars drawing the attention of residents of Shanghai to the value of the Association were sent out. Some $800 was spent on propaganda in this connection. The result of this campaign was so unsatisfactory, only about fifty applications for membership being received, that the committee decided it would be unfair to accept their money and consequently refused to enroll them as new members. It was also decided that notices for a renewal subscription should not be sent to the old members, and in three or four cases where old members remitted their dues these were returned explaining the situation. The apathy of the Shanghai householder, who refuses to take any interest in civic matters until it really touches his own pocket, is certainly not any inducement for even the most enthusiastic and willing committee to spend its time trying to carry out what up to now has proved to be an impossible task.

The present assets of the Association are only about $800, which is not sufficient to pay for the auditing of the accounts, engaging a hall for a meeting and to defray various expenses in connection with either the winding up of the Association or the employment of the necessary staff to carry on the work.

I may state that the Articles of the Association are so worded that if necessary and desirable the present assets can be turned over to any other body setting up an association for the protection of tenants. If such a body is formed the committee, who possess the necessary power to do so, will only be too happy to make the necessary arrangements to pass over the books and the assets of the Association.

K. A. PERSEN,
Hon. Secretary,
Shanghai Tenants' Association.

Shanghai, Sept. 29.



Comes Back The Horse

School Hours:

A Plea for a Change

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Last spring a movement in favour of changing the school hours was started by many of the parents of children attending the Public School for Girls.

Unfortunately the campaign was not carried on with sufficient drive and therefore failed to secure the desired results. As an ardent follower of the change of hours it seems strange to me that other mothers do not see the advisability of a new schedule.

The school hours will not be curtailed, but merely concentrated into one stretch, with the main aim in view of abolishing the trying tiffin interval. The rush there and back, the hastily swallowed meal, which in consequence does more harm than good, the nerve-racking journey in stuffy and crowded buses and tramcars (when a strike is not in process, and in still worse conditions when the usual Shanghai disturbances are ahead), all this inevitably undermines the children's health.

But besides the question of health, surely there is no need to count up the expense of those two extra journeys. The whole town is talking of economizing, and even of offices changing office hours in order to avoid the harassing tiffin journeys. Why then should not the children be spared this trial, fatigue and waste of time and money?

And again, we all realize that school gives only the foundation to an education, and that the child must have time for good reading, music, arts, if so inclined, extra languages, etc. Where, then, shall we find time for all this, when the child returns home near five o'clock tired and weary and washed out, with the urgent need for rest, instead of which she or he must continue to study? No wonder all these extra studies become, in many cases, just trying and hateful to the child.

We have seen other schools, for example the American School, adapt themselves to this town and its specific conditions, and the children only benefiting therefrom.

I am positive that my viewpoint is that of many other parents and hope they will prove it by actively supporting the movement and continuing this correspondence, the results of which might move the majority to understand and acquiesce in our proposal.

J. R.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

CHINA'S SKIES FOR OCTOBER

I.—PHENOMENA
3. Mercury. Greatest Elongation 26° E
6. at 7 a.m. Mars and Mercury in conjunction/Mars 1° S.
9. at 12 a.m. Saturn and Moon in conjunction. Saturn 2° N.
10. Mars in opposition.
10. Jupiter stationnary
11. At 12 a.m. Jupiter and Moon in conjunction. Jupiter 5° N.
15. Mercury stationnary
24. At 1 a.m. Venus and Moon in conjunction. Venus 8° S.
27. Mercury: Inferior Conjunction

II.—CONSTELLATIONS AT 8 p.m.

In the N. Ursa Major has sunk in the misty horizon. Cassiopeia is rising in the NE.

In the E. Aldebaran rises. The Pleiades, a part of the Constellation Taurus, with seven stars visible for good eyes, and plenty for the telescope.—

In the SE. *Mira Ceti* (O Ceti), a wonderful variable star (stellar magnitude 3, 3 to 8, 0).—In the NE. Andromeda, with its nebula.—In the S. Fomalhaut will pass by the meridian.—In the W. Vega and Altair.—The Milky Way runs from the NE to the SW, passing a little W near the zenith.

III.—PHASES OF THE MOON

5.	Full Moon at	4.32 p.m.
13.	Last Quarter	8.52 p.m.
20.	New Moon	10.20 p.m.
27.	First Quarter	1.04 p.m.
9.	MOON IN APOGEE	2.00 p.m.
21.	MOON IN PERIGEE	10.00 p.m.

IV.—RISING AND SETTING OF MOON

	Rises	Souths	Sets
1.—	3.20 p.m.	9.02 p.m.	1.51 a.m.
5.—	5.45 p.m.	—	5.34 a.m.
10.—	8.54 p.m.	3.00 a.m.	9.56 a.m.
15.—	0.12 a.m.	7.04 a.m.	1.52 p.m.
20.—	5.23 a.m.	11.25 a.m.	5.21 p.m.
25.—	10.52 a.m.	4.19 p.m.	9.45 p.m.
30.—	2.37 p.m.	8.34 p.m.	1.40 a.m.

V.—RISING AND SETTING OF SUN

Mean-Apparent Time

Rises	Corr. to Sundual	Sets
1.—5.53	Sub. 10m. 08s.	5.46
8.—5.57	Sub. 12m. 16s.	5.38
15.—6.02	Sub. 14m. 04s.	5.29
22.—6.07	Sub. 15m. 24s.	5.22
29.—6.12	Sub. 16m. 11s.	5.15

VI.—ASPECT OF PRINCIPAL PLANETS

MERCURY, in the Constellations Virgo and Libra

Rises	Sets	Amplitude	Stellar Magnitude
1.—7.59 a.m.	6.45 p.m.	15 S	+0.2
16.—7.43 a.m.	6.09 p.m.	19 S	+0.8

VENUS, in the Constellation Libra, moves through Scorpio and Sagittarius.

1.—9.11 a.m.	7.41 p.m.	21 S	—3.6
16.—9.37 a.m.	7.39 p.m.	27 S	—3.7

MARS, in the Constellation Pisces.

1.—6.32 p.m.	6.52 a.m.	5 N	—2.3
16.—5.12 p.m.	5.26 a.m.	4 N	—2.3

JUPITER, in the Constellation Taurus, stationary on the 10th.

1.—9.47 p.m.	11.43 a.m.	26 N	—2.1
16.—8.48 p.m.	10.44 a.m.	26 N	—2.2

SATURN, in the Constellation Taurus

1.—8.27 p.m.	9.51 a.m.	20 N	+0.2
16.—7.25 p.m.	8.49 a.m.	20 N	+0.1

URANUS, in the Constellation Taurus

1.—8.24 p.m.	10.06 a.m.	21 N	6.0
16.—7.23 p.m.	9.05 a.m.	22 N	6.0

NEPTUNE, in the Constellation Virgo

1.—5.11 a.m.	5.21 p.m.	2 N	8.0
16.—4.14 a.m.	4.24 p.m.	2 N	8.0

VII.—OCCULTATIONS VISIBLE AT SHANGHAI

Date	Time	Star	Magnitude	Phase	Age of the Moon	Position
1	9.37 p.m.	1 Capric.	5.4	D	10.4	77°
3	2.09 a.m.	67 Aquar.	6.3	D	11.5	55
12	11.17 p.m.	26 Gemin.	5.1	R	21.5	270
24	5.40 p.m.	BD-18.4586	7.3	D	3.8	112
27	8.11 p.m.	BD-15.5732	6.9	D	6.9	32
27	9.27 p.m.	T Capric.	5.3	D	6.9	26
28	9.57 p.m.	BD-13.6036	6.4	D	7.9	74

TO-DAY'S RADIO

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" XGDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Medium Wave 203m. Frequency 1440kc.
Short Wave in the 25 metre band.
P. O. Box 483, Shanghai
Telephone 16967

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Songs by English Singers
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 News in Czechoslovak
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30-7.00 Chinese Programme
7.00 Czechoslovak Programme
7.30 Dinner Time Music
8.00 Relay from the B.B.C.
8.30 Kenneth Mackenzie's Request Programme—Tel: 16967
9.00 News in English
9.20 "As I See It"—Talk by John Harford
9.30 Patriotic Songs and Marches—Allied
10.00 "Big Business"—Short Story by J. Ellis Williams
10.15 Jerome Kern Shows
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

(Programme details and Short wave Schedules in Radio Flash)

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and later on GSF in the 19 and GSD in the 25 metre bands are:—

p.m.
8.00 NEWS, War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 Light Music played by the London Studio Players.
9.30 'Invitation to the Dance' B.B.C. Theatre Orchestra.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Jacqueline and Nat Allen.
11.00 Britain Today. Discussion between Gerald Barry and Professor Holford on "Reconstruction."
11.15 Freedom Ferry. Torpedo Striking Force.
11.30 From the West Country.
Midnight. Matters of Moment. Talk by Professor Julian Huxley.
7.30 News letter in Cantonese on GSG 16 metre band.
7.45 French Programme on GSP 16 metere band.
10.30 News letter in Cantonese on GSP 19 metre band.
10.30 News letter in Cantonese on GSP 16 metre band.

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12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music (requests).
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect)
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music Manon- Massenet.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert

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Grussendorf's New Post

Washington, Sept. 30.

Major Richard Grussendorf of the United States Army Air Corps was named Military Attache to the United States Embassy at Chungking yesterday. He was formerly Assistant Military Attache and also assistant Military Attache for Air at the same post.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF OCTOBER 1, 1871

Hongkong papers are unusually devoid of interest. The AttorneyGeneral, Mr. Pauncefoote, is about to go home on leave; and Mr. Ball, the Judge of the Summary Court, is spoken of as his probable *locum tenens!* The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Austen, is also like to take leave. The China Mail of September 20, congratulates itself that only one burglary was committed on the previous evening! The first steam-vessel ever built in Macao was launched from the yard of Mr. J. Ribeiro on Sept. 17. She is a steam yacht, 45 feet long, 16 feet beam, and 4 feet 6 deep.

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE MOSCOW CONFERENCE

The opening of the conference at Moscow between representatives of Britain, the United States and the Soviet for the purpose of ascertaining Russia's needs, and the best way of meeting them may have a very significant effect upon the future progress of the war. The splendid resistance which the Red Armies have made against the German onslaughts, and the manner in which the invaders have been held up, and their timetable disrupted, give ground for hope that they will be able to hold the Germans until winter, which is fast approaching, assists in slowing them down, and gives a breathing space during which time it should be possible to send very valuable assistance to the Russians. Obviously, the exact scope of the conference cannot be revealed, and probably will not be until after the conclusion of the war, for the Germans would dearly like to know how far it will be possible for Britain, and the United States to render help to the Soviet.

As has already been remarked, the very fact that such a conference has been arranged should have a good effect upon Russian *moral*,—not that there is any evidence available of any deterioration,—and reaffirm them in their will to continue prosecution of the war until Germany has been humbled. If during the winter months adequate supplies can be sent into Russia to make up for the wastage that has occurred during the past fourteen weeks, the Red Armies by the Spring should be in an excellent condition to resume the struggle with all the fierceness which has marked it up to the present. Routes of supply still offer some difficulty but British rolling stock is being sent to Iran which will improve transport facilities between the head of the Persian Gulf and the Caspian Sea, while it is reported that another single track railway which has not been used since the last war is speedily being put into commission. Improvements of the few roads available is also being undertaken. Thus though Iran may not prove as satisfactory a channel for sending supplies into Russia as could be desired the communications which can be made available should contribute greatly in solving the problem of how to get large quantities of supplies into Russia in the shortest possible time.

Military assistance is already being given to the Russians in the shape of participation by the R.A.F. in fighting on the Russian front. It is satisfactory that this start has been made, and it is to be expected that as the weeks pass that help will be very considerably extended. It may even be that, should it become necessary, British troops will cooperate with the Russians in the defence of the Caucasus. But as M. Lozovsky has pointed out one Tank Week is not sufficient. Many weeks of the greatest effort are necessary, and if the Russians by holding the Germans during the winter provide the needed time, both Great Britain and the United States may be confidently expected to see that every advantage shall be taken of that fact. That the Russians should be able to maintain an unbroken front while the supplies which are being arranged for are sent forward is indicated by the manner in which they have borne the brunt of the whole weight of the German war machine.

It is towards that end that great efforts are being made in the factories and workshops of Great Britain and the United States. It is to ensure that the enormous amount of work which is being done shall not have been wrongly applied that British and American experts are meeting the Russians in Moscow. By the end of the week the various sub-committees which have been formed should be thoroughly apprised of Russia's needs, while the Kremlin should very shortly after that be completely informed as to what Britain and the United States are able and prepared to do for it. The quicker those decisions are reached the sooner can all effort be directed towards carrying them out. If for the time being it is necessary, as it seems to be, to direct activities in the United States and in Britain solely to the rearmament of the Red Armies, that will have to be done, for it would be the height of imprudence not to give Russia all the assistance possible. Production of war material has not yet reached its peak in the United States, but the output is increasing daily, and if out of it it is possible to supply all that Russia needs Hitler may have a very tough task on his hands before next summer.

A STRANGE INTERVIEW

Marshal Petain in an interview with the United Press is reported to have declared that the United States had the power to guide the world to peace, or to an inter-continental war. In saying that he spoke no more than the truth, though not the truth that he apparently intended. It is true that the United States has such power, and is in fact already using it. It is only by ensuring that the Allies are victorious that peace can be secured and the inter-continental war, which Marshal Petain foresees, avoided. That has all along been recognized by President Roosevelt, and is becoming increasingly so by the people of the United States. Peace can only be obtained by the destruction of Naziism and Fascism. The aged Marshal avers willingness to go along with President Roosevelt in any peace initiative that America may start. Whether this is merely an expression of his own opinion, or a German inspired peace feeler is not clear but it is certain that, as matters stand, it will meet with no particularly enthusiastic response.

The Marshal is reported as having said that his admiration for America was paralleled only by his resentment towards British policy concerning France. "England's relations with France since the Armistice," he said, "have been a succession of psychological errors, for which England is to be blamed. The British must really never have had knowledge of us to have believed we could turn against them." But yet that is precisely what Vichy France did. Its collaboration with Germany was directed solely against France's former Ally. The intrigues of such men as Laval and Darlan have exactly the same ends in view, and the suggestion is justified that the British Government had a shrewder estimation of the reliance to be placed in men such as they than Marshal Petain gives it credit for. That France has not more openly thrown her lot in with Germany is probably due mainly to the personality of the Marshal and his insistence that French honour should not be besmirched by any such action, but there is no doubt that the Anglophobes amongst his advisers are animated by no such inspiration.

The suggestion that, if the United States kept out of the war, and maintained independence of action, she would at its end be at the apex of her strength and could formidably contribute toward peace which the Marshal made is interesting as indicating how completely misinformed he appears to be as to the actual situation. If the United States did any such thing, and defeat for the Allies resulted, she would be in exactly the position Hitler wants. America would then stand alone against the might of the victorious aggressive States, and the onslaught on the western hemisphere would be a foregone conclusion. That is a fact which the Marshal cannot, or will not see. He cannot, or will not see that the salvation of his own nation depends upon Allied victory and the release of France from the chains of oppression in which she is already bound and those heavier bonds which would surely be placed upon her were Hitler ever in a position to be able to dictate peace to Europe. It is failure to realize those facts, and the depression which prevailed in France after the collapse which have made it possible for Vichy to follow a policy inimical to the best interests of the French Empire.

Fortunately there is a large section of the French people who do not see things in the light that Marshal Petain does, or those of his advisers animated by purely selfish considerations with regard to doing the best they can for themselves out of France's sad plight. There are still French people who remain loyal to the cause for which Great Britain and her Allies are fighting, not only those who support General de Gaulle, but those others in occupied and unoccupied France who realize that their hope lies in the successful efforts of the democracies to destroy the menace which covers Europe. There can be no peace until that has been removed, and the democracies enabled to proceed with the establishment of a new order with some prospect of a permanent security which a chauvinistic Germany has threatened for so long a time. That is a fact which the rulers of the democracies fully realize, and which Marshal Petain obviously does not.

Threat To Crimea

Any German invasion of the Crimea will be an extremely difficult operation. This will not deter the Nazis from making the attempt, if they find that their advances in other directions are blocked, but it may explain why they appear to have deflected their main forces in the Ukraine into an attack upon the Kharkov region, in the hopes of smashing the industrial centre round the Donetz basin. It has been reported that the Germans have prepared on a vast scale for an invasion of the Crimea from sea, land and air. So far their attacks have been by land, on the Perekop peninsula, and on a small scale through parachute troops landed behind the Russian defence lines. These parachutists are reported to have been dealt with faithfully by the Russians, and, indeed, it would be surprising if they were not, since the tactic of using parachutists was first exploited on a large scale by the Russians and was developed by them to a high pitch of perfection. It can be readily understood that their counter-measures against attacks by these troops are also highly efficient. In this sort of defence, the Russians long ago passed the experimental stage. Somewhat puzzling have been recent radio reports that there have been battles in the Black Sea, with the Soviet Fleet sinking several enemy warships which were apparently escorting troops and supplies from Bulgarian or Rumanian ports to the front line areas. These troops may, of course, have been destined for the reinforcement of the Nazis in the south Ukraine and not be connected in any way with their plans in the Crimea. It seems more likely, however, that the Crimea was in the minds of the Nazi High Command when they took the risk of sending transports to sea with the very slight protection they have been able to afford them. The Soviet Black Sea fleet is neither large nor modern, but its supremacy in those waters is unchallenged. Neither the Germans nor the Italians have been able to get any warships through the Bosphorus, so far as is known, in spite of strong pressure which has been brought to bear on Turkey. It would appear that the Nazis have had, therefore, to rely upon the Bulgarian and Rumanian navies, probably on the latter, since the Bulgarians have not up to now committed themselves so far as to put their armed forces at Hitler's disposal without reservation. The Rumanian fleet, so far as is known, consists of four destroyers, one submarine, six torpedo-boats, half of which are of pre-1914 design, and four motor gunboats. The Bulgarian fleet, if it has been used, consists of only four unarmed torpedo-boats. It is possible that the Nazis have managed to transport a few submarines by way of the Danube and to reassemble them in Black Sea ports. But even so, it is difficult to see where they are going to get sufficient naval protection for an invasion by sea. They will have to rely upon protection from the air. This protection can only be effective if the Germans have definite air superiority in the Black Sea region. They must be strong enough there to sweep the Soviet air force out of the sky. This they are not, if the frequent Soviet raids upon Black Sea ports now under Nazi domination are anything to go by. If the Russians can bomb Rumanian oil fields and ports where there are concentrations of what have become known as "invasion barges" with comparative impunity, then the Germans must be a long way from having the air superiority which they will need before they can attempt to cross the 200 miles of dangerous water which lies between the western shores of the sea and the Crimea, without suffering the most staggering losses.

Those Wicked Russians

The Germans have been indulging in a song and dance about the alleged ill-treatment of their nationals while they were being expelled from Iran. It is a German story, and has not up to the present been confirmed by any independent source, despite the fact that the party had an escort of neutral diplomats. They up to the present have remained silent on the matter. and there is every possibility that the charge levelled against Russian soldiers of having behaved in "an unimaginable fashion" towards a group of 470 German refugees is like so many other German stories without any foundation of truth. But, even if it did prove to be correct, the Germans would get little sympathy from the rest of the world. If the Russian troops did treat them, whether men, women, or children in the way alleged, and there is nothing but the very tarnished German word to support the charge, what, it may be asked have German troops been doing to people in some of the countries they have occupied? What about the hundreds of Polish women ruthlessly slain during and after the conquest of Poland? What about the thousands killed in the wanton bombing of Rotterdam? If the Russian soldiers did happen to get a little rough with the German refugees it is perfectly understandable when what Hitler has been doing to Russia is recalled. That the troops accused did not go out of their way to make the passage of the refugees comfortable may be taken for granted. There might have been some overdoing of strictness, and perhaps some discourtesy, but surely the behaviour of the Germans in various parts of the world is not such as to inspire courtesy and gentle treatment. If the German tale is true, and it must be received with suspicion in the absence of any statement by the neutral diplomats accompanying the party, it is no more than what they have so enthusiastically meted out to others. That may prove unfortunate for the individual refugee who might be completely innocent, but the Germans have yet to learn the lesson about doing to others what they would have done to themselves, while if the Russians were guilty of the charge made against them they can well plead that they were only taking a leaf out of the German book.

As nightingales love to sing where there is an echo, so our hearts speak loudest to music.—*Jean Paul Richter.*

• • •

"A woman of seven-and-twenty," said Marianne, after pausing a moment, "can never hope to feel or inspire affection again; and if her home be uncomfortable, or her fortune small, I can suppose that she might bring herself to submit to the offices of a nurse, for the sake of the provision and security of a wife."—*Jane Austen.*

FREEDOM STILL EXISTS

French thinking is admirably summed up in a recent letter from a Frenchman who by reasons of education and experience is qualified to speak with authority—but who must remain nameless. The first part of the letter is devoted to the changes taking place in mental attitudes since the fall of France; the second, to the "real divorce between the will of the people and the political plan of the Vichy government."

France, he says, frankly recognizes past mistakes, both moral and political. By moral mistakes, the French mean that they were too much interested in material enjoyments, that religious faith was superseded by confidence in political parties, writes Ann Su Cardwell in the "Christian Science Monitor."

Frenchmen in Paris working for collaboration with the Germans are by no means in accord. Some do so because they think, like Deat, that "National Socialism will inevitably carry into effect a complete and pagan programme of socialism. Others, like the industrialists for example, do so because they are persuaded that Germany will put the workers back in their place and so will rid them of communist influence. Finally, there are a certain number of right-wing people who support collaboration out of fear that if Britain won the war, democracy would have a new lease on life and the influence of Freemasonry or Protestantism would become preponderant in the world."

But governmental statistics show that not one-tenth of the Nation, in both occupied and unoccupied zones, believes this.

America is very popular throughout France. Britain not equally so, though British *moral* is admired in France.

The French seem to have entirely forgotten the events of Mers el Kebir and Dakar. They are increasingly vocal in their approval of the British blockade, say that it should be tightened; for otherwise more and more of French produce will be taken by the Germans.

The correspondent says that he has been impressed everywhere by the French openness of speech. Even in January, 1941, people were very cautious; now that caution has been thrown to the winds. On a train in which he was travelling, a train crammed with people, a woman shouted: "If de Gaulle came down in an aeroplane, he would be received like Joan of Arc, and the good Marshal would not count for much." When he asked French people how they learned the news, the response was, I listen to the British, American, or Swiss radio. It is not worth while to listen to the French radio, as it is controlled by the Germans.

Present French Attitude

In seeking the cause of the present French attitude, the writer remarks that, two things make their voices heard in man; his conscience and his stomach. Both of these are vocal in France today. Their conscience reproaches them with not having continued the struggle to the end. And as for their stomach! One Frenchman said to me: The more we hear of collaboration, the less we have to eat; if that is the reorganization of Europe, it will be better to disorganize it!

The Frenchman continues: If a powerful, not necessarily military, intervention of America does not take place, Europe will have a terrible resentment against what will be called 'American egoism.' It is important that America should not be simply pro-British; it is necessary that she should be Christian in her attitude toward Europe.

In the second part of the letter written several weeks later, he states that the change in French attitudes has gone on at an increasing tempo. No matter what the Vichy Government may say or do, the people are less and less disposed to collaborate.

The food situation everywhere becomes more difficult; everything is carried off by the Germans. One of two situations must account for these seizures—either the Germans are trying to start revolts among the French so that they will have an excuse for occupying the whole of France, or Germany itself is hungry.

The majority of the French have been impatiently expecting American occupation of Dakar or even of the Iberian peninsula, regardless of diplomatic breaks. It would be difficult to make the little French army march against Americans, for in the eyes of the French people there has been no moral or political cause for going to war with the United States, whom everybody in France regards as the best and most disinterested friend of France.

The letter closes with the following:

In spite of Government control, freedom still exists and preaching is completely free; and this enables people to gather together their inward strength in preparation for the crises of tomorrow.

IN PARENTHESIS

And How

A MAN no sooner starts calling on a gold digger for excitement than she calls on him for money.

• • •

Birds of a Feather

IT is truly said that many old rakes run around with grass widows.

• • •

Oh! This War

HE had gone to his doctor for treatment, and on being asked what the trouble was, pointed to his throat and whispered, hoarsely, cigarettes.

Ah, ha, said the doctor. Smoking too many?

No whispered the patient, asking for them.

• • •

Serving His Country

ORDERLY OFFICER: So you complain of finding sand in your soup?

Recruit: Yes, sir.

Orderly Officer: Did you join the Army to serve your country or complain about the soup?

Recruit: To serve my country, sir—not to eat it.

• • •

More Important

THE alert had sounded, and the husband jumped out of bed, calling to his wife to get up. She delayed and he grew more impatient.

What are you waiting for? he asked. I have lost my false teeth, she replied.

Never mind them, retorted the husband, it's bombs he's dropping, not sandwiches.

• • •

Fashion Notes

CAPTION in the "Daily News" for a picture showing a milling crowd around a stocking counter in a department store read: "Sheer Madness."

The "Journal-American" head stated:

"RUN ON SILK HOSE
NEARING LAST LEG"

• • •

Liver Ailment

DISCOVERY of a new type of white blood cell which appears only in the blood of persons with liver disease has led to a new and more effective means of diagnosing all diseases of the liver....Appearance of the new type of cell in the blood will indicate irrhosis, or hardening, of the liver tissue, which is often a result of heavy drinking.

As April nears, however, an egg starts to develop, an egg so large that its weight almost costs the parent bird the power of flight! A take-off is made with difficulty, and then only from the crest of a wave, never from the trough.—The Herald Tribune.

Oh, well, it isn't April yet.

• • •

Oddities

AT a recent Congressional birthday party, many fine tributes were paid to democracy. It is the best thing in the world, but the trouble is it has to be saved every twenty years.

Word of Cardinal Pacelli's election as Pope was warmly received in every country except Germany. The Nazis had hoped for some great spiritual leader like Goebbels.

The Supreme Court's decision in the Fansteel case seems to boil down to this: The workers may stand up for their rights, but they must never sit down.

Complete translations of the long, rambling "Mein Kampf" have at last appeared here. It is one of the best books ever written to save time by not reading.

Patriots feel that something should be done to get G. Washington out of his embarrassing position. The immortal George has turned out to be first in the hearts of the German-American Bunders.

San Franciscans now break down and confess that Treasure Island is terrific. It shows all the wonders of modern civilization, including ladies dressed like Eve.

A Massachusetts woman legislator says that a man whose wife has a good income should not be given a state job. The feeling is that it's nice leisure if you can get it.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Louis TKO's Nova in Sixth Round With Heavy Two-Fisted Barrage to Retain Title

New York, Sept. 29.

BATTERING Joe Louis used his two tremendous fists tonight to tear down the title aspirations of youthful Lou Nova, and scored a brilliant but staggering technical knockout over his slugging challenger in the sixth round of their scheduled 15-round battle.

The official ruling was that Nova suffered a TKO at 2 minutes and 59 seconds after start of the sixth round.

Louis stalked Nova for five rounds and then exploded a straight right punch like a hand-grenade to Nova's chin, blasting the challenger's dreams of winning the championship and preparing him for the final round.

The negro champion's final punch drove Nova backwards to the canvas and half through the ropes. Nova arose at the count of nine and Louis was after him like a stalking tiger.

Throwing punches almost without hindrance, Louis battered Nova into the corner until Referee Arthur Donovan intervened and stopped the match to save the blood-smeared Nova from further punishment despite the demand by Nova's handlers that he be permitted to continue.

Joe Louis

Joe Louis proved to the world that he was not "slipping," as many believed him to be, when he T. K. O.'d Lou Nova in the sixth round of their titular bout on Monday. His dynamic two-fisted barrage almost sent Nova through the ropes.

No Match For Louis

Nova at no time during the battle was a match for his slugging opponent, who threw blows with tremendous steam and his full old-time power despite reports before the bout that Louis was "slipping."

Sixty thousand screaming fans were brought to their feet by the swift ending of the bout which many experts had predicted would last the full route or possibly even go to Nova.

Louis weighed 200 ¼ while Nova tipped the scales at 202 ½.

The victory ended the come-back career of Nova who 18 months ago was seriously ill and near death.—United Press.

Cathedral, PTH to Hold Cricket Match

The annual cricket match between the Cathedral School and the Public and Thomas Hanbury School will be held this afternoon on the Shanghai Cricket Club grounds. The match, an all-day affair, will commence at ten o'clock in the morning. Stumps will be drawn at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Williams Captures Three Hitting Titles

New York, Sept. 29.

Ted Williams, youthful Red Sox slugger, captured three American League hitting titles during the 1941 season which ended yesterday, a United Press compilation disclosed today.

Williams led the American League hitters with a season-long average of .406 per cent. as a result of his feat in the final two games with the Philadelphia Phillies Sunday when he garnered six hits out of eight times at bat. He thus maintained a better than .400 average throughout the season and became the first American League hitter to reach the golden average since 1923.

Williams also led the home-run division by collecting 37 during the season and also scored the most runs, collecting 135.

Pete Reiser of the Brooklyn Dodgers was the star of the National League. He led the senior circuit hitters with a season-long average of .343, and collected 117 hits.

Dolph Camilli, his slugging Dodger mate, also shone brilliantly by leading the National League in homers, getting 34 round-trippers. Camilli also led the National League in runs batted in with a total of 120.

DiMaggio Leads American Loop

Joe DiMaggio, Yankee outfielder, led the American League in runs batted in by collecting 125.

Cecil Travis of the Washington Senators led the hits scored parade by collecting 218 during the season. Stanley Hack of the Chicago Cubs passed Pete Reiser in the last week of play in this department to lead the National League with 185 hits.—United Press.

Rambling Gophers Beat Huskies in Gridiron Tussle

New York, Sept. 28.

Minnesota's Rambling Gophers trounced the University of Washington Huskies yesterday in one of the feature intersectional games of the second week of the 1941 gridiron season.

Minnesota, considered one of the potential Big Ten champions, defeated Washington, one of the leading Pacific Coast Conference clubs, by a score of 14 to 6.

In another important intersectional game, the Buckeyes from Ohio State trimmed Missouri, 12 to 7, thereby establishing themselves as one of the strong teams of the year.

California a Threat

Southern California and Stanford established themselves as possible threats in the Far West when the Trojans smashed the Oregon State Beavers, 13 to 7, while Stanford trimmed Oregon, 15 to 13.

Southern Methodist, one of the usual best teams in the southwest, uncovered terrific power to take a 54 to 0 decision from North Texas State in a game that was nothing more than a warm-up for SMU.

The Middies from Annapolis opened with their usual game against William & Mary, and had no trouble in disposing of them, 34 to 0.

Scores Released

Lehigh, 13; Hartwick, 13, Maine, 13; Rhode Island, 20.. New York University, 13; Pennsylvania M.C., 7., West Virginia, 13; Wynesburg, 7., Navy Plebes, 27; Georgetown Frosh, 7.. Springfield, 7; Massachusetts State, 7., Colgate, 66; St. Lawrence, 0.. Brown, 20; Wesleyan, 6., Dartmouth, 35; Norwich, 0.. Northeastern, 20; Vermont, 6., Williams, 7; Middlebury, 0., Trinity, 20; Union, 0., Ohio State, 12; Michigan State, 7., Carnegie Tech, 13; Westminister, 19., Manhattan, 20; St. Bonaventure, 13., Amherst, 41; Bates, 7., Colby, 16; College City New York, 20., Virginia, 25; Lafayette, 0., Navy, 34; William and Mary, 0., Notre Dame, 38; Arizona, 7., Duke, 43; Wake Forest, 14., U.S.C Frosh, 27; Reedley Junior College, 0., Kentucky, 37; Virginia Polytech Inst., 14.

George Washington, 25; Mount St. Marys, 0., Purque, 0; Vanderbilt, 3., Kansas State, 0; Gt. Hayes State, 0., Indiana, 7; Detroit, 14., Maryland, 18; Hampden-Sydney, 0., St. Marys, 21; Macalester, 12., Stanford Frosh, 12; San Bernardino, 0., Mercer, 0; Georgia, 81., Center, 14; Mississippi College, 7., Mississippi State, 6; Frorida, 0., Tulane, 21; Boston, 7., Texas Christian, 6; Tulsa, 6., Montana State College, 19; Western 0., Colorado State, 21; Colorado Mines, State, 0., Colorado 6; Texas, 34., East Washington, 14; College Puget Sound, 0; University Nevada, 32; California Polytechnic, 0., U.S.C., 13; Oregon State, 7., Idaho, 7; Utah, 26., California, 31; St. Marys, 0., Kentucky Polytechnic, 31; Virginia Polytechnic, 14., Western Reserve, 0; Michigan Teachers, 7., Anselm, 24; St. Francis, 33., Rennsalaer, 21; Drexel, 0., West Virginia Wesleyan, 28; Geneval, 0., Ohio Wesleyan, 13; Albion, 0.

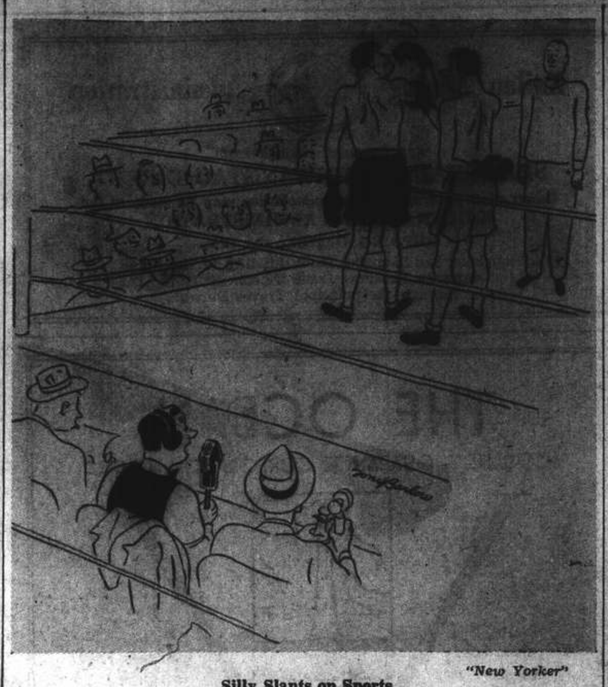
Indiana, 7; Detroit, 14., Stanford, 15; Oregon, 13., Minnesota, 14; Washington, 6., Iowa, 25; Drake, 8., Heidelberg, [illegible] Otterbein, 0., South Carolina, 13; North Carolina, 7., Presbyterian College, 34; Oglethorpe, 14., Texas A. & M. 54; Sam Houston Teachers, 0., Southern Methodist, 54; North Texas State, 0., California Ramblers, 7; California Aggies, 7., Albama, 47; Southwestern Louisiana, 6., Arkansas, 56; Edmond Teachers, 0., Oklahoma, 19; Oklahoma Aggies, 0., V.M.I., 7; Clemson, 26., Wabash, Miami, 6., Baylor, 20; Harde Simmons, 0., U.O.L.A., 7; Washington State, 6., Duke, 43; Wake Forest, 14., North Carolina, 7; South Carolina, 13., Florida, 0; Mississippi State, 6., Morningside, 25; North Dakota State, 6., Cedar Falls, 21; South Dakota State, 0., Boston College, 7; Tulane, 21., Temple, 31; Kansas, 9., Georgetown, 16; Mississipoi, 6.—United Press.

Inter-School Sports to Be Encouraged in Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

In view of the increasing importance placed on student athletics, the Education Ministry announced the easing of restrictions on all inter-school student sporting events, which were enforced during the summer months.

The Ministry said that, first, all nationwide athletic events such as the all-Japan track and field meeting will be held regionally; secondly, inter-school meets when within easy travelling distance and taking not more than three days will be permitted when approved by presidents of the schools concerned, and thirdly, rulings on ski and skating events will be decided at a later date.—Domei.



"New Yorker"

Silly Slants on Sports

"So far, they're just sizing each other up...."

1918 World Series Stands Out As the Most Memorable One For Catcher Tom Clark

IN the 1918 World Series between the Cubs and Boston Red Sox, there was an incident so appalling that the memory of a man, the victim, has not yet recovered from the shock. The victim was Tom Clark, then a veteran second-string catcher for the Cubs, now a gray-haired scout for the Giants.

The way Tom tells it, even now with a quavering voice and tears in his eyes, it was the last game of the Series and Tom's first turn at bat when the gigantic horror was perpetrated.

Tom, a genial giant, was getting along in years as an active player and this was the first time he had ever been on the roster of a pennant-winning Club.

It was the ambition of Tom's life to make at least one personal appearance in World Series combat before he closed his career, but his chance of working in the Series looked slim unless the regular Chicago catcher, Bill Killifer, shoud break an arm or a leg or something. Which he did not do. He remained disgustingly healthy!

Babe Ruth—Pitcher

Came the last game! And the ninth inning the last game! Score: Boston 3; Chicago 2. Babe Ruth pitching for Boston.

Yes, the home-run hitter was a great left-handed pitcher for Boston before he became the Big Bambino in New York, and the two runs chalked up by the Cubs in the eighth inning that day marked the terminal point of Ruth's pitching string of 29 consecutive scoreless innings in World Series competition, a record that is still in the books.

Those two runs had disturbed the Red Sox manager, E. G. Barrows, now the President of the Yankees.

When the Cubs opened the ninth with a safe hit and Ruth walked the next man, manager Barrow was all aquiver. He waved Ruth from the mound and put him in the outfield.

Bullet Joe Bush came in to pitch.

He retired the first Chi hitter with no damage to the Red Sox cause. But there were two men on and only one out. Turner Barber was sent up as a pinch-hitter for Killifer.

Then came the clarion call for Clark. Manager Fred Mitchell of the Cubs—real name, Fred Yapp, one-time baseball coach at Harvard—looked along the bench and said:

"Clark! Get a bat and be ready to hit for Douglas!"

Hit for Shuffling Phil Douglas, the Chi pitcher! Then Tom would be next man up! He might save the Series for his club! Anyway, he was in a World Series game at last! Win, lose, or draw, that would be something to put in the family album!

He lovingly picked out his favourite bat, one that had "lots of wood in it," as the baseball players say.

Dream Reality

He went out and took the crouching position of the next hitter as Barber stood at the plate and brandished his blugeon in the face of Bullet Joe Bush. While Tom was down on one knee out there and maybe muttering a prayer, he suddenly thought of his wife. She was in a box near the Chi dugout. He turned and waved to her, as who should say:

"Look! in a World Series at last. Your hero, honey! Watch me!"

While he was still waving to his wife, with the back of his head turned toward the diamond, there was a crack of a bat against the ball. Tom turned around, quickly, took one look—and swooned.

Barber had hit into a double play and the Series was over!

Gone was his chance of batting in the World Series!

At least, that's how Tom Clark tells the sad story of his busted dream. But hold your hats now, because we're going around a sharp turn and the real revelation is coming.

The truth is it wasn't the last game of the Series at all!

It was the fourth game of the Series, and it took the Red Sox two more games to kill off the Cubs!

But after the appalling tragedy everything went black for Tom Clark. He remembered nothing that happened thereafter. For him the double play was not only the end of the game and the Series, but temporarily the end of the world.

For over 20 years Tom Clark has laboured under that strange delusion. Even his best friends wouldn't tell him. And he'll probably go on believing that that double play ended the Series!

Ladies Softball Leagues Reviewed; A.S.P. "A" Winds Up With Clean Record

WEATHERING the storm like true champions, the mighty ladies of the A. S. P. "A" once again swept away all opposition to win the supreme laurels in the senior division of the Erin Villa Invitation Ladies Softball League. They retained the crown, which they won last year, in true championship style; wading right through whatever opposition the other six competing aggregations chose to put up and emerging from the series without a single defeat chalked up against them—eleven wins and no losses.

Meanwhile, their most bitter rival and generally acknowledged to be the only squad capable of extending them the Erin Villa, wound up the circuit in the second place of the standings. Only once were they upset, when the Texaco girls caught their combination at an extremely low ebb.

Lanterns Top Junior Loop

Fourth on the list is the Foreign "Y" Reds whose inconsistent appearances of several members of the team forced them to relinquish third place to the Texaco group.

In the "B" division, the well-balanced Chinese outfit, Lanterns, justified early predictions by smashing their way through the league with seven straight wins to top the list and be crowned champions. And now having won the junior league, their next appearance will be against a senior squad and if their performance of this year may be taken as a criterion of their prowess, there is every indication that they will be making things hum in the "A" series next year.

A Good Effort

Despite having fielded three teams in the softball leagues this summer, the A.S.P. had sufficient talent in their "C" outfit to enable them to put up competitive resistance in the "B" division and under these circumstances it must be admitted than their effort in finishing runner-up deserves special mention. In the meantime, at the other extreme of the "B" division standings are the Rangers who, though losers of all seven matches in which they played in, nevertheless fought it out gamely till the end.

Undoubtedly the most thrilling tussle of the summer was the sparkling clash between the A.S.P. "A" and the Erin Villa when they met for the first time in the season in a first-round engagement. The Portuguese it will remembered staged a sensational rally in the final inning to score three runs and snatch victory literally from under the nose of the Erin Villa and win by 9-8.

The Best All-Rounder

This year's nominee for the best all-round performance is Margaret Oliveira, of the A.S.P., whose lightning pick-ups and deadly throws to the first base were the misery of many an opponent who despite their do-or-die sprints for the first sack were invariably beaten by the telling split second. Her keen match initiative was often the source of a double play.

Probably the two most improved players this year were Lollie Gaan and Elvie Correa. The latter started the summer by playing for the Portuguese third-stringers and ended it by filling a berth in the "A" squad. Other surprise packages of the season were Lucy Knoch, L. Markitant and M. Malinovsky, all of the Texaco, who were instrumental in assisting Russia to triumph over Great Britain in the first round of the International League.

An All-Stay Team

Verna Remedios, last year's outstanding pitcher, failed to do as well this summer and if the truth be told, was not anywhere near her former self. The most devastating hurler this year was probably Dzung Moolan whose tricky deliveries fooled even the best players one time or another. It will be recalled that which took the mound duties in an exhibition tussle last year when Portugal met their Waterloo.

S.G.C. Teeing Off Times For Oct. 6 to Be Booked

Members of the Shanghai Golf Club are requested to note that Monday, October 6, is a public holiday and starting times will be booked in the ordinary way. Chits should reach the Secretary's office before noon on Saturday, October 4.

Roderick Defeats Danahar to Win Lonsdale Belt

London, Sept. 30.

A fraction of the "many who owe so much to so few" rallied splendidly at the Albert Hall, scene of so many memorable fights and other spectacular occasions, and helped to raise about £6,000 from charity boxing in a card held by the R.A.F. Benevolent Fund. Many high R.A.F. officials present applauded the public's response to an appeal from the ring which realized over £2,000, comprising sums varying from a shilling to £250.

A feature of the programme was Ernie Roderick's successful defence of the welterweight championship against the Irish Guardsman Arthur Danahar, whom he outpointed over fifteen rounds.

Almost Forfeits Title

After being within two minutes of forfeiting his title because of weight trouble, Roderick so outboxed and outgeneralled Danahar, that the result was a foregone conclusion long before the end. Roderick held the command from the start, and apart from occasional flashes of desperation from Danahar, he remained on top throughout.

Danahar survived some anxious moments in the thirteenth round when Roderick floored him twice for counts of nine with terrific rights to the jaw. Only indomitable pluck kept Danahar going when he was "out on his feet."

Wins Lonsdale Belt

Roderick, who was overweight when he weighed in, and only just managed the welterweight limit in the stipulated time allowed, now becomes owner of the Lonsdale Belt, which he had previously won twice. This completed a great family double, since his Manager and brother-in-law is Nel Tarleton, who already owns the featherweight belt.

Sergeant Freddie Mills further staked his claim to the light-heavyweight championship when he beat Tommy Martin, England's "Brown Bomber," the referee stopping the fight in the fifth round after Martin had taken three long counts.—Reuter.

Pick-Up Polo Today At Hungjao Ground

If the weather is fine this afternoon polo will be played today at the Hungjao polo ground. Pick-up chukkers will be made up at the pavilion, commencing at five o'clock.

The Franklin Cup and the exhibition match which was to have been held last Saturday to mark the closing of the Shanghai polo ground for the season will be played on Sunday, October 5, at the Hungjao ground.

CANDROME

TO-DAY
5.30 P.M.
(8 Races)
(Rain or Shine)

BOXING
in Aid of The Soviet Red Cross
at 699 Wei Hai Wei Road
Friday, October 3, at 8.30 p.m.
Main Event (10 rounds)
MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF CHINA
George Levchenko vs. Kid Teddy
Double Main Event (10 rounds)
LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF CHINA
Paul Lojnikoff vs. "Vargas" Devcich
(Semi-final 8 rounds)
"Kayo" Tihonoff vs. Kid Andre
AND FIVE OTHER ACTION PACKED BOUTS
Admission tickets $50, $20, $10 and $5
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Changsha Bombed by Chinese Planes, Japanese Claim

With Japanese Forces on the Hunan Front, Sept. 30.

DESCRIBING Chungking claims that Changsha still remains in the hands of Chinese forces as a "childish" propaganda effort designed to gloss over the actual fact of a shattering defeat suffered by Chungking forces at the hands of the Japanese Army, competent Japanese military sources here revealed that Chungking warplanes at 1.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, bombed Changsha, the city which the Chungking High Command still claims to be holding.

The fact that Chungking planes bombed Changsha can only be considered as definite proof that the Chungking High Command itself recognizes that the city has fallen. After the Chinese planes had unloaded their missiles, without causing any damage to the Japanese forces, they were driven away.

Despite claims made by Chungking, the bare fact remains that Japanese mobile detachments smashed into one corner of Changsha at 6.25 o'clock on Saturday evening, and at dawn the following day completed their occupation of the city.

Amazing Claims

Military observers here wondered, in view of the amazing claims made by Chungking, which have been given wide publicity in the English-language and hostile vernacular press in Shanghai, whether General Hsueh Yue, Commander of the Changsha garrison, who fled on the approach of the Japanese, has informed General Chiang Kai-shek of the fall of the city into Japanese hands.

General Hsueh, who was entrusted with the defence not only of Changsha, but also the entire Chungking Ninth War Zone, officers here recalled, boastfully claimed that he would defend Changsha to the last man. Changsha, it was pointed out, fell into Japanese hands with ease.

Between two and three thousand Chinese have returned to the city after Japanese occupation, it was revealed. Moreover, foreign inhabitants in the city, who did not evacuate at all, have welcomed the entry of Japanese forces, it was stated. The Japanese, it was stressed, have given guarantees that the foreigners will be given complete protection.—Domei.

Japanese Pushing Forward

With Japanese Forces in Kiangsi Province, Sept. 30.

Japanese columns which started operations on the morning of September 28 against Chungking forces in the sectors along the Kin River, early this morning succeeded in crossing the river at Yucha, seven kilometres southwest of Nanyang, and occupied Shitowkang, strategic enemy base.

Japanese troops, frontline despatches said, are now advancing westward along the Kin River toward a "certain objective."—Domei.

Soviet-Japan Parleys on Mines Said Continuing

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

Japanese-Soviet talks are still continuing as a sequel to the Japanese government's formal protest on the question of floating mines in the Japan Sea, Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Information Board, revealed during today's foreign press conference.

Mr. Ishii declared that it was "rather ironical" that recently a regular Tsuruga-Vladivostok liner carrying Soviet officials from Japan encountered a loose mine near the northern Korean coast.

On the question of American oil shipments from the west coast of the United States to Vladivostok, Mr. Ishii declared that as far as he was informed, there have been no recent shipments.

Hindrances to N.E.I. Talks

Turning to Japanese-Netherlands East Indies negotiations, Mr. Ishii declared that although both the Japanese and Dutch East Indies governments desire a resumption of the trade talks, "practically, there are hindrances to this at the present time."

He disclosed that the Japanese Consul-General at Batavia was making efforts toward a resumption of the talks "step by step, and case by case." The spokesman declined to reply when asked whether the hindrances were imposed by the Occidental Powers.

During this phase of the press conference, Mr. Ishii admitted that at the present time Japanese-Netherlands East Indies trade is almost at a standstill He added that a resumption of trade necessarily will take time "but we are not in such a hurry."—Domei.

Toyoda Reports to Emperor; Craigie Still in Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, Japanese Foreign Minister, went to the Palace late last night to report to the Emperor on matters under his jurisdiction, following a conference Saturday with Mr. Joseph C. Grew, United States Ambassador.

Mr. Grew and Admiral Toyoda conferred at length on undisclosed but numerous questions which presumably should be regarded as being of the utmost importance.

Mystery Surrounds Craigie

The delay in the departure of Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, was still unexplained today and it could not be determined in Tokyo whether the delay was connected with these developments in Japanese-American relations. Sir Robert was scheduled to leave yesterday for Shanghai en route to the United States and Britain on home leave but suddenly cancelled the trip.

The conferences between Mr. Grew and Admiral Toyoda, and the Emperor and the Foreign Minister were only a few of many significant discussions at present being held, such as the recent conference between Prince Fumimaro Konoye and his Vice-Premier, Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, and between the Emperor and Mr. Masatsune Ogura, Finance Minister.—United Press.

"Kokumin" Attacks U.S. Leaders

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

The nationalistic "Kokumin Shimbun" today scathingly attacked United States leaders for unnecessarily increasing friction between Tokyo and Washington.

The editorial was published under big headlines: "United States is taking Arrogant Attitude, Anticipating Weakening of Japan; Japan's East Asia Stand Must Be Immutable, Resolute."

The editorial attacked the article in the "Foreign Commerce Weekly" by Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of Navy, as unnecessarily "creating friction with Japan's Greater East Asia co-prosperity sphere programme, and as a result Japan cannot be indifferent."

The "Kokumin" reported Col. Knox had declared that the Netherland East Indies and other regions in the South Pacific were American defensive waters. It described this and his alleged assertion that the United States was deficient in naval bases in the South Pacific as "demonstrating the recent trend of American opinion making light of Japan" while ignoring the message by Prince Fumimaro Konoye to President Roosevelt which undoubtedly attempted to remove the "cancer" in strained Japanese-American relations.—United Press.

Improved Australian Machine-Gun Passes Tests With Honours

Sydney, Sept. 30.

Showered with sand, buried in earth, plunged into a tank of water, immersed in a gluey mass of thick clay and mud—these were some of the gruelling tests passed with great success by the Owen sub-machine gun yesterday.

Tested together with similar weapons, it was the only one to fire automatically under all conditions. Military experts described its performance as amazing.

The War Minister, Mr. P. C. Spender, who headed the party of spectators of high army officers, said that tests appeared most satisfactory, and if the detailed reports by experts proved favourable, the gun would be put into production.

According to official statements, the gun is far simpler to construct than any proved type, and is estimated to cost under £10 when mass-produced, compared with £60 or £70 for a well-known type now in use.

The 27-year-old inventor, Mr. Evelyn Owen, has been released from the Australian Imperial forces to supervize production.—Reuter.

Singapore: Focal Point of Allies in Pacific—Bowden

Singapore, Sept. 30.

In a statement yesterday, Mr. V. G. Bowden, former Australian Trade Commissioner in Shanghai and now first Australian representative in Malaya, declared: "Singapore, as the focal point of the British and Allied defence systems in the western Pacific, has become of the greatest importance to Australia.

"Politically it has become the great clearing house for intelligence, and the centre for contacts which are of vital interest to Australia....My functions as a diplomatic representative will provide my Government with the closest contacts possible and will keep them supplied with information regarding all developments of interest to them in this area...."

"My natural regrets in leaving behind the many associations which I formed in China are tempered with the feeling that in Singapore I will be almost at the gateway to Free China, and thus better able to watch that country's development as a resurgent nation," added Mr. Bowden.—Reuter.

Ishii Says Japanese Evacuees "Treated Like Prisoners"

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

Mr. Koh Ishii, during today's foreign press conference, commenting upon the examination of the Anhui's evacuees, declared that if the word severity is to be used, it must be applied to the treatment given Japanese evacuees leaving Singapore and other British ports "where they were treated almost as if they were prisoners."

Mr. Ishii revealed that the Japanese government has received reports that Japanese passengers, regardless of whether they were travelling first class or steerage, "were forced to strip to the skin in one room and every single belonging examined."

He added that even Japanese seeing off the evacuees were forced to submit to examination.—Domei.

Generalissimo Confers With Military Leaders

Hongkong, Sept. 29.

It was reported from Chungking that General Chiang Kai-shek has been conferring with leaders of the Military Affairs Committee since September 28 to consider ways and means to cope with increasing difficulties as a result of the campaign of Changsha, which fell a week earlier than Chungking expected.

The report, said that in addition to the collapse of Changsha, other key points in Hunan Province fell into Japanese hands, thus forcing a radical change in General Hsueh Yueh's plans, as well as Chungking's initial strategy.

Meanwhile, it was said that the Japanese Army and Navy air forces in attacking furiously Hengyang yesterday greatly damaged military facilities, as well as ammunition dumps, and forced a change of place for the conference under General Ho Ying-chin dealing with the defence of Hunan, Kwangtung and Kwangsi Provinces.—Domei.

King Congratulates Turkish President

London, Sept. 30.

King George VI has sent a telegram of congratulation and good wishes to President Ineunu of Turkey on the occasion of his birthday, states the Turkish radio. President Ineunu thanked the King for his kind thought.—Reuter.

Summer Time Ends In Singapore

Singapore, Sept. 30.

Summer Time here ends at 4 a.m. on October 1, when clocks will be put back half hour.—Reuter.

China Protests Japanese Action In Indo-China

Chungking, Sept. 30.

The Chinese Government has lodged a strong protest with the French authorities with regard to an alleged Japanese raid on the Chinese Consulate in Hanoi and the arrest of Chinese nationals in French Indo-China.

A Chinese report says that 30 Japanese scaled the walls of the Chinese Consulate in Hanoi on the night of September 25, bound the Chinese servants, broke into the Consulate, searched the premises, removed equipment and documents and carried away two servants.

In addition, it is stated the Japanese recently arrested over 100 Chinese in French Indo-China, of which 60 have been released but many are still held.

The Chinese Foreign Office has instructed the Chinese Embassy in Vichy to protest to the French Government, and also requested the French Embassy here to ask the Indo-China authorities to effect the immediate release of the Chinese arrested, and to give protection to Chinese lives and property in Indo-China.—Reuter.

Chinese Operations in South Arouse Interest In Indo-China

Saigon, Sept. 30.

Increased Chungking military activities in Kwangtung, Kwangsi and Yunnan Provinces, as well as the recent apprehension of 50 Chungking agents in French Indo-China are arresting the keen interest of the Japanese Indo-China troops guarding the northern borders of Indo-China, the Saigon correspondent of the "Nichi-Nichi" reported today.

The correspondent said that Chungking military movements in South China centre around Kunming, capital of Yunnan Province, where, first, several hundred thousand Chungking forces are concentrated; secondly, Chinese air facilities have rapidly improved, and thirdly, forced labour is being exacted from the Yunnan Army, as well as the populace.

It was understood that General Ho Ying-chin, who had been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese Armies in Kwangtung, Kwangsi and Yunnan Provinces, has established his headquarters at Kunming.—Domei.

Soviets to Grant Religious Freedom To Poles in Russia

London, Sept. 30.

Following the new agreement under which at least 1,500,000 Poles in Soviet territory were granted full religious freedom, it was announced yesterday in Polish circles that the Soviet Government had agreed to return all church property to the Poles. Where no Catholic churches existed, the Poles will be allowed to form new parishes.

The Polish Government announced that Father Wlodzimierz Cienski, Vicar of St. Magdalen Church at Lwow (Lvov) has been provisionally named chief chaplain of the Polish Army in Russia. A Jesuit, Father Walczak, was appointed military chaplain.

It was expected that 40 or 50 other Polish chaplains hitherto interned in Russia would be released to serve in the same capacity.—United Press.

New Dutch Method of Annoying Nazis

London, Sept. 30.

The Dutch have found a new way to annoy the Nazis. They now "say it with bells." A short time ago, says a report in the Nazi-controlled Dutch paper "Algemeen Handelsblad," the carillon of St. Servatius Church at Maastrict played continuously throughout the night two sacred songs—"Oh Serratius, protector of Maastricht" and "To You, Oh King of Ages"—the latter being the best known of all Dutch Catholic songs.

In the morning it was learned that the machinery which normally rings the bells had been tampered with so cleverly that it was impossible to stop this method of demonstrating Dutch confidence that their land shall be freed from the aggressor.—Reuter.

Russians Incensed By "Drafting" In Tientsin

Tientsin, Sept. 28 (Delayed).

The local White Russian community is in ferment as a result of two recent orders from the local Japanese-sponsored Russian Anti-Communist Committee summoning certain of its members to the White House—Military School or the Far Eastern Institute—presumably for registration for military training.

The first order named 46 Russians, all bachelors, while the second listed 40 others, including married men.

Not all obeyed the order, with the result that Mr. D. Hramzoff, father of one of the Russian youths who failed to turn up, was "arrested" by the White Housd.

Mr. Hramzoff Detained

Mr. Hramzoff, a hunchback, is alleged to have been detained when 15 parents or guarantors were summoned to the White House and urged to prevail upon their charges to come or "face unutterable consequences." He was, however, released after 24 hours when he went on a hunger strike and categorically refused to sign any undertaking regarding his future actions.

Interviewed by Reuter, Mr. Hramzoff declared that he intended drawing the attention of the Japanese authorities to the illegality of his "arrest" by the White House and simultaneously pointing out, on behalf of the White Russians here, that the current training schemes were disapproved by the community.

No Explanation Offered

Meanwhile, distressed parents of the summoned youths and prospective draftees are agitating for elucidation as to who inspired the current schemes: the local authorities or the White House.

So far no explanations have been offered, but draftees have been advised to give notice to their employers, as calling up is possible at any moment. This literally means the ruin of the local Russian community, who are mostly dependent on the earnings of the menfolk.

Some draftees are alleged to have been told that an opportunity to fight the Bolsheviks is drawing near, hence the preparations.—Reuter.

Duff Cooper Flying To India

Singapore, Sept. 30.

Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, representative of the British cabinet in the Far East and Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, is flying to India for a brief discussion with the Viceroy. He will proceed to Burma before returning to Singapore.

He is going later to Australia but has no intention at present of visiting Shanghai nor has any plan been made for such a visit, Reuter learns authoritatively.—Reuter.

Clark Kerr to Chungking

Singapore, Sept. 30.

After completing his discussions with Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador to China, will leave for Hongkong, *en route* to Chungking on Wednesday.—Reuter.

Financial Experts For Far East

Washington, Sept. 30.

Sir Otto Niemeyer, and Mr. H. Merle Cochran, technical assistant to the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, were expected to leave for the Far East by air from San Francisco yesterday to help China in settling monetary and fiscal problems.—Reuter.

First Lot of British Diplomatic Prisoners Going Back to England

Lisbon, Sept. 30.

Sir Lancelot Oliphant, former British Ambassador in Brussels, and a party of 12 other diplomatic officials released by the Germans under an agreement for exchange of prisoners are going to England at a very early date. They arrived here from Germany yesterday morning. They have undertaken to maintain the most absolute reticence.

These are the first group of people exchanged for Germans, delivered by the Spanish authorities to the Portuguese Government at the frontier. All had been detained in Germany for more than a year. Besides Sir Lancelot Oliphant they include Mr. Peter Scarlett, Secretary of the Embassy in Brussels; Mr. MacKenzie, Commercial Attaché in Brussels; Mr. Edmunds, Consul in Bergen, his wife and two children and a nurse, Miss Athis; Mr. Whadrop, Vice-Consul at Bergen; Mr. Tollemache and Mr. Baker, both Vice-Consuls, and Mr. Bennett, consular servant.—Reuter.

Filippinos Denied Work On Defence Contracts

Washington, Sept. 30.

Sr. Manuel Adeva, Chief of the Nationals Division of the Resident Commissioner's office, yesterday disclosed he was conferring with Administration leaders to seek a solution of the condition now preventing employment of Filipino nationals by firms working on certain defence contracts.

Sr. Adeva pointed out that clauses in many such contracts specifically prohibit employment of non-citizens thus barring employment of Filipinos because of their peculiar legal status. Filipinos are not excluded from employment when contracts use the term "alien" instead of "non-citizen."—United Press.

THE SHANGHAI LODGE OF THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY OF POINT LOMA, CALIFORNIA

will resume its weekly public study-group meetings on Tuesday, October 7 at 6 p.m. at 213C Grosvenor Gardens. The weekly broadcast will recommence on Sunday, October 5, at 7.45 p.m. over radio-station XGHB.

11587

Petain Declares World Peace Depends on U.S.

Vichy, Sept. 30.

Marshal Henri Phillippe Petain, in an interview with the United Press, yesterday declared that America has the power to guide the world to peace or to an inter-continental war.

If the United States takes the lead toward peace, "France will follow with all her heart," he declared.

"I will always be ready to go along with President Roosevelt in any peace initiative that America may start.

"I know that the Pope is also for peace. The Pope kindly interests himself in my problems of reviving France, and I am certain the Pope will gladly join President Roosevelt in any endeavour to halt the war."

Britain Misunderstands France

Elaborating on American leadership toward peace, Marshal Petain declared:

"What a great role America could play if she keeps her independence of action. At the end of the war, America would be at the apex of her strength and could formidably contribute to peace, provided she always stays out of war."

Marshal Petain said that his admiration for America was paralleled only by his resentment toward British policy concerning France.

"England's relations with France since the Armistice have been a succession of psychological errors, for which England is to be blamed. The British must really never have had knowledge of us to have believed we could turn against them," he declared.—United Press.

Rome Suspends All Sale of Textiles

London, Sept. 30.

Sale of all textiles, linens and shoes has been suspended for a fortnight from today by special decree of the Fascist Ministry of Corporations, states the Rome radio. At the end of a fortnight these goods will be rationed.—Reuter.

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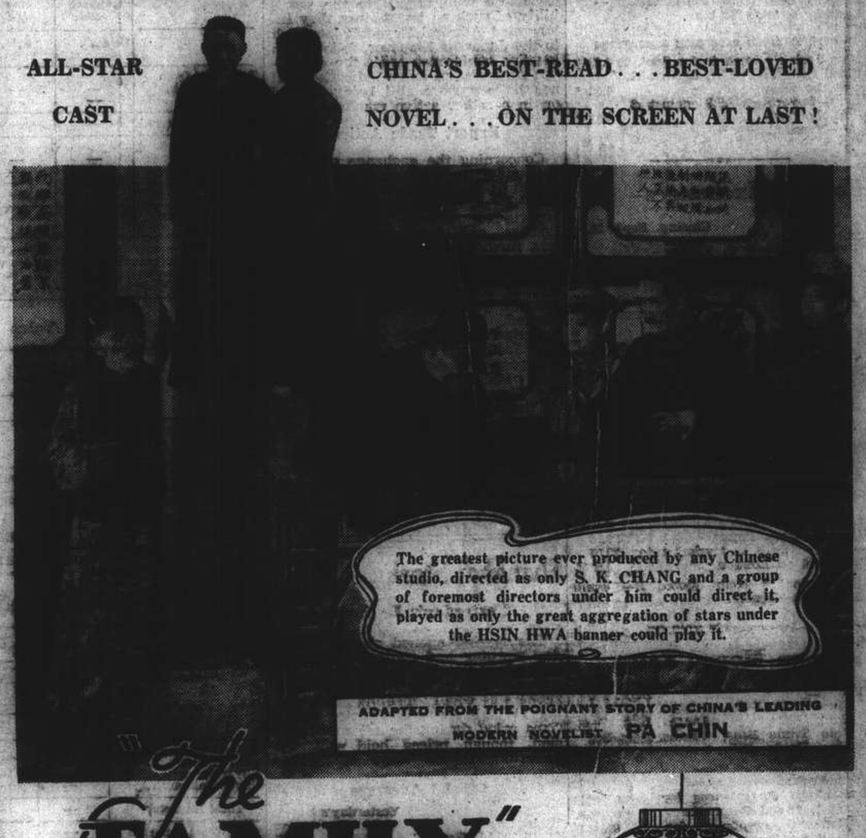

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/32d.		$ 76.04
U.S. $100 @ 5 9/32		$1,893.49
Guilders	9⅜	$100
Rupees	17½	100
Pesos	10 9/16	100
Hongkong	$21	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3¼	$ 73.84
U.S. $100 @ 5⅜	$1,860.46
London—demand, $1=	3¼d.
4 months' sight credits	3 5/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 11/32d.
6 months' sight credits	3 11/32d.
6 months' sight docts	3⅜d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5⅝
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5½

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03½ U.S. $1=59.48d.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 9⅞

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis	@ 6d	per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ basis	@ 9¾	per H H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying	@ 205	per H H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Cash		Sept./Oct.	
£ T.T.	3 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3 9/32
U.S.$ T.T.	5 9/32	4 m/s. l.c.	5⅜
Rs. T.T.	17½	15 d/s.	18

SILVER QUOTATIONS

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23½	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.13.9	—
Bombay offtake 150 bars.		

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Sept. 29	4.03½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *

*—Nominal.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Sept. 29.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

N. Y.	332¾-332¼	London	1/5 31/32 S
Shanghai	19 N.	2 mths	
Hongkong	85	.. sellers	1/5 31/32
		.. buyers	1/6

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 3/32d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 3/32
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 3/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.30	Shanghai	5.40/55*
S'zerland	23.28	Hongkong	25.33
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	88.875	Manila	49.85 N.

London	4.03½
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
„ „ „ market rate	23.55
Montreal on London	4.53 1/16

N—Nominal *—Nom quoted B—Buyers S—Sellers.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

		Sept. 29.
London:		
Fine Bank Bills,	3 mths.	1 1/16%-1⅛%
Bank Bills,	6 mths.	1 1/16%-1⅛%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 mths.	2½%-3%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 mths.	3%-3½%
Call Money		¾-1%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B / 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0⅝%B / 0 9/16%A
Call Money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

P.I. Concerned Over Pacific Outlook

Washington, Sept. 30.

Sr. Juan Elizalde, Philippine business executive and brother of the Philippine Resident Commissioner here, yesterday declared that the most important factor adversely affecting the General business outlook in the Philippines was uncertainty in the Orient over the possibility of war or peace. He expressed deep concern over the outlook for Phillippine sugar exporters if the shipping shortage continues into next year.

Sr. Elizalde, who is scheduled to leave today for New York en route to Manila, estimated that about 70,000 tons of P.I. sugar remains to be shipped this year and "it will likely be considerable worse next year unless the situation changes."—United Press.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Sept. 30.	Sales 9.45 a.m.	Prices p.m. Closing
Acoje Mining	.44	.44
Amalgamated Mineral	.07 B	.07½
Atok	.57	.56 B
Antamok	Unq.	.06½
Baguio Gold	.17 B	.17½
Batong Buhay	.0060 B	.0062 B
Bid Wedge	.66	.66
Coco Grove	.08	.07½
Consolidated Mines	.0066	.0066
Demonstration	.034 B	.035 B
East Mindanao	.07½ B	.07½ B
I. X. L.	.24 B	.24½ B
Ipo Gold	.01 A	.01 A
Itogon	.24½ B	.25
Mambulau Con.	.011 A	.011 A
Masbate Cons.	.09 B	.09¼
North Camarines	.041 B	.041 B
Paracale Gumaus	Unq.	.25
San Mauricio	.20½ B	.20½
Surigao Cons.	.20 B	.20½ B
Suyoc	.13½ B	.14 B
United Paracale	.23	.23
Mindanao Motherlode	.69	.68
Manila Hai-Alai	10.00 A	10.00 A
Benguet Consolidated	4.00 B	—

(over the counter)
Turnover 300,700 Pesos.
Shares Index 64.74.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

August Rubber Outputs

	lb.
Alma Estates, Ltd.	55,100
Batu Anam (Johore) Rubber Estates, Ltd.	41,701
Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.	57,428
Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.	32,686
Repah Rub. & Tapioca Est., Ltd.	58,749
Rubber Trust, Ltd.	210,741
Semambu Rubber Estates, Ltd.	37,242
Samagaga Rubber Co., Ltd.	49,000
S'hai Malay Rubber Estates Ltd.	59,234
Sua Manggis Rubber Co., Ltd.	18,350
Tebong Rubber Estates, Ltd.	124,473
Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	26,600
Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Ltd.	125,582
Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	80,567
Bute Plantations (1913) Ltd.	57,068
Tanah Merah Estates (1916) Ltd.	95,000
Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	61,319
S'hai Pahang Rubber Estate Ltd.	47,918
Sungei Duri Rubber Estate Ltd.	52,000
Kota Bahroe Rub. Est. (1921) Ltd.	69,825
Ayer Tawah Rubber Plantations Co., Ltd.	62,000
Sungala Rubber Estate Ltd.	40,500

Local Traders Reported Marking Time

By W. H. WIENER

With the local stock market having little guide from developments abroad, quotations moved at a gingerly pace yesterday, and while at other times a scarcity of foreign news is instrumental in bringing out the preponderance of local influences such as the affluence of idle funds, traders and operators were less active as compared with the brisk trading sessions which could be observed in the course of the past few days.

Features of the day were Metals, Ewo Cotton Mills, Wheelocks, Paper, Ewo Beer, Lumbers, and Repah. The last mentioned issue became quite active under a heavy volume of trading without the usual spate of rumours springing up. It appeared as if the buying was coming from one source only.

Furthermore, it may be noted that it was again rumoured that a renewed Japanese ban on local exports was in the offing. No confirmation, however, was forthcoming, and, judging from the behaviour of the market, no such development could be inferred since those issues which should primarily be affected, such as textiles, behaved very orderly. In addition, the local cotton yarn market has demonstrated underlying strength for some time past.

On the whole, the market was quiet and steady, and the impression prevailed that the technical structure was such as to supply a firm basis for renewed uptrends which might be expected in the wake of favourable developments in the Pacific. Local trading circles were slightly more optimistic with regard to the possibility of such an event since they interpreted Admiral Toyoda's late visit to the Japanese Emperor, following a lengthy conference with the American Ambassador, as an indication that negotiations were still being carried on in a rather active manner.

Export Trade Active

Concerning the exchange situation, it is understood that more representatives of the local business community have left for Hongkong, the latest reports featuring the departure of insurance and textiles delegates. It was further reported that many applications for foreign exchange were granted yesterday, with the exception of those that were rejected on general principles as formerly indicated.

Active export trade with the Dutch East Indies has been reported during the past few days, and it was said that piecegoods especially were leaving Shanghai in sizeable quantities. At the same time, export papers were forthcoming so that a certain, although small, alleviation of the tense exchange situation might be expected. Business in American dollar notes was done yesterday at $22.25, $22.30, with transactions being in very moderate proportions.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market opened steady yesterday morning and continued cheerful throughout the morning, with a heavy turnover and prices on the advance, rubbers especially meeting good buying at higher rates. Quieter conditions ruled during the afternoon session, though prices held well, the undertone at the close still being strong.

Official Averages

High	Low		Yesterday's Averages	Change
475.56	105.32	General	370.96	+0.71
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	366.76	+3.00

Total 1,065,996 shares, 1,513 bonds.

Morning Session

China Finance 2000 2.50 1000 2.40
1000 2.35
Yangtsze Finance (X.R.) 500 *24.25
5000 24.00 500 *23.75
Yangtsze Finance (Rights) 3000 6.10
2000 6.00 500 *5.85
S'hai Loan 1000 27.75 500 *27.75
500 28.00
I. I. Trust 500 40.25 2500 40.00
Central Prop. 500 *23.75 200 24.00
China Realty 500 16.30 500 *16.20
500 16.20
S'hai Land 1500 24.25 500 *24.25
1500 24.00 1500 *24.00 2000 24.25
13500 24.50 1000 *24.50
Dockyards 2100 42.75 900 *43.00
1300 42.75 8100 42.50 400 *42.50
10700 42.75 100 *43.00 2200 *42.75
300 43.00 2300 42.75
Asia Navigation 12500 16.40 6500 16.30
19500 16.40 11000 *16.40 9500 16.50
1000 *16.50 500 16.60 8500 16.50
Ewo Brewery 3500 9.25 5500 9.30
3500 *9.30 16000 9.35 1000 9.40
1000 *9.40 5000 9.35
Metro. Land 1000 *15.80 1000 16.00
Wheelock 300 120.00 2500 119.50
600 119.00 1000*119.50 700 119.50
900*120.00 100*119.50 3500 120.00
1200*120.50 2700 120.50 1000 120.00
Ewo Mills (Ord) 300 53.50 8200 53.00
1000 *52.50 300 *53.00 2400 52.50
1600 *52.50 3400 53.00 2400 *53.00
7000 52.50 200 *52.50
China Cotton 1000 16.70 1000 *16.70
5000 16.60 5000 16.50
Textile 1500 11.30 1000 *11.30
1000 11.40 2500 *11.40 10500 11.30
9000 11.20 500 11.10
Worsted 5500 8.50 2000 8.45
500 *8.40 500 *8.45 3000 8.55
500 *8.55 2000 8.60 1000 *8.60
1500 *8.55 6000 8.55
Tram (Bearer) £1 300 49.00
Telephone 200 38.50 400 38.75
200 *38.75 1000 39.00 400 *39.00
S'hai Gas 100 18.30 800 18.50
200 18.60
Paper 8500 7.55 2000 *7.55
15000 *7.60 4500 7.55 4000 7.50
1000 *7.50 2000 *7.55 9500 7.50
6500 *7.50 2000 7.45 14000 7.50
1000 *7.55 1500 7.55 11000 7.50
500 *7.50
Lumber 100 85.00 100 85.50
600 85.00 400 85.50 500 *85.00
1400 *85.50 600 85.00 3600 85.50
Metal 300 43.25 1500 43.00
600 *43.00 1700 42.75 500 *43.00
2300 43.00 1000 *42.75 3900 43.00
500 *43.25 800 43.00
Exploration 500 37.25 4000 *37.25
7000 37.00 3000 36.75 3000 *37.00
2000 *36.75 2500 37.00 2000 *37.00
9500 37.00 3000 36.75
Anglo Dutch 1100 22.25 200 *22.00
100 22.25 800 22.50 1400 22.75
900 23.00 400 *22.75 300 22.50
Anglo Java 600 42.00 200 *42.25
200 *42.00 100 42.25 100 *43.00
1500 42.75 500 *42.50 200 *42.75
100 42.75 200 42.50
Batu Anam 15000 2.45 7000 2.50
1000 2.45
Chemor 2000 3.45
Cheng X.D. 1000 1.56 2000 1.58
6000 1.60
Kroewoek 2000 3.00 9000 3.02½
6000 3.05 3000 3.07½ 4000 3.10
3000 *3.10
Langkat 100 *28.00 200 27.75
1000 27.50 500 27.25 1300 27.50
500 27.75 200 28.00 200 28.25
300 *28.00 1400 28.00 500 27.75
Repah 35000 2.02½103000*3.02½
1000 *2.05 4000 2.05 2000 2.10
21000 2.12½ 1000 *2.12½13000 2.15
2000 2.20 3000 2.17½ 3000 2.15
2000 2.17½24000 2.20 1000 2.17½
Rubber Trust 3000 17.70 1000 17.80
Kelantan 10000 1.38 19000 1.40
1000 1.42 7000 *1.42 14000 1.40
1000 *1.38
Semambu 11000 2.40
Sua Manggis 3000 3.35 4000 3.40
Sungei Duri 300 73.00
Sungala 1000 12.50
Tanah Merah 1000 4.90 1000 4.95
2000 *4.95
Tebong 17000 2.25 1000 2.22½
1000 *2.25 10000 2.27½11000 2.30
10000 2.32½ 2000 2.35 1000*2.32½
6000 2.32½ 5000 2.30 2000 2.32½
Ziangbe 100 *26.00 700 26.00
600 26.25 100 *26.50 100 *26.25
800 26.00
S. M. C. 5% 1937 1300 *90.00
S. M. C. 6% 1940 140000*102.00
Power 5½% Debs. 500000*100.00
10000 100.00
S. M. C. 6% 1941 20000 102.00

ODD LOTS

China Cotton 80 16.70 135 16.50
430 16.40
Textile 300 *11.00 300 11.20
200 11.20
Telephone 70 39.00
China Finance (Pref) 85 3.50
Paper 250 7.60
Ewo Mills (Ord) 50 52.00
Yangtsze Finance 200 24.25
Worsted 65 8.50
Tung Yih 35*105.00
Dominion 200 16.40
Metro. Land 50 16.10
Navig. 200 16.20 100 *16.50
*—Direct Business.

Afternoon Session

China Finance 1000 2.25 2000 2.30
3000 2.40
Yangtsze Finance 2000 24.00
500 23.75
Yangtsze (Rights) 1000 5.75
500 5.80
S'hai Loan 500 28.00
I. I. Trust 1000 40.00
China Realty 500 16.30 1000 *16.40
2000 16.30 500 16.20
S'hai Land 2500 *24.50 1000 *24.25
2500 24.50 3000 *24.25 500 24.25
Dockyards 100 42.75 2100 *42.50
900 42.75 200 *43.00 700 *42.75
4500 42.75 1200 *42.50 1400 42.50
800 42.75
Asia Navigation 2000 16.40 4000 *16.30
3000 16.40 1500 *16.50 3000 16.40
500 *16.40
Ewo Brewery 4000 9.35 500 9.30
1000 *9.30
Wheelock 400 120.00 200 120.50
1100 120.00 100*119.50
Ewo Mills (Ord) 2000 53.00 19800 52.50
1100 *52.50
China Cotton 500 16.50 1000 *16.00
500 16.60 500 16.50
Textile 1500 11.10
Worsted 500 8.60 1000 8.55
1000 *8.50 2500 8.50
Tram (Bearer) £1 100 49.25
Telephone 200 39.00
S'hai Gas 100 18.50 100 18.40
200 18.50
Paper 2000 7.50 1000 7.55
2500 7.50 500 7.45
Lumber 800 85.50 2900 85.00
200 *85.00
Metal 9500 43.00 100 *42.75
100 43.00
Kaiping 100 49.50
Exploration 500 36.75 1500 *37.00
1500 *36.75 7500 36.75
Anglo Dutch 100 22.75 500 22.50
200 *22.75 500 22.50
Anglo Java 1400 42.50 1800 42.25
Bute 500 12.70
Chemor 2000 3.45
Cheng X.D. 1000 1.60
Kroewoek 3000 3.05 2000 *3.05
Langkat 100 27.75 200 *28.00
700 27.75 100 *27.50 200 27.50
100 27.75
Permata 1000 2.40
Repah 9000 2.17½
Rubber Trust 500 17.80
Kedah 1000 16.40
Kelantan 4000 1.40
Tanah Merah 2000 5.00
Tebong 1000 *2.30 1000 2.30
2000 2.27½ 2000 2.30
Ziangbe 100 26.00 400 26.25
100 *26.00 100 *26.25 100 26.25

Power (Pref)	110	145.00
Cathay Land	2500	3.40

ODD LOTS

China Finance			38	2.32½
Wheelock	30*120.00		50*120.50	
Metro. Land			90	16.10
Yangtsze Finance			100	24.50
Rubber Trust			148	17.60
Tram (Bearer) £1			10	49.00
Power (Pref)			5	144.75
Asia Navigation	100	16.30	100	16.40
China Cotton	240	16.40	100	*16.40
Ewo Mills (Ord)			25	52.00

*—Direct Business.

Active Local Stocks

	Monday Closing	Yesterday's Closing	Change in Per Cent
I.I.T.	40.00	40.00	0
Shanghai Loans	28.00	28.00	0
Yangtsze Finance	24.00	23.75	—1.0
China Realty	16.30	16.20	—0.6
Shanghai Land	24.50	24.25	—1.0
Dockyards	42.75	42.75	0
Wheelocks	120.00	119.50	—0.4
Ewo Beer	9.30	9.30	0
Ewo Cotton	53.00	52.50	—0.9
Worsted	8.50	8.50	0
New China Cotton	16.60	16.50	—0.6
Paper	7.40	7.45	+0.7
Lumber	85.50	85.00	—0.6
Metal Industries	43.00	43.00	0
Exploration	37.00	36.75	—0.7
Anglo Dutch	22.25	22.50	+1.1
Anglo Java	42.00	42.25	+0.6
Kroewoek	3.02½	3.05	+0.8
Langkat	27.75	27.75	0

China's August Foreign Trade

According to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of this country, net imports during August, 1941, totalled G.U. 71,770,153 (G.U.=40-9/32 pence for August); net exports amounted to $283,365,641. January-August figures were G.U. 635,804,546 and $2,018,487,323, as against G.U. 510,596,503 and $1,265,206,500 respectively in 1940. Due to the fact that North China Customs reports have been incorporated into these returns, import figures should be read in the light of this procedure which takes no account of a different evaluation of imports prevailing in North China ports.

Net Imports (in thousands)
Including Bond Withdrawals

	July 1941 G.U.	Aug. 1941 G.U.
Cotton P.G. Grey	998	282
Piece white or dyed	5,402	3,998
Piece printed	738	408
Piece miscellaneous	2,080	1,023
Cotton raw, yarn	14,493	9,715
Cotton manu. sundry	450	214
Flax, ramie, hemp	549	514
Wool and manu.	780	1,064
Silk	1,254	1,039
Metal and ores	1,599	1,120
Machinery and tools	2,341	1,075
Vehicles and vessels	3,716	1,038
Miscellaneous metal	1,634	991
Fishery products	395	489
Canned goods	1,159	703
Cereals and flour	21,526	22,768
Fruits, and seeds	607	400
Medicinal goods	720	603
Sugar	2,296	2,983
Wines, beer	362	247
Tobacco	2,298	1,275
Pharmaceuticals	3,922	3,208
Dyes, varnishes	3,017	2,061
Candles, resins, etc.	6,687	3,759
Books, maps, paper	4,423	2,702
Hides, leather, etc.	897	628
Timber	2,001	1,640
Bamboo	629	351
Coal, fuel, tar	865	1,995
Chinaware, etc.	518	343
Stone, earth	286	198
Sundry	3,850	2,921
Grand Total	92,507	71,770

Net Exports (in thousands)

	July 1941 C.S.$	Aug. 1941 C.S.$
Animal products	32,823	37,159
Hides, leather	7,891	5,012
Fish products	713	673
Beans and peas	1,386	4,238
Cereals	6,157	7,909
Dyestuffs, vegetables	870	879
Fruits, preserves	630	671
Medicinals	6,601	7,912
Oils, tallow and wax	9,579	4,946
Seeds	9,402	3,750
Spirituous beverages	1,859	1,263
Sugar	578	120
Tea	3,326	4,133
Tobacco	4,177	1,837
Vegetables	4,018	4,978
Vegetable products	2,643	4,806
Bamboo	435	518
Fuel	10,630	13,873
Rattan	19	2
Timber	1,744	1,397
Paper	2,835	4,566
Textile fibres	41,127	29,241
Yarn, thread	26,433	39,351
Piece goods	20,866	34,105
Other textiles	13,082	16,212
Ores, metals	35,354	32,038
Glass, glassware	3,078	2,606
Stone, earth	2,454	2,707
Chemicals	4,026	5,277
Printed matter	569	672
Sundry	14,504	11,197
Grand Total	269,246	283,365

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
Value of Gold and Silver: by Countries

	Gold August 1941 G.U.	Gold Jan.-Aug. 1940 G.U.	Gold Jan.-Aug. 1941 G.U.	Silver August 1941 $	Silver Jan.-Aug. 1940 $	Silver Jan.-Aug. 1941 $
Imported from Great Britain	—	—	—	—	—	4,284
Switzerland	—	—	170	—	—	2,600
Total Imports	—	—	170	—*	—	6,884†
Exported to British India	—	—	—	—	—	3,000,000
Burma	—	—	—	—	15,205,000	—
Hongkong	7,384,462	—	—	—	5,513	—
Japan	—	—	—	21,360	—	245,360
Total Exports	7,384,462	—	—	21,360	15,210,513	3,245,360‡

* Bank-notes, face value Chinese $552,000 were imported during the month.
† Not including bank-notes, face value Chinese $49,093,675 and Hongkong $208,000.
‡ Not including bank-notes, face value Chinese $1,233,000, Piastres 2,000,000, Hongkong $500,000, U.S.$1,131,512 and French Francs 38,250.

Value of Merchandise

	August 1941 G.U.	August 1941 $	Jan.-Aug. 1940 G.U.	Jan.-Aug. 1940 $	Jan.-Aug. 1941 G.U.	Jan.-Aug. 1941 $
Gross Imports	72,398,535	—	514,172,201	—	641,898,571	—
Less Re-exports Abroad	628,382	—	3,575,698	—	6,094,025	—
Net Imports	71,770,153	194,281,804	510,596,503	1,382,184,732	635,804,546	1,721,122,906
Gross Exports	—	283,659,666	—	1,268,669,056	—	2,019,872,170
Less Re-imports from Abroad	—	294,025	—	2,462,556	—	1,384,847
Net Exports	—	283,365,641	—	1,265,206,500	—	2,018,487,323
Total Net Imports and Exports	—	477,647,445	—	2,647,391,232	—	3,739,610,229

Value of Gold and Silver

	August 1941 G.U.	August 1941 $	Jan.-Aug. 1940 G.U.	Jan.-Aug. 1940 $	Jan.-Aug. 1941 G.U.	Jan.-Aug. 1941 $
Gold Coins imported	—	—	—	—	170	—
Gold Bullion „	—	—	—	—	—	—
Silver Coins „	—	—	—	—	—	2,600
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	—	—	4,284
Total Imports	—	—*	—	—	170	6,884*
Gold Coins exported	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gold Bullion „	—	—	7,384,462	—	—	—
Silver Coins „	—	21,360	—	13,885,513	—	3,245,360
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	1,325,000	—	—
Total Exports	—	21,360	7,384,462	15,210,513	—	3,245,360*
Total Imports and Exports	—	21,360	7,384,462	15,210,513	170	3,252,244

* Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins and bank-notes.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Sept. 29.

Sugar shares spurted from fractions to nearly five points today when world sugar futures advanced to the five point maximum limit featuring a quiet and irregular day of trading on the stock market.

The sudden burst of activity on the sugar market was ascribed to rumours that the United States was planning to purchase additional Cuban sugar for shipment under the Lend-and-Lease bill. Several sugar shares made new highs for the year, including Guantanamo Pfd, which reached 39⅞, up 4⅞ points. Other sugar shares advanced.

The upturn in sugar attracted some speculative interest in the market and the general list was steadier. Steels were firm and about unchanged. Motor issues were firmer and some railroads gained.

Selectivity was again in the forefront, and Wall Street anticipated little from the market until the new tax bill is straightened up.

Wall Street Experts today said they anticipated selectivity in market dealings for some time to come while the market estimated the scope of the new Administration tax bill which is now in the formative stages.

In the meantime, railroad issues were undergoing close scrutiny—there was talk of shortage of cars for traffic during October among non-railroad quarters, while railway executives claimed their lines could handle anything.

All lines were rushing their repair programmes and were adding much heavy rolling stock to their equipment.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 29.

Stock prices on Wall Street today fluctuated narrowly and lethargically today, with bidding just sufficient to maintain an even keel, mostly on the theory that the market was situated advantageously to grasp technical benefits from worthwhile news. However, business and war news was not inspiring.

Rails remained motionless; motors occasionally resisted on talk of sufficient raw material allocations to maintain the quota limit for production; and, steels were unchanged. Elsewhere, the market fluctuated very narrowly and closed steady, with the turnover for the day totalling 400,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	126.54	125.76	126.05	+0.02
20 Rails	28.90	28.68	28.73	—0.24
15 Utilit.	18.35	18.21	18.28	—0.04
40 Bonds	—	—	89.80	+0.12
11 Commod.	—	—	82.79	+0.83

Sept.	27	29	Sept.	27	29
Adams Exp	7⅞	7½	Int T & T	*2⅜	*2⅜
Alleg Lud	22¾	22½	John Man	*68½	*68½
Allis Chal	29	29	Kenn Cop	34¼	34¼
Amer Can	83½	84	Lib O F	29¼	29¼
Am Cyan	40⅜	40⅝	Lockheed	28⅛	28
Am Fr Pr	0⅝	0⅝	Loew's	*36⅝	36⅛
„ $7 pfd	*26⅞	26⅞	Martin	28½	27¾
Am Loco	12⅜	12⅜	Mont War	33⅞	33⅞
Am Metal	20⅝	21	Nat Avia	*9⅛	9⅛
Am Radtr	6	5⅞	N C Bank	*26¼	*26¼
Am R Mill	13⅞	13⅞	Nat D Pro	15⅝	15⅝
Am S & R	*41⅞	41	Nat Dist	24⅜	24⅛
Am Sug R	20⅝	21	Nat P & L	4⅛	4⅛
Am T & T	154	154½	Nat Sup	6⅜	6⅜
Am Tob	70⅛	70⅛	N Y Cent	11½	11½
Am Wtwk	4½	4⅛	Niagara	2⅛	2⅛
Anaconda	26⅞	26⅛	Nth Am	14⅝	14⅝
Atchison	28⅛	28⅛	Nth Amer	12½	12⅜
Aviation	3⅜	3⅜	Nthrn Pac	6⅞	6⅞
Bald Loco	15⅛	15⅝	Packard	2⅞	2⅞
Balt & O	4⅛	‡5¼	Pant O	5⅝	5⅛
Barns Oil	*9⅜	9⅛	Para Pct	14⅝	14⅝
Ben Avia	38	37⅞	Penn R R	22⅝	22⅛
Beth St	65⅛	65⅛	Phil Pet	44⅝	45⅛
Bliss	16⅞	*16⅞	Pull Inc	25⅛	25⅛
Boeing	21⅝	21½	Pure Oil	9⅜	10
Borg War	19½	20	Radio	3⅜	3⅜
Briggs	20	20⅛	Reading	16	16
Budd Mfg	*3⅞	—	Rem Arm	*4⅛	*4⅛
Can Pac	4⅛	4⅛	Rep Avtn	4½	4⅝
Cel Corp	*24⅛	24⅝	Rep St	19	19
C N Bank	*30⅛	*30⅛	Rey Tob	32	31½
Ches & O	36⅛	36⅛	Schenley	16⅛	16⅛
Chryeler	58⅝	58⅜	Shell U Oil	*14	14⅛
Col G & E	2⅝	2⅝	Soc Vac	9⅜	9⅛
Col Cred	23⅛	23⅛	Sthrn Pac	13⅛	13
Com & Sth	0⅝	0⅝	Sthrn Rly	29⅜	29⅜
Cons Edi	16⅛	17	Spicer M	*33⅛	*33
Cons Oil	6⅜	6⅜	St Brand	5⅝	5⅝
Cop St	14⅝	*14⅝	St G & E	*17⅜	*17½
Curtiss	9⅜	9⅜	St Oil	42	41½
Dist Corp	17½	*17½	Studebak	5½	5⅝
Douglas	73⅜	73⅜	Swift Int	*23⅝	23⅜
Du Pont	151	151	Technicol	*9⅛	9⅛
E P Lead	*8⅛	*8⅛	Tex Corp	40⅛	40⅝
Elec A Lite	29	29⅝	Transam	4⅛	4⅛
Elec B & S	2⅛	2⅛	Tw Cent	8⅛	8⅛
„ $5 pfd	*60⅛	61⅛	Un B & P	10⅛	10⅝
„ $6 pfd	66⅜	67⅜	Un Air	38	37½
El Pr & L	*33⅜	33⅜	Un Pac	77	76⅜
Flintkote	13⅛	13⅜	Un A Line	13	13½
Gen Elec	31⅛	31⅛	Un Corp	0 3/16	0⅛
Gen Mot	41	41	„ $3 pfd	23½	23½
Gen Rly	13⅜	*14	Un G Imp	6⅞	6⅞
Gen T & R	*12⅝	12⅝	U S Rub	24⅛	25½
Goodrich	18½	18½	U S Steel	55⅛	55⅛
Goodyear	18⅜	18⅜	Vanad	*23⅝	24⅛
Gt N I O	16⅜	16⅛	Vultee	9⅜	9⅜
Gt N Rly	24⅝	24⅛	Walworth	*4⅛	4⅝
Gt W Sug	25⅛	25⅛	War Br Pt	5½	5½
Int Nickel	29⅛	29⅛	West Elec	*86⅛	86
Int P & P	17½	17⅞	Wood Ir	*25⅛	*25½

BONDS

Am Fr Pr	65⅛	65⅛	Erie	31⅛	32
Aust Com	*70⅛	71⅛	Int T & T	49⅛	50
Brazil	22⅛	22⅜	N E G & E	66⅛	66⅜
„ 6½%	19⅜	19⅜	Sthrn Pac	49⅛	50
C S P & L	94⅛	94⅜	St G & E	*85⅛	85½

*—Bid. ‡—Subject to Confirmation.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Quiet and irregular conditions were witnessed on the Stock Exchange today. Trading was featured by the gains in sugar shares on rumours that the United States might buy additional Cuban sugar for Britain under the Lease-Lend Act. The gains in sugar attracted some speculative interest, and had a steadying influence on the list. Observers said that the market was still under the influence of tax fears, although most brokers believe that any new bill would be considerably different from Mr. Henry Morgenthau's proposal to limit corporate profits.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 29.

Quietly firm conditions prevailed on the London Stock Exchange today, with shipping issues outstanding. Cunard White Star Line was quoted at 9s 3d. again 8s. 3d. on encouraging revenue figures.

Small rises were also recorded in British gilt-edged securities, home rails and oils, except Anglo-Iranian.

Industrials were mixed, with small advances recorded in tobaccos, rayons and textiles being offset by setbacks in buildings and breweries.

South American rails continued to be firm, but foreign bonds ruled dull with Brazilians and Japanese issues easing slightly.—Reuter.

Sept.	26	29
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£105 11/16	106
3% Defence Loan	101¼	101⅜
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	48	48
4½% Anglo-French Loan	46	46
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	29½	29½
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	38	38
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	10	10
5% Honan Rly., 1905	14	14
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	15	15
5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	17	17
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	13	13
5% „ „ G.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	13	13
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	13	13
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	60	60
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	24½	24½
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	27½	27½
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	9 5/16	9¼
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	77	77½
„ „ „ (Col. Reg.)	85 N	85 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11¼	12
National Bank of India	32⅞	32⅞
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/6	10/7½
B'tish American Tobacco	91/3	91/10½
Dunlop Rubber	36/10½	36/10½
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/10½	32/-
United Steel	23/7½	†23/-
Woolworths	58/-	58/-
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	15/6	15/6
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Marsman Investments	7/6	7/6
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	143/9	143/9
Western Holdings	19/-	19/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	40½	40¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London. Midland & Scot.	15	15⅛
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	53/1½	54/4½

†—Ex dividend.

Teheran Exchange Rate Altered by Decree

Teheran, Sept. 30.

The sterling exchange rate was altered by decree yesterday from 174 to 140 reales to the pound. The dollar rate was reduced from 45 to 35 reales.—Reuter.

Finns in Difficult Position; Likely Reject Warning

BY REUTER'S DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

London, Sept. 30.

German military and economic pressure on the Finnish Government has become so intense that it appears likely that the Finns will reject the British warning against continuing the Russian war. It is known that there are large numbers of Finns who are earnestly longing for peace, but, according to reports reaching London, the Nazis in Helsinki are using every form of pressure to compel the Finns to continue to fight.

The Finnish situation is indeed difficult. Not only are German troops on Finnish soil, but Germany, unlike Britain, is in a position to exert severe economic pressure on that country, for Germany has always been an important customer for Finnish goods.

Disastrous Effects

Any decision by the Finnish Government to succumb to German threat and blandishments will inevitably have disastrous effects on Finland's position. Not only will she lose the chance of gaining peace, but she will be throwing away the inestimable political and economic advantages of improved relations with Britain and America, as well as the opportunity of having her independent place at the conference when peace is achieved.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 29.

The cotton market opened firm, with quotations ruling from 6 to 15 points up, on covering, mill and Wall Street buying, payment of an additional subsidy to Canada, expectations of a higher parity and renewed talk of a holding movement. Later, the market reacted partially on profit taking and hedging to close steady, with quotations finishing from 18 to 26 points up from the previous final levels.

Firm conditions were early witnessed in the Chicago Wheat Pit on professional buying and light receipts, but later producers liquidation pared full gains. At the final bell, gains of ⅝ cent were registered.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Oct.	16.55-55	+21	Dec.	22.45-48	unc.
Dec.	16.77-77	+21		B/A	
Jan.	16.83-83	+20	Mar.	22.10-30	unc.
Mar.	16.99-7.01	+18		B/A	
May	17.16-17	+25			
July	17.20-20	+26			

N. Y. Sugar No. 3			N. Y. Sugar No. 4		
Jan.	2.94-95 B/A	+06	Dec.	2.62B-63A	+22
			Mar.	2.53 B	+25
Mar.	2.93-94 B/A	+06	May	2.53 B	+25

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Dec.	122⅞-123	+⅝	Dec.	82-81⅞	unc.
May	127¼-127⅛	+⅝	May	87¾-87⅝	—⅛

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 29.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13 11/16 unc; sellers 13 13/16 unc; Oct. del. buyers 13 11/16 unc; sellers 13 13/16 unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash buyers £256 unc; sellers £256¼ unc; 3 mths del. buyers £259¾ unc; sellers £260, unc.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H.	p.b. Cash	$1,831
Tungchow cotton	per picul	450
Shanghai cotton	per picul	380
		picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%		$7,500 Nom.
Flour, local	per bag (49lb.)	$34.75
Flour, imported	„	33.20

London Bullion

London, Sept. 29.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce: 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: The market was quietly steady, with small industrial demand satisfied by official selling.

Spot .... 23½d. unc.
Forward .... 23 7/16d. unc.
—Reuter.

S. Rhodesia's Rapid Output of Munitions

Lusaka, Sept. 30.

The production of munitions in the copper-belt is progressing rapidly, and the first consignment accepted by Southern Rhodesia War Supplies Committee was described as 100 per cent. perfect. It is hoped that more mines will make other small parts, thus using the colony's machinery and skilled labour to the best advantage for the war effort.

The appeal for munitions workers was very satisfactory, women recruits turning out component parts with a high degree of efficiency. The output of copper in August was the highest for a considerable time.—Reuter.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE Girls' Friendly Society will hold their first meeting of the season tomorrow October 2, at 5.15 p.m. at their club room, 243 Kiangse Road.

ALL items of clothing went up in price from 6.25 per cent. for fancy twills to 16.78 per cent. for printed shirtings, it was shown in a review of the market by the S.M.C. for September.

A JAPANESE Residents' Corporation will be opened in Pukow early in November owing to the great increase in the Japanese population reports the "Shanghai Mainichi."

AT 9.30 p.m. today John Harford will give his weekly talk "As I see It," from Station XGDN. The short story by J. Ellis Williams, "Big Business," will be read at 10 o'clock.

THE Shanghai Lodge of the Theosophical Society of Point Loma, California, will resume its weekly public studygroup meetings on Tuesday, October 7, at 6 p.m. at 213-C Grosvenor Gardens.

MEMBERS of the Scandinavian Women's Association are reminded that its first meeting of the season will be held tomorrow, October 2, at 4 p.m. at the Cercle Sportif Francais. Guests will be welcome.

THROUGH tickets connecting Shanghai and Korean cities, for passengers and freight, will be sold by the Central China Railway Company from now until further notice, the "Shanghai Mainichi" yesterday reported.

STATION XMHD reminds all boys and girls that the weekly programme of the Young Folk's Hour will be on the air again this evening at 6.30, and Uncle George reminds them to "come prepared" when they tune in.

A CHINESE woman was removed from 509/8 Tatung Road to St. Elizabeth's Hospital at 8.45 a.m. yesterday when she was found to be suffering from opium poisoning. It was believed that she made an attempt to commit suicide.

An S.F.B. emergency ambulance was called out to the corner of Peking and Shantung Roads at 10.25 a.m. yesterday when a Chinese male was knocked down by a motorcar. He was removed to St. Luke's Hospital, suffering from fracture of his right foot.

THE Central Reserve Bank of Nanking will open a branch office at Ningpo today and another at Yangchow on October 10, according to the "Shanghai Mainichi." The bank now has branch offices in Hangchow, Soochow, Pengpu, Changshu, Nantung and Shanghai.

THROUGH an error, it was reported yesterday that an employee of the Chekiang Cinema had committed suicide by taking poison. It was learned yesterday that the man in question was removed from one of the houses in the vicinity and was not an employee of the theatre.

VICE-ADMIRAL Taiji, Ota, director of the Central China Liason Office of the Asia Development Board was expected to return to Shanghai yesterday by a Japanese vessel from Tokyo where he has held consultations with the local authorities concerned regarding economic policies to be carried out and other matters, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo."

DURING October the following pharmacies in the French Concession will be opened at night: Pharmacie Generale, 949 Avenue Joffre, Russian Public Pharmacy, 23 Rte. Paul Henry Public Pharmacy, 664 Ave. Joffre Standard Pharmacy, 710 Ave. Joffre Asiatic Pharmacy, 1918 Ave. Joffre Poo Lee Pharmacy, 881 Avenue Joffre and Poo Lee Pharmacy 9 Avenue Dubail.

AN American mission school and an orphanage operated by an Australian mission in Shiukwan were hit by bombs and badly damaged when 72 Japanese planes raided the city on Monday, states a Chinese report. The machines flew over the Chinese military base in northern Kwangtung, in formations of nine, dropped a number of incendiary bombs causing many fires to break out.

THERE was a good attendance at the opening yesterday of the oil colour paintings exhibition of Messrs. Chow Pezchou, Tsien Ting and Chu Chichan in the art gallery on the third floor of the Sun Company at the intersection of Lloyd and Yu Ya Ching Road. The exhibition will continue until October 5, being open daily from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. More than 100 oil colour paintings are on display.

A BABY contest will be held here under the auspices of the Japanese Residents' Corporation on October 15, when a prize will be awarded to the healthiest infant of the local Japanese community. A Japanese report states that entries will be restricted to babies born after October, 1940. Entries will be accepted until October 5. Shanghai physicians and midwives here will be judges of the contest.

ON account of the Jewish holiday, this week's lecture-recital course in music appreciation will be held on Saturday at 5 p.m. instead of Wednesday at the University of Shanghai, Music Department, 20 Museum Road, 5th floor. The lecturer will be Dr. A. Dreifuss and the collaborating soloists will be Mme. Sabina Rapp, alto, Dr. A. Wolff, piano. The subject will be "Church and Oratory Music," notably with regard to the creations of J. S. Bach and his contemporaries

CONFLICTING reports have been reaching here regarding the fate of Changsha. Its wireless communication with Shanghai was reported yesterday to have been suspended by cable companies. The military situation in the Hunan capital is obscure and severe fighting between the Chinese and Japanese was reported to be raging on the outskirts of the city. On Monday postal and other remittances from Shanghai were still being accepted by local Chinese banks for Changsha.

THE Missions to Seamen acknowledge with grateful thanks the following gifts during the month of September: Books and Magazines from:—

North-China Daily News, Shanghai Times, China Press, Lloyd's Shipping Review, Lady Noble, Messrs. A. Piercy, J. Moffatt, R. E. Salmon, V. G. Bowden, A. C. Sinclair, A. B Wilkinson, J. E. Gray, S. C. Smith, R. L. Read, Mesdames Hay, F. W. Carey, H. B. Roe, A. W. Macthrel, Kenneth MacLeod, Miss M. Malcolm. Records and Playing cards from:—Messrs. Leach, S. C. Smith, R. L. Read and Mrs. G. Riggs.

A REVIEW of the S.M.C. for September showed that rice prices dropped during the month. The price of S.M.C. Rangoon rice was further reduced from $120 to $117 per shih on September 1. This accelerated the downward trend in the rice market here. A good Autumn harvest, the continuously increasing local stocks, announcement of allotment of official exchange rates for the purchase of Rangoon rice, easing of tension in the Pacific during the month and other causes contributed to the improvement of prices, the report stated.

Signs of Nazi Weakening in Occupied Europe

BY "ANNALIST"

London, Sept. 30.

Today is the 100th day of the war on the eastern front. The Russians state that fierce fighting is proceeding all along the front. The Germans make claim to a success north-east of Dnepropetrovsk, but except for the fact that Italian troops are alleged to have shared in the victory, it does not seem to have been a big battle.

It is becoming more and more evident that operations are developing into a war of attrition. Both sides register local successes, but it would seem that any decisive result before winter puts a brake, it not a complete stoppage, upon all military activities, is most unlikely.

That the Germans are feeling this sense of frustration is obvious from news from the occupied countries, where repression and persecution are the order of the day. The trouble does not proceed so much from the increased hostility of the inhabitants, as from the growing weakness of the Germans in dealing with it. The drainage of men is beginning to tell, and to compensate for their fewer numbers of Germans are introducing new and bestial methods of terrorism in the hope of cowing the people.

Nazi Methods Do Not Pay

They will find that this does not pay psychologically, because it is not by shooting hostages that culprits of acts of sabotage are punished. For every person shot, hundreds are antagonised or driven to desperation, and the Gestapo will find a growing opposition which will call for increased severities and greater police forces.

The terroristic methods in France, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Norway, and above all Poland, are therefore an index of the low moral of the Germans, and an indication of a spirit of defeatism.

As, in this war, the question of moral resistance and the spirit of sacrifice will be determining issues, this revealing exhibition of German tendencies is most encouraging, although the lot of those exposed to their vengeful spite is greatly to be deplored.

There is no definite news of the fighting in the Crimea, apart from reports that the Germans have been very active in strafing railway and road communications in the peninsular. Their attempts to advance have made no progress.—Reuter.

Japanese Watching Duff-Cooper With Interest—Koh Ishii

Tokyo, Sept. 30.

The current heavy military operations all over China are parallel with diplomatic efforts to solve the China question, and the latter are only indirect, Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Cabinet Information Board, told foreign correspondents at a press conference this morning when asked about the effect of the former on the present Washington discussions.

Asked if the Japanese Government shares the concern of the Tokyo press over Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper's activities in East Asia, the spokesman said that Mr. Duff-Cooper had made no secret of his inclinations and the Japanese were naturally watching him with interest.

"I rather admire his frankness," the spokesman said when referring to statements made by Mr. Duff-Cooper.

With regard to Japanese-Soviet talks regarding floating Soviet mines in the Japan sea, the spokesman remarked that it was rather ironical that a recent liner carrying Soviet Embassy officials to Vladivostock from Japan encountered a loose mine off the Korean coast.

Commenting on the examination of the Anhui evacuees, the spokesman declared that if there was any question of severity of treatment it should be applied to the Japanese evacuees leaving Singapore and other British ports who, according to reports received by the Japanese Government, were forced to strip to the skin to be examined and were in many ways treated like prisoners.—Reuter.

British and German Wounded Prisoners To Be Exchanged

London, Sept. 30.

Seriously wounded British prisoners of war in Germany and 500 chaplains and medical services personnel will probably be repatriated next month.

This was announced by Mr. Duncan Sandys, Financial Secretary to the War Office, in a broadcast last night.

The repatriation will be carried out in two British hospital-ships, and the British prisoners will be exchanged for German prisoners, who will embark at a south coast port and be landed at a northern France port.

Prisoners Number 1,150

A Swiss hospital train has been placed at the disposal of the German authorities for the repatriation of the British prisoners, who number some 1,150, according to a message from Berne.

The train will take some 800 wounded British prisoners across France to a French Channel port, where they will be exchanged for an equal number of German prisoners, who will arrive there by hospital ship from Britain.

The exchange is expected to begin early in October.—Reuter.

Slovak Premier Denies Assassination Attempt

Vienna, Sept. 30.

M. Bela Tuka, Premier of Slovakia, denied yesterday in a telephonic interview with the United Press foreign reports that an attempt had been made to assassinate him. He appeared to be surprised when informed of the report.

"Thank God there is not one word of truth in the report," he declared. "It is obviously an invention and not worth a formal denial."—United Press.

Berlin Denies Attempt

London, Sept. 30.

A denial that any attempt has been made on the life of Dr. Tuka, puppet Premier of Slovakia, was broadcast over Berlin radio yesterday on the authority of a despatch from Bratislava.—Reuter.

Gen. Wavell Returns To India

London, Sept. 30.

Gen. Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of British forces in India, has left for India, according to the Ankara wireless. General Wavell and General Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East, conferred at Baghdad on Friday and Saturday regarding details of co-operation between India and the Middle East on an anti-Axis front.—Reuter.

Deportation of Harry Bridges Recommended

San Francisco, Sept. 30.

Judge Charles Sears, Special Examiner for the Department of Justice, yesterday held that Mr. Harry Bridges, West Coast Congress of Industrial Organization leader, had been a Communist and recommended his deportation as a native of Australia.

Under the new United States law, membership in a party "which advocates overthrow by force and violence the Government of the United States" makes Mr. Bridges subject to deportation because he is an alien.

Mr. Albert del Guericio, Immigration Department Attorney, announced that Judge Sears had recommended Mr. Bridges' deportation to Australia as an undesirable alien. Judge Sears also rejected a motion by Mr. Bridges' attorney for a re-opening of the hearings.

The recommendation was presented to Mr. Francis Biddle, Solicitor-General in Washington, who is not bound to follow the recommendation but may submit it to a special board of review or act on it himself by ordering the arrest of Mr. Bridges.

The C.I.O. leader was believed to be in New York, where the arrest would be made if ordered.

A Proven Communist

Judge Sears informed Mr. Biddle that the hearings proved Mr. Bridges was a communist and was affiliate with the Marine Workers' Industrial Union which "is part of the Communist Party and dominated and controlled by it."

Judge Sears said his decision was influenced by the testimony of other labour officials and Mr. Bridges himself whose "inconsistent statement regarding his connection with the 'Waterfront Worker', a communist publication" helped in the decision. The hearings established that Mr. Bridges was the editor of the "Waterfront Worker" almost from the time of its inception.

Rejecting Mr. Bridges' charges that evidence had been obtained by wire-tapping, at present illegal when participated in by Federal investigators, Judge Sears declared that "there was no evidence of wire-tapping prior to or during the trial......I am satisfied that subsequent to the hearing the Federal Bureau of Investigation did indulge in wire-tapping activities."

"Boring From Within"

Judge Sears declared that "there is evidence that Mr. Bridges co-operated with known communists and often shared their views, political and social, and particularly on labour questions....In my judgement, these instances, viewed as a whole, form a pattern consistent with the conclusion he followed this course as an affiliate of the communist party rather than as a matter of chance and coincidence."

Judge Sears said that in many instances since 1932, Mr. Bridges' views and conduct "were actually the same conduct and views the communist party espoused." He declared that Mr. Bridges' "position" of non-discrimination (against union men) actually amounted to co-operation with the communist party in a programme of penetration and boring from within."—United Press.

Germans Ready to Take Donetz Basin

Berlin, Sept. 30.

German military forces are prepared to smash into the Donetz basin and reach the great industrial sections of the East Ukraine, an authorized military spokesman declared yesterday, thus confirming previous reports that there would be no slackening of the German drive into this vital section of Russia.

"The German advance there already approaches the line it reached only during the fourth year of the World War, in March, 1918," this authorized spokesman declared.

"The German southern wing continues its powerful progress east of the Dnieper," he added.

Reports Considered Premature

The spokesman did not mention the names of places taken by the Germans, and competent German quarters declared that foreign reports that German troops had reached the Donetz river or had flanked Kharkov were premature.

D.N.B., official German news agency, reported that the German shelling of the Soviet ports of Oranienbaum and Kronstadt was continued throughout Sunday for the third day.

D.N.B. also reported that 29 Russian planes were destroyed Sunday, 23 of them in aerial combats and six on the ground. The Luftwaffe, said the agency, concentrated its attacks on railway lines and reserve troop concentrations. Several troop transports were destroyed by direct hits while railway lines were cut in numerous places.

German authorized sources said that the annihilation of three enemy divisions in the Dniepropetrovsk sector and the 13,000 prisoners captured there was proof that the German southern wing was steadily advancing east of the Dnieper.—United Press.

Colette Expected to Be Tried Shortly

Paris, Sept. 29.

The examining magistrate in charge of the case of Paul Colette, would-be murderer of former Premier Pierre Laval and M. Marcel Deat, editor-in-chief of "L'Oeuvre," today sent the complete file on the case to the State Prosecutor's office.

It is expected that Colette will be tried shortly by the State Tribunal.—Havas Telemondial.

German Minister Arrives In Vichy

Vichy, Sept. 28.

Herr Schleir, Minister Attaché to the German Embassy in Paris, arrived here at 8.00 p.m. this evening by motor.

He was accompanied by M. Francois Lehideux, Delegate-General for National Equipment.

Both of them will lunch today with Marshal Philippe Petain, the Chief of State.—Havas Telemondial.

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SHIPPING NEWS

The Khai Dinh, M.M. Line, is to sail from her berth at lower buoys 13 and 14 on Friday morning bound for Haiphong and Saigon with a considerable cargo as well as passengers.

* * *

The Nagasaki Maru, T.K.K. Line, is expected to sail on her return trip to Nagasaki at 9.30 a.m today. Passengers are requested to board the vessel at least half an hour before sailing time.

* * *

The Morazan, Panamanian freighter operated by Wallem and Co., is already in port, having arrived on Monday after a delay of one day. The vessel arrived from Santos with a full cargo of cotton.

* * *

Chartered by T.K.K., the Panamanian freighter Needwood, will shift sometime today to lower buoys 28 and 29. The freighter is to sail again on Friday morning on her return trip to Tientsin via Tsingtao and Chefoo.

* * *

The Taiyo Maru, T.K.K. liner, is expected to enter port sometime this afternoon coming from Kobe. She will dock alongside the company's Wayside Wharf. She is bringing many passengers and a consignment of mail.

* * *

Another French vessel, Bernardin de Saint Pierre, M.M. Line is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow from Haiphong with a full cargo of coal. A meeting tender with passengers from the ship will reach Customs Jetty at about 9.30 a.m. tomorrow.

* * *

The following vessels were expected in port yesterday: The Hellenic Trader, under charter to the Shanghai Power Company, from Palembang with a cargo of coal; the Herleik, under charter to the K.M.A. from Chingwangtao with a cargo of coal.

* * *

The following vessels left port yesterday: a big steamer, bound for the United States via Hongkong and Honolulu with a large number of passengers as well as cargo and a consignment of mail, and the Tikugo Maru, T.K.K. freighter, bound for Bangkok via Amoy, Swatow and way ports.

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Antai	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Hsuchow	Tientsin	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Pres. Pierce	Am.	A.P.L.
Tsingtao M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Tikugo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Henderson	Am.	—
Albert Sarraut	Fr.	Wallem
Mitimei M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nitto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Anshing	Jap.	T.K.K.

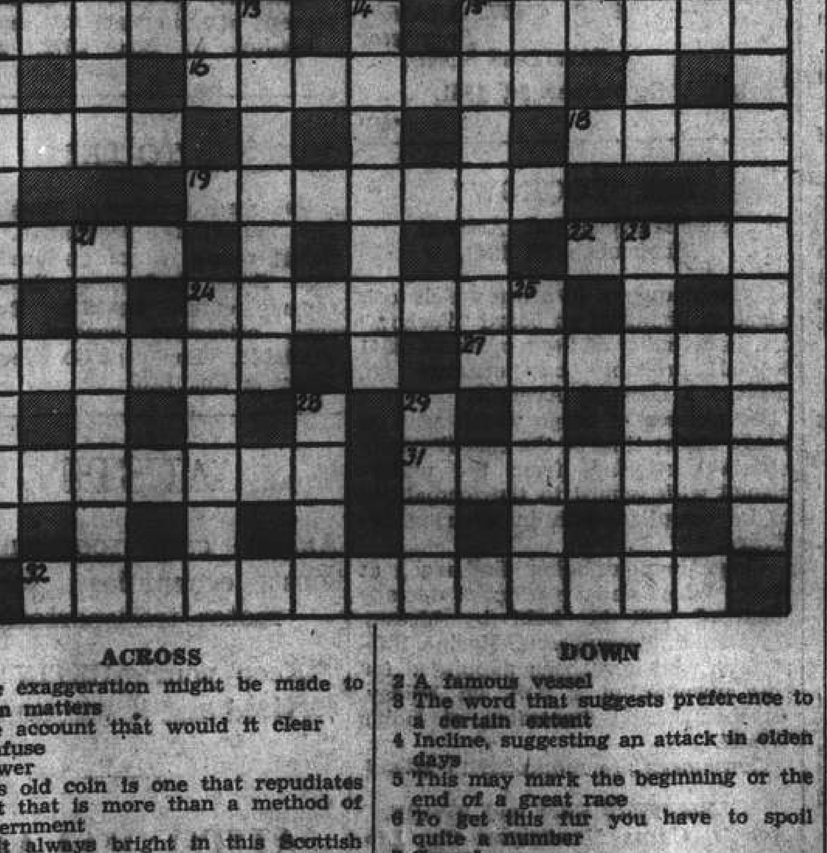
Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	Garden Jetty
Britrea	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2/B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-3 B.

According to the latest announcement, the Maréchal Joffre, flying the tricolor of France and the pennant of the M.M. Line, will arrive in Shanghai at 8 a.m. tomorrow instead of today as previously announced. The vessel is coming from Saigon after having touched at Manila. She will tie up alongside Hunt's Wharf and is bringing 32,000 bags of rice, 100 tons of general cargo and 235 passengers including 197 Japanese evacuees from the Philippine Islands.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 613

(*By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph"*)



ACROSS

1 The exaggeration might be made to even matters
10 The account that would it clear
11 Confuse
12 Flower
15 This old coin is one that repudiates
16 Diet that is more than a method of government
17 Is it always bright in this Scottish island?
18 This needs scope to make it a useful instrument
19 Not exactly the speech of a B.B.C. announcer
20 English river that sounds muddy
22 Something more for the motorist to look for in the road
24 A criminal, and following a vessel too
26 Feeling, probably unfriendly
27 This old master shows a bird before a Scotsman
30 Kind of tobacco
31 No, this kind of wave is not necessarily destructive
32 Disease started by a germ getting misplaced

DOWN

2 A famous vessel
3 The word that suggests preference to a certain extent
4 Incline, suggesting an attack in olden days
5 This may mark the beginning or the end of a great race
6 To get this fur you have to spoil quite a number
7 Cancel
8 Foresight and a helper are together for the time being
9 What is apparently another hotel meal is far from usual
13 This old master sounds suggestive of a longish sentence from the judge
14 Cultivation over a period of life apparently
15 Lineage, not necessarily showing a come-down in the world
21 One of nine pins
23 No great stream
24 Colloquially nonsense
25 "Drives" (anag.)
28 Early O.T. character
29 A clever change from the brother of 28

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1. Suction; 5. Habitué; 9. Albania; 10. Trumpet; 11. Generated; 12. Poona; 13. Ratio; 15. Imaginary; 17. Spotlight; 19. Tyrol; 22. Delta; 23. Hansom cab; 25. Cracker; 26. All over; 27. Reserve; 28. Elderly. DOWN: 1. Swagger; 2. Cabinet; 3. Inner; 4. Near thing; 5. Hated; 6. Blue-print; 7. Tapioca; 8. Estuary; 14. Oil-tanker; 16. Attenuate; 17. Side-car; 18. Orleans; 20. Recover; 21. Liberty; 23. Horse; 24. Oiled.

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED: Political, economical books and periodicals, annual reports and publications on war economy (1936-1941) in German, French, English and Russian. Detailed offers. Box 2601, NCDN. -4326

GLYCERINE wanted, Reliance Trading Co., 353 Kiangse Road, 4th floor. Telephone 13232 or 18869, Mr. Yu. -4330

WILL pay best prices for all secondhand goods, household, carpets, refrigerators, machines, pianos, radios, sundry cargo. Telephone 96967, 1234 Avenue Edward VII. George Young. -4306

GAS stove with oven wanted, will pay cash. State model, price. Box 2548, NCDN. -4248

PARTY leaving Shanghai interested imported secondhand large wardrobe trunks. Post Office Box 1652. -4259

WANTED to buy stuffers, cutter and chopper for sausage manufacturing. Telephone 14325. -4269

MERCURY, wanted to buy, small or large quantity. Telephone 22272. -4019

BUY all kinds of secondhand furniture, as refrigerator, piano, carpets, radio, etc. Dunlentin, 795 Nanking Road, Telephone 94220. -3647

Rooms with Board

BELMONT House, 15 Keimscott Gardens, well-furnished double/single room, private bathroom. Excellent food. English-owned. -4333

BUSINESS lady wishes share her large room with board, down town, with another lady. Terms reasonable. Box 2567, NCDN. -4277

12 PACIFIC Gardens, Seymour Road. Double room, private bathroom. Excellent food. Telephone 30376. -4207

Rooms without Board

LARGE furnished room with verandah and use of kitchen in modern apartment building. Bubbling Well and Seymour Road locality. Telephone 38586. -4313

LARGE room in apartment, furnished/unfurnished, boxroom, large garden, possible garage. 75/11 Victor Emmanuel. -4344

FURNISHED room with bath for single, all conveniences. French Concession. Telephone 78056, 10-12, 2-5. -4343

WELL-FURNISHED room, apartment centre French Concession, for European quiet single person only. Telephone 80988. -4338

LARGE, furnished southfacing room, bath attached, in modern apartment, Route Paul Henry, for bachelor. Meals optional. Telephone 73477. -4310

LARGE, well-furnished room, central, in modern apartment, to let for single foreign person. Telephone 38446. -4308

TWO large attic rooms, use kitchen, hot water. 1, 9 bus or lift available. Box 2576, NCDN. -4296

Dancing

ELIZABETH Sinclair, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3879

Furnished Houses

TO LET from November 1 thereabouts, beautiful large residence, 349 Amherst Avenue, seven mow, well furnished, very fine reception rooms. Apply J. S. Potter, China Realty Company, 290 Szechuen Road. -11447

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OFFICE, business district, telephone absolutely essential, willing pay reasonable keymoney. Box 2581, NCDN. -4302

BRITISH exporter requires office with use of telephone. Please reply Box 2473, NCDN. -4124

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"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully is Kobe by the Japan Chronicle, on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. The Japan Chronicle gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—Extracts from *U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
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Head Office: 68 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

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Seven or more	" "	20 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	"	20 cts.

Minimum of 14 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy and fine weather with strong northerly winds around Shantung, over our regions and along the coast to the south of the Saddles. Cyclonic rough weather around the Loochoos and the Macclesfield.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 63.0	max. 80.0	min. 61.5	max. 81.5
„ same date last year	min. 69.0	max. 78.0	min. 68.2	max. 79.5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1941 (11th day of 8th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 2, 1.30 p.m. registered and 2.30 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Oct. 2, 1.30 p.m. registered and 2.30 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Oct. 5, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$60
China, Korea and Japan	„	64
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Postal Union Countries	„	122

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan ..	6 mos.	$42
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.

Telegrams: Herald, Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

DEATH

BÉRUBÉ.—On September 29, 1941, at Kweiyang (Kweichow) after a brief illness, M. O. BERUBE, of the Chinese Salt Administration, at the age of 47. 11601

CARD OF THANKS

MRS. PHYLLIS NEWMAN AND FAMILY, finding it impossible to thank all friends who sent flowers, expressions of sympathy and donations to British War Funds during their recent sad bereavement, beg them to accept herein the expression of their heartfelt gratitude.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM LYLE
410 Great Western Road
House 4,
Shanghai.
Telephone 20227. 11604

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

1 Korea annexed by Japan (1910)
1 Rendition of Weihaiwei (1930)
1 Mr. Chamberlain resigned from War Cabinet (1940)

COMING EVENTS

OCTOBER

2 Royal Asiatic Society. Sowerby, lecture on Japanese Mammals, 5.30
3 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
6 'Expertus Choral Society' XGDN 9.30.
8 'Old Time Ballads' by W. T. Fulstow, XGDN, 9.30.
9 P.T.H.O.G.A. Reunion 8A Tifeng Rd, 6
9 K.D.S. Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30.
10 Clifford Odets' Drama 'Till the Day I Die' XGDN, 9.30.
11 Light Opera vocal concert. Salle des Fetes, 11 Rte. Vallon, 8.30
16 Russ. L. Opera, Holland Girl, 8.45 Lyc.
16 Royal Asiatic Society. Mr. Voigt, Lecture on 'A Chinese Lake.' 5.30.

MUNICIPALITY OF GEORGE TOWN, PENANG

(STRAITS SETTLEMENTS)

SECOND OFFICER—FIRE BRIGADE

Early applications from qualified candidates are invited for the above post on a three years' agreement in the first place followed by a permanent appointment if services satisfactory.

Salary on agreement $350 per month during first year, $375 per month during second year and $400 per month during third year.

The permanent appointment rises by annual increments of $25 per month to $550 per month (The value of the Straits Dollar is 2s. 4d. Sterling).

Free quarters, or an allowance in lieu, provided.

Motor car allowance granted, at present $50 per month.

Free passage to Penang with half salary during voyage.

Liberal leave on full salary if appointment made permanent.

Candidates must have served in a Fire Brigade of a large town for at least six years and must be Associate Members of the Institute of Fire Engineers or of a similar body.

T. W. DOUGLAS,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Office,
George Town,
Penang, September 5, 1941.

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION No. 1654

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Friday, October 10, 1941, being a Customs Holiday, the Custom House will be closed and the shipment and delivery of cargo suspended on that date.

L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, September 30, 1941. 11607

NOTICE

The public is hereby notified that no person except Mr. E.V.A. de Becker is authorized either to sign for or hold himself out as being a representative, directly or indirectly, of this firm. de Becker Law and Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House. 11600

If you knew nothing about cars, you could buy a Ford on faith, with full assurance that you had bought great value.

BILLS MOTORS
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NOTICE

Amendment in Pilotage Tariff as approved by the General Chamber of Commerce.

1. The maximum charge for shifting to be increased from eight to twelve miles.
2. A surcharge of 25 per cent. to be made for night work.
3. A cancellation fee of 25 per cent. of the tariff rate to be charged in the case of a pilot ordered at Woosung but not taken, unless six hours notice of such cancellation is given to the Pilots' Association. This cancellation fee not to apply in the case of a Pilot ordered at the Fairway Bell Buoy Pilot Station.
4. A charge of Fifty Dollars to be made for information given by the Pilots' Association regarding tides etc. in cases where no Pilot is subsequently taken.

Effective as from October 1, 1941.
Shanghai Licensed Pilots' Association

A. JOURDAN,
Manager. 11596

NOTICE

The Margaret Williamson Hospital wishes to announce that, beginning October 1, 1941, the branch Maternity at 892 Avenue Edward VII will be closed. Patients registered at that unit can be taken care of at the main hospital, 850 Rte de Zikawei. 11604

NOTICE

If a grey parrot with a red tail is offered for Sale, please communicate with MacGregor Pringle and Company, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road as the bird has been stolen. 11606

NOTICE

The undersigned partners take pleasure in announcing the opening of their firm:

Shanghai Export-Import and Finance Co., Ltd.

"SHEXFIN"

Export, Import, Financing and Insurance

59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

J. I. BEERBRAYER
A. J. DOMBROVSKY
D. J. SHLAU

Shanghai, October 1, 1941. 4324

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney granted by us to LACHAMANDAS KHEMCHAND SANBHNANI (known as L. K. SANBHNANI) has been revoked as from September 29, 1941 and that accordingly he is no longer authorised to act on behalf of our firm.

S. S. CHELLARAM,
Proprietor
SANTDAS SONS.

Shanghai, September 30, 1941. 4331

S.S. "YOCHOW"

Tientsin/Shanghai, Arrived September 27, 1941.

In consequence of a fire which took place in Shanghai on board "Yochow" on the evening of September 27, 1941 it will probably be necessary to declare a General Average.

Consignees of cargo which was on board at the time of the casualty may obtain particulars from the undersigned with regard to the formalities to be complied with in securing delivery.

Cargo is now being discharged at Holt's Wharf and a survey of damage incurred will be held by Messrs Paulsen & Bayes-Davy, Marine Surveyors, who have been appointed for this purpose, at 2 p.m. on Friday, October 3, and thereafter, at Holt's Wharf.

Consignees are requested to attend.

BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION Co. LTD. 11602

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THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHINA, LIMITED.

20 Museum Road

ARTHUR DE CARLE SOWERBY, ESQ.

will give a Lecture open to the public at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, October 2, 1941.

entitled

"THE MAMMALS OF THE JAPANESE ISLANDS, POSSESSIONS AND MANDATED TERRITORIES"

illustrated by lantern slides.

The chair will be taken by

A. H. GEORGE, ESQ., C.M.G. 11602

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

Business done during this week will be for settlement on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, October 7 and 8, 1941.

This Exchange will be closed for the transaction of business on MONDAY, October 6 and FRIDAY, October 10, 1941.

E. H. PARROTT
Secretary.

Shanghai, September 30, 1941. 11599

MALAYAN RUBBER COMPANIES

Advertiser requires more capital in order to increase his holdings in good Malayan Rubber Companies which owing to exchange restrictions are rapidly accumulating large sums of money in Malaya, and which eventually must be distributed in dividends in Shanghai.

Will only deal with institutions or persons of unimpeachable integrity.

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TO LET

Detached residence, Tunsin Road, for immediate occupation. Three living rooms, large enclosed verandah, three bedrooms, three bathrooms, central heating. Two garages, attractive garden. Fittings available. For card to view, apply Algar & Co., Ltd. 11592

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26, The Bund. *General Manager.*

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One, half, two mow, three mow, for sale. Buildings to let. Land with buildings for sale. Two foreign residence for sale.

MCMICHAEL'S AGENCY. 4319

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the injured in Air Raids and the brave Army of Red Cross workers who tend them and

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medical equipment by giving to the Red Cross and St. John War Organisation through

The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055 Extension 5

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Report	Sept. 29 16.00	Sept. 29 21.00	Sept. 30 4.00	Sept. 30 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.99	30.03	29.99	30.02
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.01	+0.01	—0.01	—0.03
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.01	—0.02	0.00	—0.01
Wind (direction)	NNE	NE/N	N	NNE
„ (miles per hour)	8.1	9.3	6.1	13.7
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.4°	67.6°	65.5°	71.4°
Humidity (per cent)	65	89	84	74
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	3	0	3	3
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 29	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.02	+0.08	30.00
Temperature: min. 59.1° max. 82.4°	71.1°	+0.9°	69.1°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	56.82	—	38.18

Time and Tide	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.47	5.47	5.48	5.49	5.50	5.50	5.51
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.40	17.39	17.38	17.37	17.35	17.34	17.33
Moon rises at Shanghai	15.15	15.53	16.30	17.06	17.40	18.15	18.50
Moon sets at Shanghai	1.44	2.42	3.38	4.34	5.28	6.22	7.15
Flood makes Shai. (day)	7.13	8.50	9.40	10.11	10.31	10.50	11.05
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	12.43	13.25	14.00	14.34	15.09	15.45	16.21
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	9.03	10.05	10.45	11.22	11.53	12.22	12.49
Ht. above L.L.W. (feet)	7.60	8.90	10.40	11.15	11.05	11.18	11.25

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 29th:—Normal and steady pressure over China: unsteady over Japan. Typhoon to the west of north Luzon stationary: other typhoon over the Pacific moving northwestward. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather, locally cloudy in China.

State on the morning of the 30th:—Fine weather. Heavy dew. Northerly breezes. High and steady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the center at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 24, longitude 131, direction north, intensity: Violent. Small typhoon at 2 p.m. still near the Macclesfield almost stationary.—Siccawei Observatory.

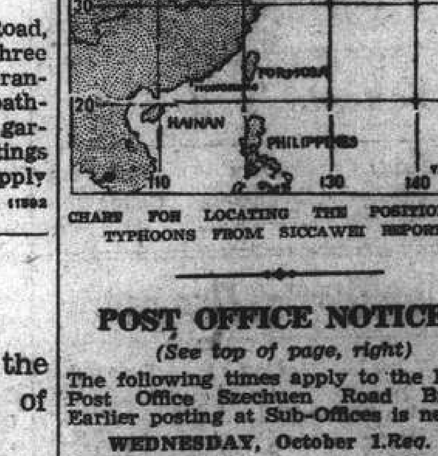

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

	Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, October 1.		
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	7.15
Swatow	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
THURSDAY, October 2.		
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai.	9.30	10.00
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	10.30	11.00
Swatow	12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. & India, Suez (via Singapore	A 13.00	14.30
Hongkong and Canton	14.00	14.30
Indo-China	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia	18.30	20.00
FRIDAY, October 3.		
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton ...	X*20.00	8.00
Amoy and Fukien Province via Amoy	8.30	9.00
Hunan West Hupeh Kwangtung Kwangsi Yunnan Kweichow and Szechuen via Amoy	8.30	9.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	11.30	12.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S. and F.M.S., closes at 12.00 on 2nd.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on October 5, 1941.)

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore on Oct. 2, at 1.30 p.m. for registered and at 2.30 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking and Hankow daily at 10.30 p.m. (Except Saturdays.)

Anking and Kiukiang at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Tientsin and Peiping daily at 10.30 p.m. (Except Saturdays.)

Tsinan, Tungshan, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Sinsiang, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen at 10.30 p.m. on Mondays, Tuesday, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Tsingtao at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Thursdays.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong by the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 9.30 p.m.

Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.

Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

I. C. Milk Fund

Waco Window Cleaning	$13		
Rosenzweig, Hermann	4		
Lauffer, Mrs.	5	Futter, Dr.	1
Anonymous	12	Fueredi, Fritz ...	5
Haas, Bella	10	Szigeti, Dr. B. ..	5
Mick, J. and S.	30	Bauer, Kurt	10

BED COVERINGS
at their best—a comfort to the sleepless, a joy to all and an ornament to any room—
QUILLETTES
PILE FABRIC BED COVERS
"Soft Colours and Sweet Sleep"
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

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Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

CHINESE counter saleslady, having experience and knowledge of English, required for ladies' fashion shop. Old England, 197 Seymour Road. 4321

ATTRACTIVE young Chinese lady secretary (age 18-25) wanted for office. Must be able to speak English and translate from English into Chinese. Call at 994/B Avenue Joffre, October 3, 10 a.m. 4318

STRUCTURAL draughtsman required by large engineering firm in Malaya. Young man with good knowledge of steelwork design and detailing, and with some experience in reinforced concrete will be preferred. Write giving full particulars to Box 2579 NCDN.

WANTED by export firm, correspondent/general office clerk, experienced in piecegoods line. Address Box 2557, NCDN. 4287

Business Opportunities

TO BE taken over, centre Concession, Paul Henry district, grocery shop. Equipment, fittings, refrigerator, telephone, gas-cooker; living quarters. Good running business. US$1,100. Rent $105. Box 2231, NCDN. 3660

FOR SALE, China Finance Corporation preferred shares. Bona fide offers only. Box 2566, NCDN. 11575

WANTED U.S. dollars paid in America against local currency; or local merchandise and or real estate. Telephone 22272. 4013

LEATHERGOODS factory, producing exquisite hits for export, invites interested parties and purchasing managers to inspect their samples, etc. For appointment ring up Wilting 51172. 3664

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED Chrysler, Buick, 1939/40, good condition. Offers with full particulars, Box 2589, NCDN. 4328

1941 Dodge Luxury Liner, 1938 Fiat Balilla. Telephone 70830 office hours.

1940 Ford coupe, white tyres, rear wheel guards, radio, new battery, 19 m.p.g. as new. Owner driven. US$1,350 cash. No brokers. Telephone 77091, 12-2 p.m. 11898

1936 Ford V8 sedan, good condition, for sale as owner wants to leave Shanghai next week, willing to sell at US$520. Telephone 77206. 4300

1935 American Willys 77, sedan de-luxe, 4-cylinder, 25 m.p.g. perfect condition throughout, bargain $9,500, owner leaving, Box 2560, NCDN. 11571

1939 Dodge De luxe. Box 2551, NCDN. 4287

Office Cars

LIFT offered three times daily, three seats from neighbourhood of Route Cardinal Mercier to Avenue Edward VII/Bund, in small car, time 8.30 a.m., 12-1.45 p.m. Address Box 2593, NCDN. 4332

Miscellaneous

MAUSER bullets: the E-W brand of bullet-proof vests will stop the Mauser bullets. V stands for vest. The E-W vest is guaranteed bullet-proof. Telephone 22272. 1780

Radios

POWERFUL 6-tube Admiral, for sale. $500 Brand-new. Nightly reception London, San-Francisco, etc. Owner buying larger set. Telephone 34865, 8-9 p.m.

WANTED to hire or purchase good condition medium size Radio-Victrola or Victrola (electric). Reasonable price. Telephone 15650 Ext. 904. 4311

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 11589

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET immediately, newly decorated complete house, western district, modern conveniences. 7 rooms, 3 bathrooms, kitchen, garage, servants' rooms, garden; or 3 separate flats with separate baths. Telephone 14844 office hours. 4315

TO LET, unfurnished house in Tunsin Road. Four living rooms, five bedrooms, ample servants' quarters, two garages, central heating and beautiful garden. Immediate occupation. Address Box 2597, NCDN. 4339

EIGHT rooms, detached residence, large garden, every modern comfort, rent US$200, to responsible party. Box 2574, NCDN. 4294

RESIDENCE on Avenue Joffre near Route Winling containing 10 rooms, three bathrooms, large beautiful garden available for immediate occupation. Suitable for diplomatic or consular officials. Monthly rental US$150. Address Box 2564, NCDN. 11572

TO LET, four-roomed house, two-roomed flat, modern conveniences, steamheating, with big garden. Apply Lane 42, 19 Tunsin Road. 11570

LARGE residence to let Yu Yuen Road district. Further particulars apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road, telephone 11169. 11449

Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table cloths, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 1987, NCDN. 3841

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $3.30.

YOUNG, intelligent lady, hardworking, conscientious, seeks position as beginner steno-typist. Salary immaterial. Box 2590, NCDN. 4323

EXPERIENCED young Chinese stenotypist and office assistant, seeks position. A1 references. Post Office Box 1469. 4299

YOUNG graduate from university commercial faculty, perfect knowledge of Russian, English, Mandarin and Japanese, English typewriting, looks for a start in some firm of good standing. Salary not important. Address Box 2577, NCDN. 4297

BEGINNER seeks position as stenotypist. Neat, Fast. Accurate. Reasonable salary. Good education. Box 2421, NCDN. 3907

TRUSTWORTHY, experienced Chinese, 43, seeks executive secretaryship or editorial work. English author. Expert compiler. Box 2547, NCDN. 4244

YOUNG man, 30, speaks Chinese, wide electrical experience, knowledge diesel, chemistry, spinning, requires position. Box 2449, NCDN. 4046

YOUNG intelligent Polish lady, long experience with children, speaking English, Russian, Polish, sewing, seeks employment. 84 Route Pichon, Polish Committee, Telephone 77946. 4135

Educational

PEKING dialect given free by Chinese gentleman after 3.30 p.m. in exchange for English conversation and friendship. Box 2584, NCDN. 4308

SINGING, Piano, Mrs. F. Kann, graduate Petrograd Conservatory. 150 des Soeurs, appointment by telephone 75914. 3990

MUSIC school teachers: Bronislawa Gerstel, piano; Hans Bergmann, tenor. Specialty: breathing technique. 410 Chaufoun Road. 3986

GERMAN lessons Mr. A. Stirner (former German teacher Tungchi University), has a few vacancies. 138 Rue Molière, Apartment 7, telephone 85144. 3109

LEARN French! Lecons francaises, conversation et grammaire données par Monsieur Jean Knoché, 2 Quinsan Gardens. Références extraordinaires. 3965

ENGLISH lessons given by experienced English lady. Telephone 70658 or apply passage 129, House 5, Avenue Haig. 4273

BRITON, former record holder Pitman's shorthand, typing, will accept pupils beginners/advanced. Telephone 37231, Room 5.

ENGLISH lessons wanted from Chinese/foreigner by couple at pupils' house Yu Yuen Road. Address Box 2539, NCDN. 4203

SHORTHAND, typewriting, English, bookkeping/accountancy. Expert tuition. The Shanghai Business College, 320 Szechuen Road (Second Floor), Telephone 17733. 11817

Personal

YOUNG gentleman, British, wishes meet young lady aged between 19 and 22 years, for friendship. Box 2578, NCDN. 4295

YOUNG Englishman wishes meet cultured rich Chinese lady, middle-aged. View friendship. Reply Box 2589, NCDN. 4322

Cameras

SALE: One Leica III/A F1.2; lenses: Elmar F/4, 9 cm., Hektor F6.3, 2.8 cm., Elmar 3.5, 3.5, complete throughout, as new. Advertiser leaving. Box 2595, NCDN. 4333

BEFORE evacuating: wanted Leica or Contax, with accessories if possible. Box 2594, NCDN. 4316

FOR SALE, Leica, model 3A, chromium summer F2, leather case, unused. US$160. Box 2575, NCDN. 11591

Houses and Land

NEW RESIDENCE large three-storey house and land (644 Burkill Road, house 14). Heart of Settlement. Quiet, convenient. Also suitable doctors'/lawyers' office. Ready for occupation. Ch$170,000.00. Apply: International Trust Co., Telephone 17604.

BEAUTIFUL large residence for sale, French Concession near Avenue Haig, immediate occupation, absolutely modern, 3½ mow of land. Box 2573, NCDN. 4294

CHUNG-Shan Road, south of Hungjao Road, 7½ mow, registered under Tu Di Jen, at $5,000 per mow. Apply Box 2588, NCDN. 11598

½ MOW land with Chinese houses on Pingliang Road near Thorburn Road, suitable for shops or apartment. Write to Chamber Han, 38/36 Jessfield Road. 4243

PROPERTY of two tennis courts, beautiful trees, garden, over area mow 4.5, with large building inside settlement, Box 2550, NCDN. 4287

HOUSES and land, situated in the western district of Shanghai, and Hungjao: if for sale, please write full particulars to The E-W. Property Department, 54 Great Western Road, Ground Floor. Telephone 22272. 3981

Unfurnished Apartments

1, 1½, 2, 3, 4-roomed apartments under construction, best part Settlement/Concession, reasonable terms. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. No advance payment whatsoever. 3994

For Sale—Miscellaneous

WE SELL stamp albums, stock books, stamp safeguarding sacks. Obtainable at Sationery Department, Wing On Co. Post Office Box 2040. 4320

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, 4½ cu. ft. in excellent condition, US$120. For inspection address Box 2593, NCDN. 4340

CARBON tetrachloride, U.S.A. cargo, original drums. Favourable terms. Box 2585, NCDN. 4311

PATENTS, prescriptions of different rubber and artificial rubber goods, for sale. Address Box 2582, NCDN. 4303

PAINTINGS, miniatures, crystal lustres, vestibule carpets, crystalware, bronzes, wooden sculptures, exquisite gift objects. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 4264

STAMPS, old and new: Only Hermes Stamp Co. 685 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 61540. 2324

"EUROPEAN Lerman Shoes" and orthopaedic shoes, handmade. Moderate prices. 17 Canton Road, First Floor. 4211

ARTIFICIAL sunlamps Hanau, GE, etc., Sollux irradiation lamp, at reasonable prices: 124 Sassoon House. 3873

MOST valuable dinner and coffee sets, figures, groups, vestibule carpets, antique clocks, deluxe paintings, miniatures, gift objects, crystalware, bronces. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 3293

SHIRTS correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Autumn shirtings just unpacked. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11118

PERSIAN carpet, 9 x 12, and two rugs, high quality. Best condition. Box 2410, NCDN. 3964

LADIES' new model hats. Orders taken. Veils, flowers, feathers, ribbons, buckles for trimming. Nice selection. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. 3673

WHISKY decanters, Czechoslovakian crystalware, Meissen porcelains, Rosenthal dinner, tea sets, miniatures. 1823A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. 3527

ELECTROLUX refrigerator L2, kerosene model, 3.2 cubic feet, suitable for outport, original packing case available. Box 2553, NCDN. 4226

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices, G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. 3648

SIX almost new gentleman's winter suits of best materials, medium size. $100/$200 each. Post Office Box 1825. 4106

Chinese Servants

WANTED immediately, experienced baby-amah. State wages together with copies of references to Box 2587, NCDN. 11459

73148. Central Employment Agency. British. Servants specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and to-day, Wednesday. 3998

ADVERTISER recommends cook-boy, American/English cooking. Excellent pastry cook. Clean, quick worker. Address Box 2565, NCDN. 11577

HIGHLY recommended first-class cook-boy, telephone 81415. 4290

COOK-BOY, clean and honest, long experience with British and American family. Recommended. Telephone 21448. 4249

CAN recommend experienced good cook-boy, clean, honest, available immediately. Telephone 22854. 4236

CAN anybody recommend a reliable chauffeur, good wages paid to steady man. Telephone 70128. 11563

WANTED, good rickshaw coolie with references. 22 Avenue Dubail. 4291

73732 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. 3979

Wanted to Rent

BRITISH lady would like a room, board optional. Address Box 2596, NCDN. 4337

WANTED to rent, furnished/unfurnished, five, six, seven rooms, in western district. Address Box 2583, NCDN. 4304

WANTED to rent, residence in French Concession, preferably with garden. Willing to pay key-money. Address Box 2554, NCDN. 4248

RESPONSIBLE English couple require unfurnished house, minimum five rooms, two baths, with garden, Hungjao or French Concession. Box 2472, NCDN. 4087

WANTED to rent, two or three roomed well furnished flat with kitchen, bathroom, telephone. Address Box 2425, NCDN. 4006

AMERICAN wants one or two-roomed flat, furnished/unfurnished, or large room with private bath in apartment. Must be vicinity American Consulate. Box 2404, NCDN. 11498

Animals

ONE Scotch terrier, 12 months, two Persian kitttens, plain white or black. 54 Route Grouchy. 4336

FOR SALE, thoroughbred young Scotch-terrier; wire-haired terrier; doberman pinchers. Telephone 74201, Speransky. 4327

WANTED to buy pedigreed cocker-spaniel, six-eight weeks old. Telephone 73784 from 9 to 12. 11594

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, charming four-roomed flat, two bathrooms in best part French Concession, all nicely-furnished. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 2599, NCDN. 4343

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE. 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2. Massage. 4312

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road. Apartment 30, second-floor. 4307

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured, 9 Central Arcade from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. 4199

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